

City of Alexandria, Virginia

MEMORANDUM

DATE: MARCH 20, 2008
TO: THE HONORABLE MAYOR AND MEMBERS OF CITY COUNCIL
FROM: JAMES K. HARTMANN, CITY MANAGER 
SUBJECT: MONTHLY FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDING
FEBRUARY 29, 2008

ISSUE: Monthly Financial Report for the period ending February 29, 2008.

RECOMMENDATION: That City Council receive the following Monthly Financial Report for the period ending February 29, 2008.

MONTHLY HIGHLIGHTS:

ECONOMY AND REVENUES

- The City's office vacancy rate dropped to 5.2 percent, which compares very favorably with Northern Virginia as well as the entire Washington Metropolitan Area.
- The City's motor vehicle decal fee dedicated to transportation was not impacted by the Supreme Court's recent decision regarding certain regional taxes since this tax was approved by the City's elected officials.
- General Fund revenue trends appear negative as a result of the residential real estate market driven national economic problems and the resultant drop in consumer confidence, as well as tumult in the financial markets.

DISCUSSION: This report provides financial information on the revenues and expenditures of the General Fund for the eight months ending February 29, 2008, presents revenues and expenditures for the same period during FY 2007 for comparative purposes (Attachments 1 and 2), and provides charts of selected economic indicators (Attachment 3). Formal revenue projections have not changed since the projections reflected in the Proposed FY 2009 Operating Budget as formal revenue projections will be undertaken and reported to Council in mid-April.

ECONOMY: The City's economy, as measured by tax receipts, appeared to be slowing for some taxes in the first half of FY 2008. However, when compared to many regions of the United States, the City's economy remains very sound. The City's economy is influenced by regional and national economic cycles, is in a transitional phase in the economic cycle and bears careful watching. The City's unemployment rate remained at a relatively low 2.4 percent. The Washington, D.C. Area Consumer Price Index (CPI-U) increased 4.9 percent from January 2007 to January 2008, which was the largest increase since July 2006. The City's office vacancy rate decreased to 5.2 percent by the end of 2007. This was due in part to the removal of the Victory Center as counted vacant space (as it is now under major renovation) and the leasing up of Braddock Place office buildings. This compares to fourth quarter office vacancy rates of 12.3 percent for Northern Virginia and 10.7 percent for the entire D.C. Metropolitan Area.

As noted last month, the Governor announced a \$1.4 billion State budget revenue shortfall for FY 2009 and FY 2010. In addition, the State Supreme Court recently determined that certain fees and taxes planned for transportation could not be levied by the Northern Virginia Transportation Authority.

On the residential real estate sales front, City data continues to show a slower residential sales market. January 2008 sales show a decline of 50 percent from 2007, while the average sales price decreased by 10.5 percent. While the City's residential market remains stable despite current problems in the national mortgage and real estate markets, both residential single-family and condominium assessments in 2008 have decreased. Changes in the financial markets' willingness to underwrite mortgages have also affected 2008 assessments. While the number of City foreclosures increased substantially from 23 in 2006 to 140 in 2007, the number of foreclosures remains small in comparison to the total of 40,000 residential properties (excluding apartments) in the City. The City's foreclosure rate is slightly less than Fairfax County, and just 1/10th the foreclosure rate in Prince William County and Loudoun County. Commercial assessments and new construction will continue to add to the City's tax base in 2008; however, increasing capitalization rates and a slowdown in new construction are likely to temper the total tax base growth to the low single digit range.

Given national job losses and poor consumer confidence, it appears that the national economic slowdown may have turned into a recession during this calendar quarter. While the City economy is not in a recession, it is influenced by national and regional economics. As a result, staff has significant concerns that as revenues are re-projected by mid-April, the new projections will show a revenue shortfall in FY 2008, and will result in lower revenue projections in FY 2009.

	FY 2008 BUDGET <u>REVISED</u>	FY 2008 BUDGET PROJECTIONS (IN FY2009 <u>BUDGET</u>)	BUDGET VERSUS <u>PROJECTIONS</u>
Real Property ¹	\$ 278.2	\$ 282.3	\$ 4.1
Personal Property-local share	36.1	35.0	(1.1)
Penalties and Interest	1.7	1.8	0.1
Sales Tax	27.4	25.0	(2.4)
Consumer Utility Tax ²	9.6	10.2	0.6
Communication Sales and Use Tax ²	12.4	12.6	0.2
Business License Tax	32.1	32.5	0.4
Transient Lodging Tax	8.8	8.6	(0.2)
Restaurant Meals Tax	10.4	10.7	0.3
Recordation Taxes	5.7	5.7	-
Other Local Taxes (including Motor Vehicle License)	9.5	9.5	-
Intergovernmental	53.2	53.3	0.1
Fines and Forfeitures	4.7	4.1	(0.6)
Licenses and Permits	5.4	5.5	0.1
Charges for City Services	11.8	11.5	(0.3)
Use of Money and Property	9.6	8.3	(1.3)
Other Revenue	0.3	0.7	0.4
Net Additional Revenues ³			<u>\$0.4</u>

¹ At the proposed rate of 83.0¢ per thousand.

² Certain telecommunications and cable television taxes have been replaced Statewide by the new 5 percent communication sales and use tax.

³ All revenue projections for FY 2008 and FY 2009 will be updated and reported to Council by mid April.

REVENUES (Attachment 1): As of February 29, 2008, actual General Fund revenues totaled \$286.4 million, an increase of \$14.2 million above the same period last year. This is primarily attributed to a budgeted increase in real estate tax revenue. Unless otherwise noted, revenues are expected to meet expectations. As the real estate market continues to remain stagnant, we will continue to monitor revenues.

Real Property: Second half real estate taxes were due November 15. As projected in the FY 2008 budget, second half real estate billings totaled \$139 million. With 2008 assessments growing four percent primarily for commercial properties, overall FY 2008 real estate tax revenue collections will remain close to budgeted levels, with a projected increase of 1.4 percent. The assessment increase of four percent would increase expected FY 2008 real estate tax revenues to \$282.3 million, or \$4.1 million above the Approved FY 2008 Budget. The FY 2009 budget had assumed a three percent assessment increase. This projection assumes existing real

estate tax rates. Real estate tax revenues due on June 15 will be based on the 2008 assessments, as well as the real estate tax rate(s) to be adopted by the City Council on May 5.

