

EXHIBIT NO. 1

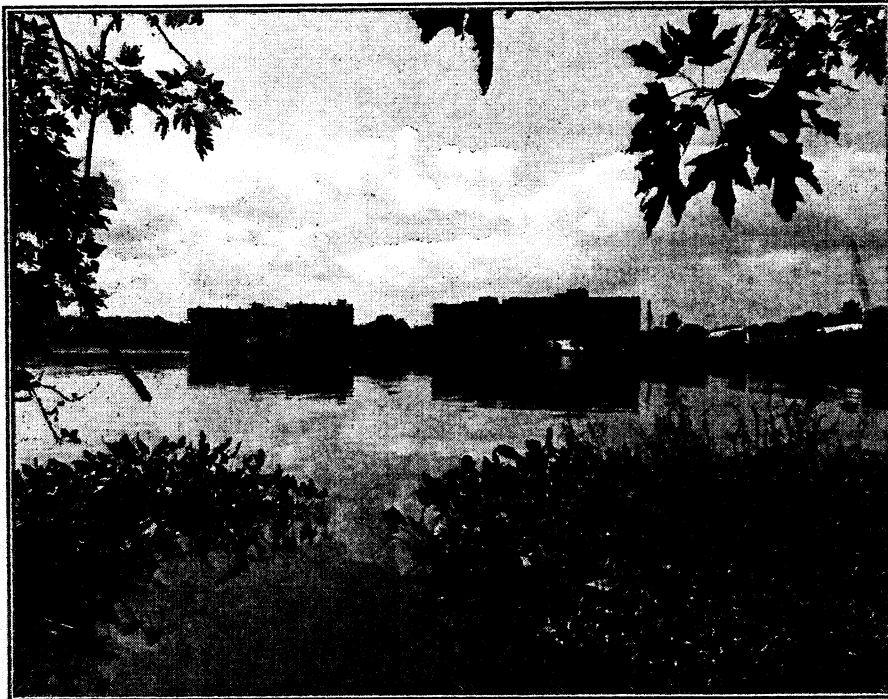
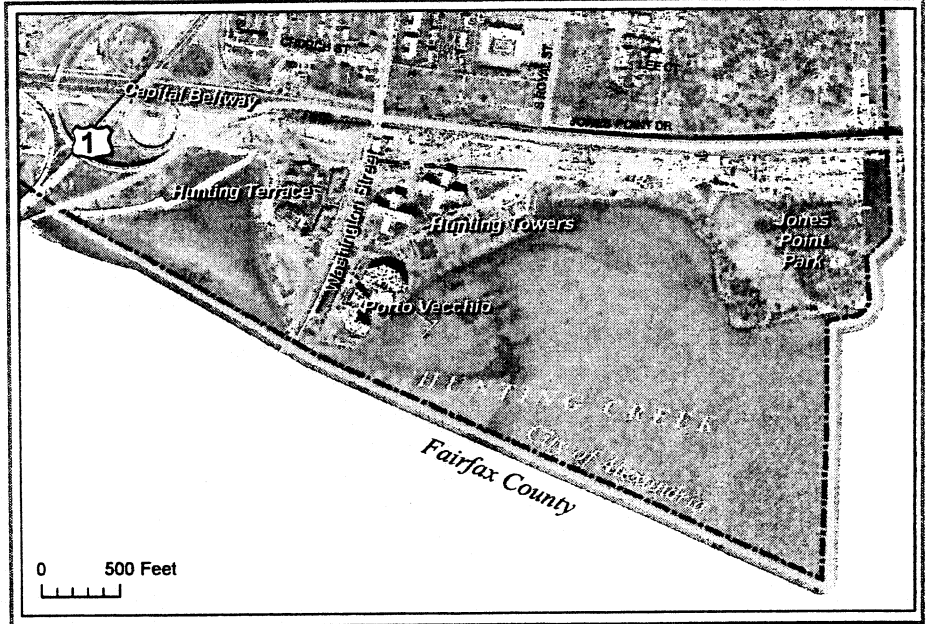
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Hunting Creek Area Plan

**Master Plan Amendment
#2005-0003**

**Rezoning
#2005-0004**

**Text Amendment
#2005-0004**



**Department of Planning and Zoning
Planning Commission Meeting
September 8, 2005**

Docket Item #13 A-C
MASTER PLAN AMENDMENT #2005-0003(A)
REZONING #2005-0004(B)
TEXT AMENDMENT #2005-0004(C)
HUNTING CREEK AREA PLAN

Planning Commission Meeting
September 8, 2005

ISSUE: Consideration of a request for (1) an amendment to the City of Alexandria Master Plan to replace the Supplement to the Old Town Small Area Plan with the Hunting Creek Area Plan; (2) amendments to the City of Alexandria zoning map to change the zoning of certain properties in the area of the Capital Beltway from Route 1 to Royal Street to UT, Utilities and Transportation, recognizing the widening of the Beltway, and rezoning of a small remnant area of OCM(50) south of the Capital Beltway to RC, High Density Apartment, (3) amendments to Section 3-906 related to bulk and open space regulations and the addition of Section 3-908 of the Alexandria Zoning Ordinance to add design guidelines and standards for development for properties adjacent to South Washington Street (George Washington Memorial Parkway) south of the Capital Beltway.

APPLICANT: City of Alexandria, Department of Planning and Zoning.

LOCATION: Those properties south of the northern boundary of the Capital Beltway and east of U.S. Route 1 in the City of Alexandria.

PLANNING COMMISSION ACTION, SEPTEMBER 8, 2005: On a motion by Mr. Komoroske, seconded by Mr. Robinson, the Planning Commission undertook the following actions:

- Voted 7 to 0 to approve Master Plan Amendment #2005-0003, deleting the previous supplement to the Old Town Small Area Plan and adopting the Hunting Creek Area Plan as an amendment to the Old Town Small Area Plan, and recommended approval of Rezoning #2005-0004 and Text Amendment #2005-0004 implementing recommendations of the Master Plan Amendment. In adopting the Hunting Creek Area Plan, the Commission incorporated the following