FY 2007 Actuals	FY 2008 Budget	FY 2008 Projection	FY 2007 Year-to-Date	FY 2008 Year-to-Date	Percentage change Year-to-Date
\$274.5 million	\$278.2 million	\$282.3 million	\$130.7 million	\$138.6 million	6%

Personal Property: Personal Property Tax revenue consists of two sources: individual personal property (primarily vehicles), and business personal property (includes motor vehicles, machinery, computers, and furniture). Individual Personal Property Taxes are assessed as of January 1. Tax bills are mailed to taxpayers in late August and were due on October 5. Business Personal Property returns are mailed in March and must be filed by May 1. Tax bills are mailed to businesses in September and were due on October 5.

In the FY 2008 Approved Budget, vehicle personal property taxes were estimated to grow approximately 3.8 percent to \$44.2 million, including the reimbursement from the State. Actual 2007 vehicle tax billings were down 1.4 percent in 2007 compared to 2006 billings. This is primarily attributable to lower overall values for the vehicles in the City personal property tax base. New model cars decreased four percent both in the number of new cars and total taxes, with the average assessment on new cars down one percent. Starting in FY 2007, the State's share of the local personal property tax payment was capped for each locality. Alexandria's cap is \$23.6 million and is paid by the State in installments during the year. This amount provides relief to cover approximately 69 percent of most taxpayers' bills, which is the same amount of relief provided last year. State reimbursement collections were slightly higher than this cap in FY 2007 because the City was still collecting some delinquent collections that were billed prior to the date the State capped the payment.

Business personal property tax billings for 2007 were 5.9 percent higher than estimated based on tax returns received. The primary increase in business personal property assessments reflects higher computer equipment values.

Based on collections-to-date, it appears that business and vehicle personal property tax collections will be approximately \$35.0 million, a decrease of \$0.9 million below the approved FY 2008 budget, with no change from the projections provided to Council with the Proposed FY 2009 Budget.

	FY 2007 Actuals	FY 2008 Budget	FY 2008 Projection	FY 2007 Year-to-Date	FY 2008 Year-to-Date	Percentage change Year-to-Date
Vehicles	\$18.8 million	\$20.6 million	\$19.2 million	\$17.3 million	\$16.9 million	(2%)
Business - Equipments and Machinery	\$15.7 million	\$15.5 million	\$15.8 million	\$15.8 million	\$15.8 million	-
Subtotal	\$34.5 million	\$36.1 million	\$35.0 million	\$33.1 million	\$32.7 million	(1%)
State Reimbursement	\$23.8 million	\$23.6 million	\$23.6 million	\$23.3 million	\$23.1 million	(1%)
Total	\$58.3 million	\$59.7 million	\$58.6 million	\$56.4 million	\$55.8 million	(1%)

Sales and Use Tax: Businesses remit Sales and Use Tax to the Commonwealth within 30 days of the end of the month in which sales occurred. The City receives its portion of these sales taxes from the Commonwealth approximately one month later. Sales taxes to date are running slightly behind last year's collections-to-date. This decrease is primarily connected to housing-related merchants. Based on collections-to-date, it appears that sales tax collections will be approximately \$25.0 million, a \$2.4 million decrease below the Approved FY 2008 Budget. There has been no change since the projection provided to Council with the Proposed FY 2009 Budget.

FY 2007 Actuals	FY 2008 Budget	FY 2008 Projection	FY 2007 Year-to-Date	FY 2008 Year-to-Date	Percentage change Year-to-Date
\$25.4 million	\$27.4 million	\$25.0 million	\$12.9 million	\$12.6 million	(2%)

Consumer Utility Taxes: Consumer Utility Taxes are collected by the utility companies one month after billing and are remitted to the City the following month. Effective January 1, 2007, State law changed and the Commonwealth assumed responsibility for collecting a flat five percent tax on landline telephone service. Phone revenues that previously appeared in this category (approximately \$0.6 million per month) now appear as part of the Communications Tax. For this reason, the substantial decline in this tax category in FY 2008, when compared to FY 2007, is offset by the new Communications Tax. Based on collections-to-date, it appears that Consumer Utility Taxes will be approximately \$10.2 million, an increase of \$0.6 million above the Approved FY 2008 Budget. There has been no change since the projection provided to Council with the Proposed FY 2009 Budget.

FY 2007 Actuals	FY 2008 Budget	FY 2008 Projection	FY 2007 Year-to-Date	FY 2008 Year-to-Date	Percentage change Year-to-Date
\$13.6 million	\$9.6 million	\$10.2 million	\$9.2 million	\$6.0 million	(35%)

Communications Tax: Businesses remit the Communications Tax to the Commonwealth within 30 days of the end of the month in which the service occurred. The Commonwealth remits the City's portion of these taxes approximately one month later. The effective date of this tax was January 1, 2007. The City received the first remittance from the Commonwealth in March 2007. Based on collections-to-date, it appears that Communications Tax revenue will be approximately \$12.6 million, an increase of \$0.2 million above the FY 2008 Approved Budget. There has been no change since the projection provided to Council with the Proposed FY 2009 Budget.

FY 2007 Actuals	FY 2008 Budget	FY 2008 Projection	FY 2007 Year-to-Date	FY 2008 Year-to-Date	Percentage change Year-to-Date
\$5.3 million	\$12.4 million	\$12.6 million	-0-	\$6.2 million	N/A

Business License Taxes: The City's Business License Tax was due March 1, 2008, a Saturday. Collections-to-date, in the amount of \$12.2 million, represent a difference in the timing of payments made by businesses (i.e. paid in late February). No clear pattern of current year collections will be evident until all collections due March 1 are fully tabulated. Based on preliminary collections-to-date of delinquent taxes and staff's current estimate, FY 2008 actual payments will be approximately \$32.5 million, an increase of \$0.4 million above the Approved FY 2008 Budget. There has been no change since the projection provided to Council with the Proposed FY 2009 Budget. Staff will continue to monitor and make recommendations as warranted in the context of the budget work sessions.

FY 2007 Actuals	FY 2008 Budget	FY 2008 Projection	FY 2007 Year-to-Date	FY 2008 Year-to-Date	Percentage change Year-to-Date
\$30.9 million	\$32.1 million	\$32.5 million	\$9.4 million	\$12.2 million	30%

Transient Lodging Taxes: Transient Lodging Taxes are remitted to the City within one month after collections. The increase reflects a difference in the timing of payments made by hotels between FY 2007 and FY 2008, not an increase in tax revenue. Based on collections-to-date, it appears that transient lodging tax collections will be approximately \$8.6 million, a \$0.2 million decrease below the Approved FY 2008 Budget, but \$1.2 million higher than FY 2007. There has been no change since the projection provided to Council with the Proposed FY 2009 Budget.

FY 2007 Actuals	FY 2008 Budget	FY 2008 Projection	FY 2007 Year-to-Date	FY 2008 Year-to-Date	Percentage change Year-to-Date
\$7.4 million	\$8.8 million	\$8.6 million	\$4.0 million	\$4.3 million	7%

Restaurant Meals Taxes: Meals and alcoholic beverage taxes are due to the City within 30 days of the month the sales occurred. Most of the increase reflects a difference in the timing of payments made by businesses between FY 2007 and FY 2008, not an increase in tax revenue. Based on collections-to-date, it appears that restaurant meals tax collections will be approximately \$10.7 million, a \$0.3 million increase above the Approved FY 2008 Budget. There has been no change since the projection provided to Council with the Proposed FY 2009 Budget.

FY 2007 Actuals	FY 2008 Budget	FY 2008 Projection	FY 2007 Year-to-Date	FY 2008 Year-to-Date	Percentage change Year-to-Date
\$10.7 million	\$10.4 million	\$10.7 million	\$5.8 million	\$6.0 million	3%

Motor Vehicle License Tax: Revenues in this category represent fees for vehicle license decals. The increase represents the decal fee increase approved by City Council to fund transit as allowed in the State legislation authorizing the Northern Virginia Transportation Authority. Since the City’s elected officials approved this tax, the recent Supreme Court ruling has no impact on these taxes. Based on collections-to-date, it appears that actual collections will be approximately \$3.1 million, a \$0.3 million decrease below the approved FY 2008 Budget. There has been no change since the projection provided to Council with the Proposed FY 2009 Budget.

FY 2007 Actuals	FY 2008 Budget	FY 2008 Projection	FY 2007 Year-to-Date	FY 2008 Year-to-Date	Percentage change Year-to-Date
\$2.4 million	\$3.4 million	\$3.1 million	\$2.2 million	\$2.9 million	32%

Real Estate Recordation Taxes: Real Estate Recordation tax revenues are collected by the Clerk of the Circuit Court and remitted to the City the following month. During the past three months, recordation taxes have averaged less than \$0.3 million per month. Based on collections-to-date and a continuing slow down in the real estate market, it appears that actual collections will fall significantly short of the prior \$5.7 million projections. Formal re-projections will be completed and reported to Council by mid April.

FY 2007 Actuals	FY 2008 Budget	FY 2008 Projection	FY 2007 Year-to-Date	FY 2008 Year-to-Date	Percentage change Year-to-Date
\$6.6 million	\$5.7 million	\$4.4 million	\$3.4 million	\$2.9 million	(15%)

Revenue from the Federal Government: Revenues in this category include Federal Prisoner per diem and indirect costs. The budgeted increase reflects payments from a new agreement. Payments received from this agreement with the Office of Federal Detention Trustee have averaged \$0.5 million per month for the first half of the year. There has been no change since

the projection provided to Council with the Proposed FY 2009 Budget, but the projection will increase in the April re-projections as the result of General Assembly budget actions.

FY 2007 Actuals	FY 2008 Budget	FY 2008 Projection	FY 2007 Year-to-Date	FY 2008 Year-to-Date	Percentage Change Year-to-Date
\$6.7 million	\$6.5 million	\$6.9 million	\$2.4 million	\$3.5 million	45%

Fines and Forfeitures: The increase is primarily attributable to a budgeted increase in parking fine revenue based on increased fines. In addition, the number of parking tickets issued increased almost 12 percent over the number issued at this time last year. At this time last year, the Police Department had a number of parking enforcement position vacancies. This situation has since been addressed and collections appear to have recovered. Because the Red Light Cameras program has not yet been initiated, \$0.7 million in budgeted revenue will not be realized in FY 2008. It appears that actual collections will be approximately \$4.1 million, a decrease of \$0.6 million below the Approved FY 2008 Budget. There has been no change since the projection provided to Council with the Proposed FY 2009 Budget.

FY 2007 Actuals	FY 2008 Budget	FY 2008 Projection	FY 2007 Year-to-Date	FY 2008 Year-to-Date	Percentage Change Year-to-Date
\$3.6 million	\$4.7 million	\$4.1 million	\$2.1 million	\$2.6 million	23%

Charges for Services: Revenues in this category include refuse user charges, ambulance fees, clerk fees and parking meter receipts. The increase primarily reflects the budgeted increase for parking meters and ambulance fees; however, parking meters expected to be implemented in the Carlyle area will not be operational until the spring. Based on collections-to-date and fewer than budgeted meters, staff projects that actual collections will be approximately \$11.5 million, a decrease of \$0.3 million below the Approved FY 2008 Budget. There has been no change since the projection provided to Council with the Proposed FY 2009 Budget.

FY 2007 Actuals	FY 2008 Budget	FY 2008 Projection	FY 2007 Year-to-Date	FY 2008 Year-to-Date	Percentage Change Year-to-Date
\$10.3 million	\$11.8 million	\$11.5 million	\$4.9 million	\$6.7 million	37%

Revenue from Use of Money & Property: Revenues in this category include interest on short-term cash investments, parking garage and lot fees, and rental of property income. Based on lower interest rates and revenue earned to date, it appears that actual revenue will be approximately \$8.3 million, a decrease of \$1.3 million below the Approved FY 2008 Budget. There has been no change since the projection provided to Council with the Proposed FY 2009 Budget. Given the recent major drop in short-term interest rates announced by the Federal

Reserve Board, interest earnings will likely drop more than previously projected. For example, six-month Treasury bills yielded 4.9% a year ago, but now yield just 1.3%.

FY 2007 Actuals	FY 2008 Budget	FY 2008 Projection	FY 2007 Year-to-Date	FY 2008 Year-to-Date	Percentage Change Year-to-Date
\$9.7 million	\$9.6 million	\$8.3 million	\$6.4 million	\$6.3 million	(2%)

EXPENDITURES (Attachment 2): As of February 29, 2008, actual FY 2008 General Fund expenditures totaled \$300.6 million, an increase of \$18.3 million, or 6.5 percent, above expenditures for the same period last year, primarily for planned increases in the City’s transfers to the School’s Operating Fund and the Capital Projects Funds. The Approved General Fund Budget is 4.4 percent higher than the FY 2007 amended budget.

Annual Expenditures: Most City expenditure payments are made on a level basis during the year. There are some payments, however, that are made either at one time at the beginning of the year, or on a different basis, such as quarterly. The City makes the following types of payments on an other-than-level basis:

Equipment Replacement Fund: Every year, the City separately accumulates funds to replace major equipment items such as police cars and fire apparatus. The allocation of these funds is included in the budget of individual departments and is moved to a separate fund at the beginning of the year. Since these funds accumulate over several years, the fund is used to make the purchase once there are sufficient funds accumulated. This allows departments to fund the purchase over the life of the equipment instead of all at one time. These annual equipment replacement allocations are recognized as expenditures in this report at the time the transfer is made at the beginning of the year.

Of the \$4.8 million in total equipment replacement transfers in FY 2008, the following departments have equipment replacement funds large enough to impact their General Fund expenditure patterns for the first part of the year:

- Police - \$1.6 million
- T&ES - \$0.8 million
- Fire - \$0.8 million

Contributory Payments: The City makes some payments, such as contributions to the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA), on a quarterly or semi-annual basis. Since these payments are made less frequently than monthly, expenditures reported in this monthly financial report may be higher than average in those months when the payments are made. This financial report includes the following non-monthly payments:

- Judicial Administration: This category includes quarterly contribution payments to judicial organizations such as Peumensend Creek Regional Jail and the Northern Virginia Criminal Justice Training Academy.
- Economic Development Activities: This category includes quarterly contribution payments to community agencies such as the Alexandria Small Business Development Center and bi-annual payments to the Alexandria Convention and Visitors Association.
- Transit Subsidies: This category includes quarterly payments to the City's major transit programs, including the Alexandria Transit Company (DASH), and to the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority (WMATA).
- Human Services: This category includes quarterly payments to community agency contractors such as Campagna Center and the Salvation Army and payments to the Community Partnership Fund, the Youth Fund and the Children's Fund.
- Other Education Activities: This category includes quarterly contribution payments to the Northern Virginia Community College.

Grant Accounting and Cash Matches: To comply with many federal and State grant awards, the City's share funding is transferred from the General Fund to the Special Revenue Fund at the end of the fiscal year. Because the City share for most grants is not finalized until the funds are spent, departments set aside, but do not expend, City grant funds until the end of the fiscal year. This ensures that the City maximizes the use of federal and State funding before spending City funds. Most City funds not used for grants by the end of the year are returned to the City.

Schools: The City will provide approximately 78 percent of the estimated funds required to operate the City schools in FY 2008.

Other Expenditures:

Real Estate Assessments: Expenditures reflect seasonal costs associated with preparing January 1 assessments.

City Attorney: Expenditures-to-date reflect outside legal fees. Staff will recommend an appropriations transfer in the context of the June Transfer Resolution as necessary to match these expenditures with budget authority.

Registrar: Expenditures-to-date reflect seasonal costs associated with administering the November election and recent primary.

General Services: Expenditures to date reflect increased fuel charges. Staff will recommend an appropriations transfer in the context of the June Transfer Resolution as necessary to match these expenditures with budget authority.

Transportation and Environment Services: Impound lot expenditures (\$0.4 million) were eliminated from the budget in FY 2008 based on plans to close the lot and contract out for vehicle storage. Since that time, the plan has been revised to continue operating the impound lot in-house through a re-engineering of processes. Staff will recommend an appropriations transfer in the context of the June Transfer Resolution as necessary to match these expenditures with budget authority.

Non-Departmental Expenditures: General Fund expenditures in this category reflect the City's contributions to the closed public safety pension plan, grants for the City's Affordable Housing Ownership grants, and payment for the City's property and liability insurance

ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment 1 - Comparative Statement of Revenues

Attachment 2 - Comparative Statement of Expenditures & Transfers by Function

Attachment 3 - Selected Economic Indicators

STAFF:

Mark Jinks, Deputy City Manager

Laura B. Triggs, Director of Finance

Ray Welch, Acting Comptroller

Bruce Johnson, Director, Office of Management and Budget

CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA
COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE PERIODS ENDING FEBRUARY 29, 2008 AND FEBRUARY 28, 2007

	FY2008 APPROVED BUDGET	FY2008 REVENUES THRU 02/29/08	% OF BUDGET	FY2007 REVENUES THRU 02/28/07
General Property Taxes				
Real Property Taxes.....	\$ 278,154,367	\$ 138,554,073	49.8%	\$ 130,727,386
Personal Property Taxes.....	36,100,000	32,658,889	90.5%	33,059,259
Penalties and Interest.....	1,680,000	1,009,138	60.1%	1,101,377
Total General Property Taxes	<u>\$ 315,934,367</u>	<u>\$ 172,222,100</u>		<u>\$ 164,888,022</u>
Other Local Taxes				
Local Sales and Use Taxes.....	\$ 27,400,000	12,635,289	46.1%	\$ 12,900,169
Consumer Utility Taxes.....	9,600,000	6,004,707	62.5%	9,216,786
Communication Sales and Use Taxes.....	12,400,000	6,190,515	49.9%	-
Business License Taxes.....	32,100,000	12,174,049	37.9%	9,403,945
Transient Lodging Taxes.....	8,800,000	4,250,038	48.3%	3,955,792
Restaurant Meals Tax.....	10,400,000	5,969,591	57.4%	5,770,265
Tobacco Taxes.....	2,750,000	1,560,604	56.7%	1,606,699
Motor Vehicle License Tax.....	3,400,000	2,872,444	84.5%	2,161,508
Real Estate Recordation.....	5,700,000	2,906,814	51.0%	3,402,916
Admissions Tax.....	1,000,000	658,803	65.9%	630,217
Cell Phone Tax.....	-	-	-	1,423,453
Other Local Taxes.....	2,380,000	607,298	25.5%	1,322,165
Total Other Local Taxes	<u>\$ 115,930,000</u>	<u>\$ 55,830,152</u>	48.2%	<u>\$ 51,793,915</u>
Intergovernmental Revenues				
Revenue from the Federal Government.....	\$ 6,493,000	\$ 3,482,416	53.6%	\$ 2,398,178
Personal Property Tax Relief from the Commonwealth.....	23,600,000	23,106,960	97.9%	23,311,781
Revenue from the Commonwealth.....	23,063,334	12,006,174	52.1%	12,299,171
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	<u>\$ 53,156,334</u>	<u>\$ 38,595,550</u>	72.6%	<u>\$ 38,009,130</u>
Other Governmental Revenues And Transfers In				
Fines and Forfeitures.....	\$ 4,722,300	\$ 2,607,326	55.2%	\$ 2,127,014
Licenses and Permits.....	5,356,000	3,690,133	68.9%	3,634,003
Charges for City Services.....	11,847,072	6,687,385	56.4%	4,936,132
Revenue from Use of Money & Property.....	9,570,000	6,334,037	66.2%	6,402,379
Other Revenue.....	245,000	390,174	159.3%	380,764
Transfer from Sewer Fund.....	1,311,109	-	0.0%	-
Total Other Governmental Revenues	<u>\$ 33,051,481</u>	<u>\$ 19,709,055</u>	59.6%	<u>\$ 17,480,292</u>
TOTAL REVENUE	<u>\$ 518,072,182</u>	<u>\$ 286,356,857</u>	55.3%	<u>\$ 272,171,359</u>
Appropriated Fund Balance				
General Fund.....	8,482,492	-	0.0%	-
Reappropriation of FY 2007 Encumbrances And Other Supplemental Appropriations.....	2,345,051	-	0.0%	-
TOTAL	<u>\$ 528,899,725</u>	<u>\$ 286,356,857</u>	54.1%	<u>\$ 272,171,359</u>

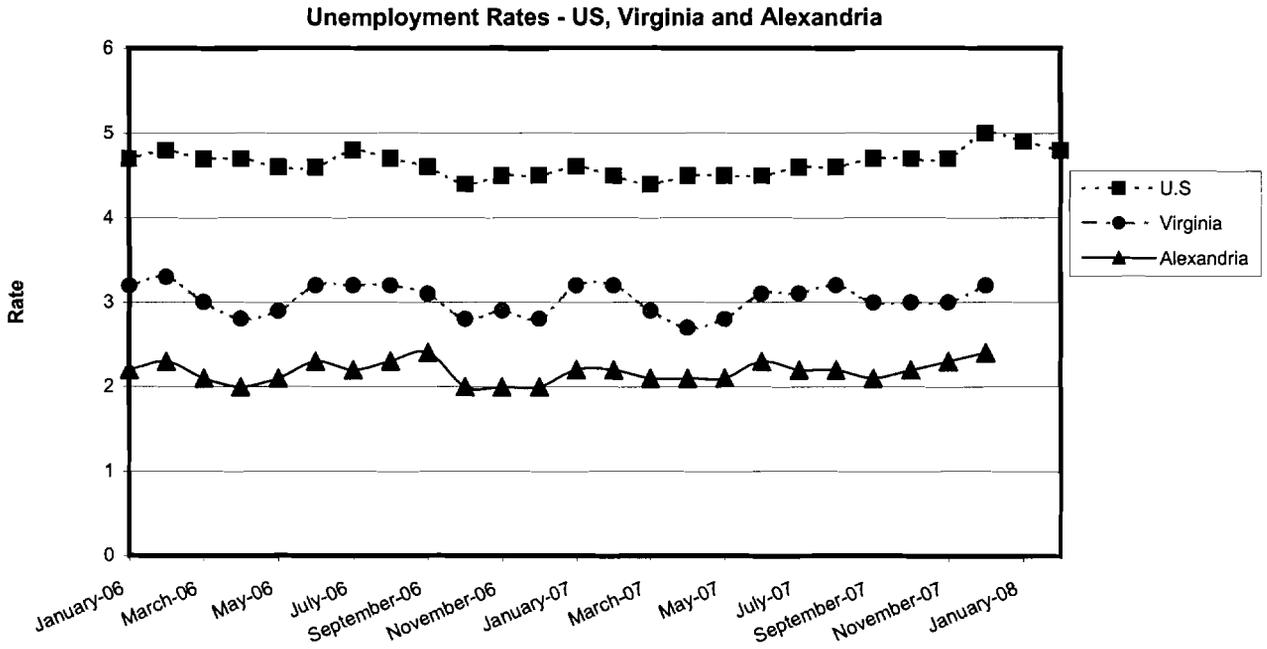
**CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA
COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS BY FUNCTION
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE PERIODS ENDING FEBRUARY 29, 2008 AND FEBRUARY 28, 2007**

FUNCTION	FY2008	FY2008	% OF	FY2007
	APPROVED BUDGET	EXPENDITURES THRU 02/29/08		BUDGET
Legislative & Executive.....	\$ 6,078,728	\$ 3,733,608	61.4%	\$ 3,833,707
Judicial Administration.....	\$ 36,938,021	\$ 24,863,465	67.3%	\$ 23,161,385
Staff Agencies				
Information Technology Services.....	\$ 8,537,260	\$ 5,290,273	62.0%	\$ 4,820,804
Management & Budget.....	1,191,547	713,203	59.9%	721,370
Finance.....	10,298,719	5,845,169	56.8%	6,051,375
Real Estate Assessment.....	1,530,590	1,067,160	69.7%	873,077
Personnel.....	3,366,284	2,205,490	65.5%	2,102,637
Planning & Zoning.....	5,682,285	3,769,429	66.3%	2,946,093
Economic Development Activities.....	2,877,538	2,466,294	85.7%	2,560,895
City Attorney.....	3,253,814	2,245,480	69.0%	2,559,973
Registrar.....	1,106,565	793,703	71.7%	703,617
General Services.....	12,678,310	8,961,736	70.7%	7,928,747
Total Staff Agencies	\$ 50,522,912	\$ 33,357,937	66.0%	\$ 31,268,588
Operating Agencies				
Transportation & Environmental Services.....	\$ 27,506,938	\$ 18,768,691	68.2%	\$ 16,706,208
Fire.....	37,225,170	24,910,917	66.9%	23,971,956
Police.....	51,342,764	33,564,559	65.4%	32,495,567
Transit Subsidies.....	7,985,495	5,748,239	72.0%	4,865,979
Mental Health/Mental Retardation/ Substance Abuse.....	521,650	360,895	69.2%	398,439
Health.....	7,881,534	4,405,137	55.9%	4,360,609
Human Services.....	11,327,364	8,627,059	76.2%	8,322,099
Historic Resources.....	2,926,887	1,889,178	64.5%	1,674,951
Recreation.....	20,744,297	13,585,003	65.5%	13,129,244
Total Operating Agencies	\$ 167,462,099	\$ 111,859,678	66.8%	\$ 105,925,052
Education				
Schools.....	\$ 160,239,697	\$ 88,516,960	55.2%	\$ 85,156,772
Other Educational Activities.....	12,399	9,299	75.0%	9,411
Total Education	\$ 160,252,096	\$ 88,526,259	55.2%	\$ 85,166,183
Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous				
Debt Service.....	\$ 30,551,035	\$ 12,604,475	41.3%	\$ 13,203,001
Non-Departmental.....	9,742,783	3,820,138	39.2%	4,506,299
Cash Capital.....	10,334,771	10,334,771	100.0%	4,854,808
Contingent Reserves.....	1,277,306	-	-	-
Total Capital, Debt Service and Miscellaneous	\$ 51,905,895	\$ 26,759,384	51.6%	\$ 22,564,108
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 473,159,751	\$ 289,100,331	61.1%	\$ 271,919,023
Cash Match (Mental Health/Mental Retardation/ Substance Abuse, Human Services and Library and Transfers to the Special Revenue Fund)...	36,324,757	-	0.0%	-
Transfer to Housing.....	4,815,949	1,801,011	37.4%	831,885
Transfer to Library.....	7,107,746	4,740,867	66.7%	4,699,036
Transfer to DASH.....	7,491,522	4,996,845	66.7%	4,893,795
TOTAL EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS	\$ 528,899,725	\$ 300,639,054	56.8%	\$ 282,343,739

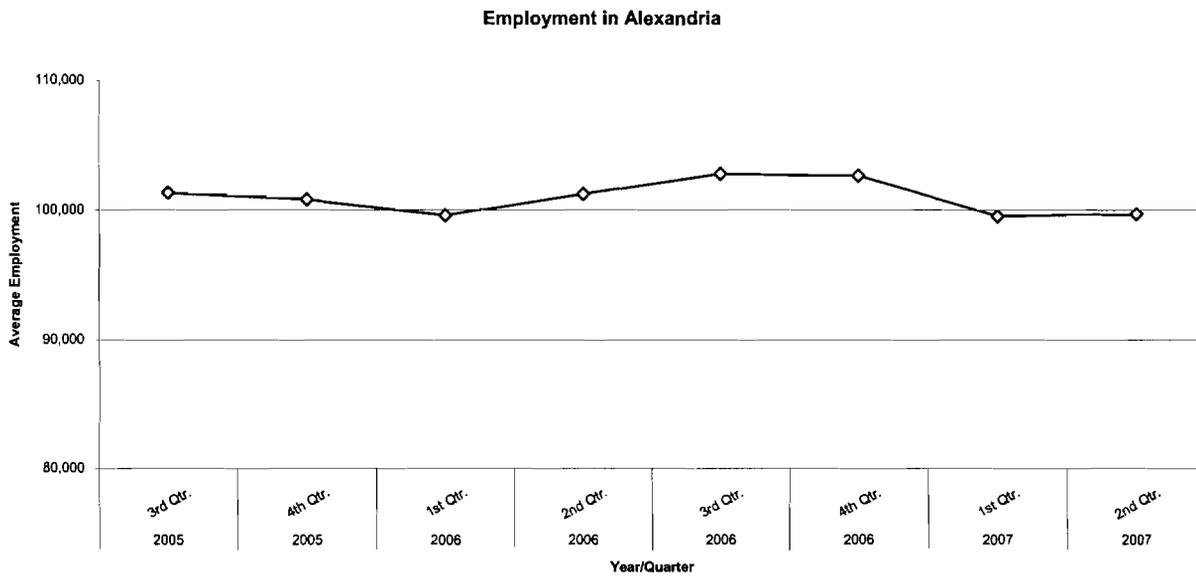
**CITY OF ALEXANDRIA
SELECTED ECONOMIC INDICATORS**

	<u>Current Year</u>	<u>Prior Year</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
<u>Consumer Price Index (CPI-U)</u> for the Washington-Baltimore, DC-MD-VA-WV Area (As of January 31, 2008) (Source: Published bi-monthly by United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics)	136.3	130.0	+4.9%
<u>Unemployment Rates</u>			
Alexandria	2.4%	2.0%	+20%
Virginia (As of December 31, 2007) (Source: United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, as adjusted)	3.2%	2.8%	+14%
<u>United States</u> (As of February 29, 2008) (Source: United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics)	4.8%	4.5%	+7%
<u>Interest Rates</u> (As of February 29, 2008)			
Prime Rate	6.00%	8.25%	-27%
Federal Funds Rate (Source: NY Federal Reserve Bank)	2.98%	5.26%	-43%
<u>New Business Licenses</u> (During February 2008) (Source: Finance Department, Business Tax Branch)	104	61	+70%
<u>Office Vacancy Rates</u> (As of December 31, 2007)			
Alexandria	5.2%	11.4%	-54%
Northern Virginia	12.3%	13.1%	-7%
Washington DC Metro Area (Source: Grubb & Ellis)	10.7%	11.6%	-8%
<u>New Commercial Construction</u> (As of January 31, 2008)			
Number of New Building Permits	1	5	-80%
Value of New Building Permits (Source: Fire Department Code Enforcement Bureau)	11.0	57.6	-81%
<u>Residential Real Estate Indicators</u> (YTD ending January 31, 2008)			
Residential Dwelling Units Sold	72	146	-50.7%
Average Residential Sales Price (Source: Department of Real Estate Assessments)	\$436,077	\$487,270	-10.5%

**City of Alexandria
Selected Economic Indicators**



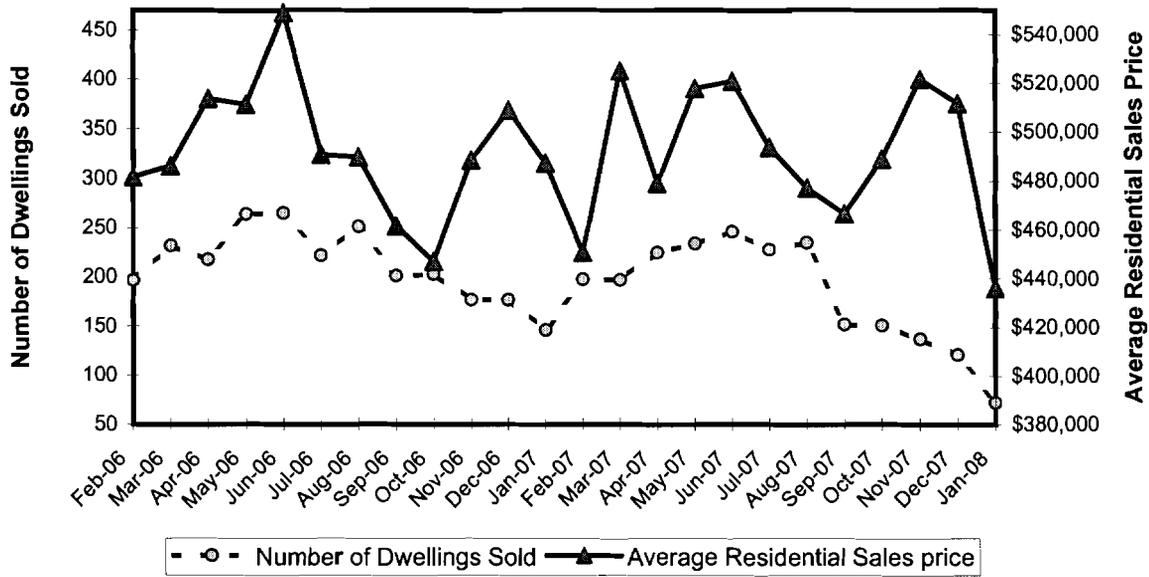
Source: United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (as revised by BLS)



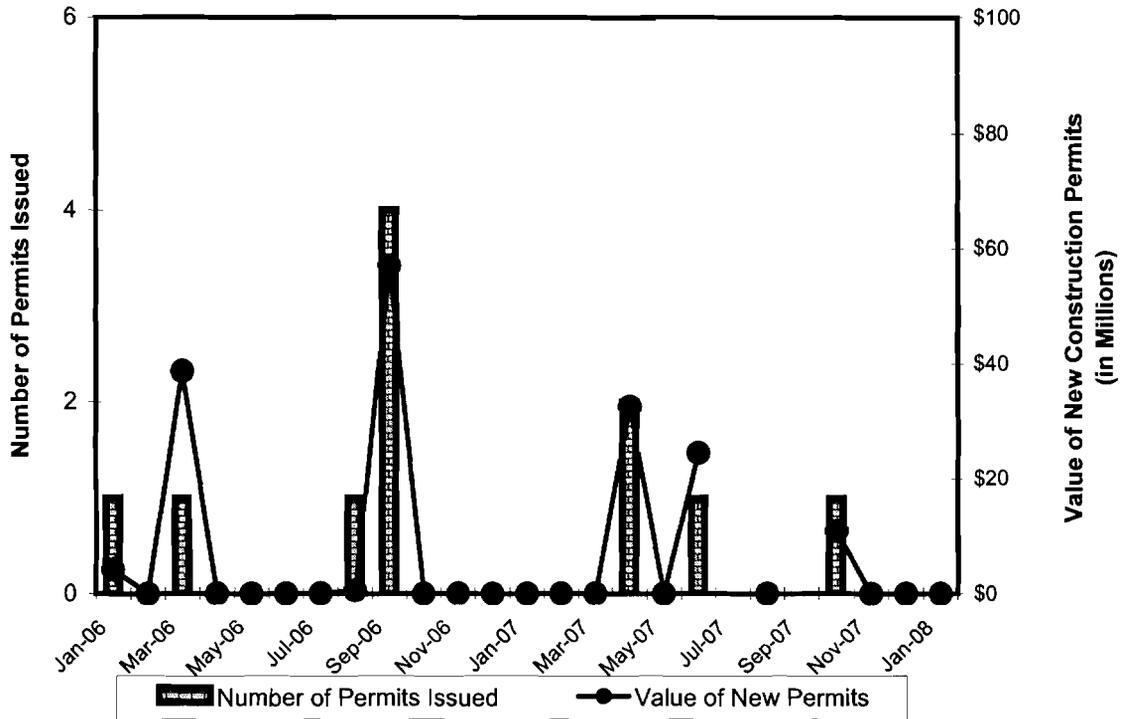
Source: Virginia Employment Commission, including the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

City of Alexandria
Selected Economic Indicators

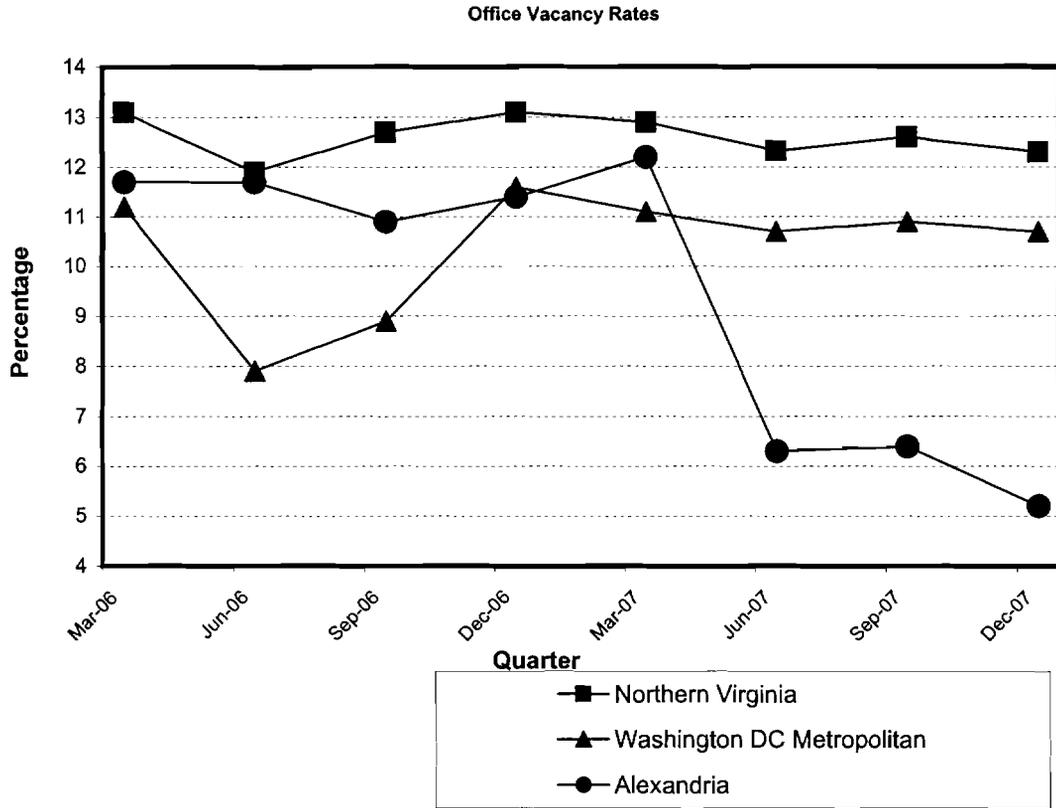
Selected Residential Real Estate Indicators



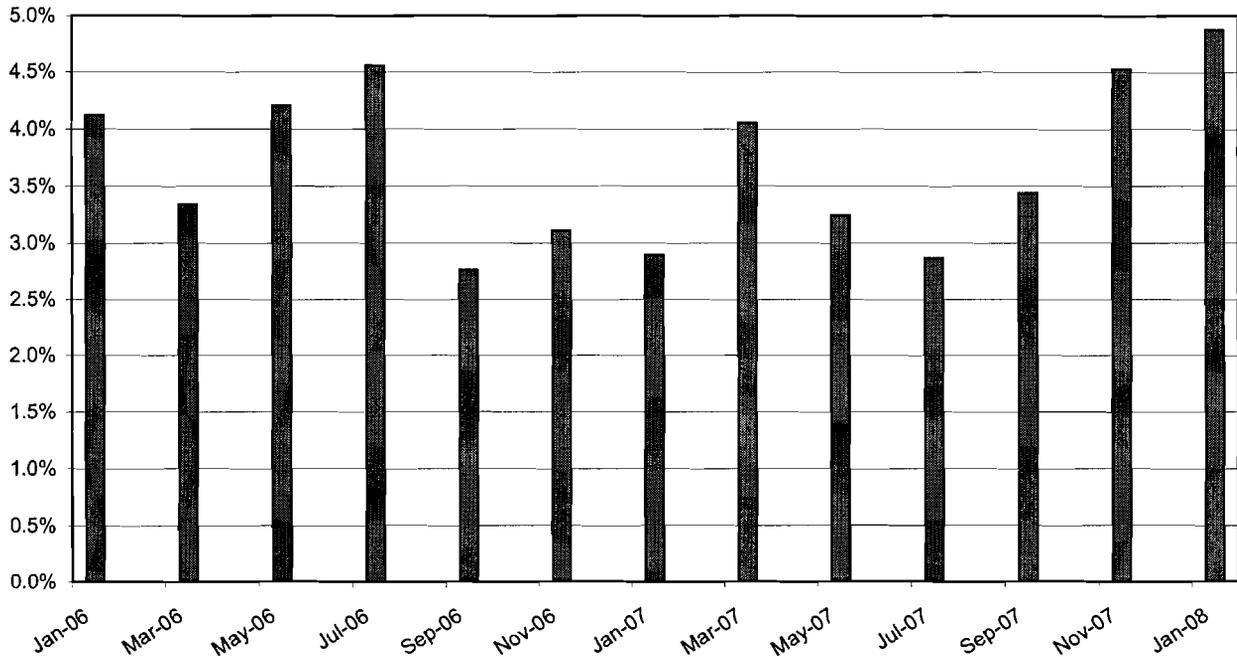
Alexandria New Commercial Construction
Number of Permits and
Value of New Construction Permits



**City of Alexandria
Selected Economic Indicators**



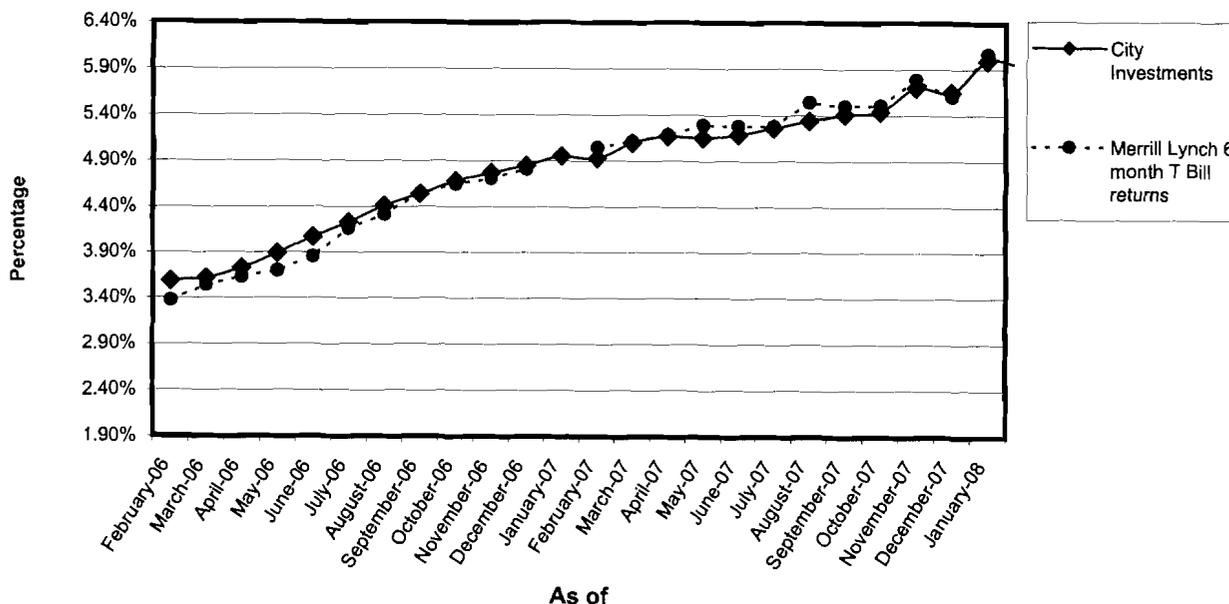
**Twelve Month Annualized Percentage Change in Consumer Price Index
Washington/Baltimore**



Source: United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

City of Alexandria
Selected Economic Indicators

Selected Interest Rates



Source: Suntrust Economic Monitor

New Business Licenses Issued in Alexandria

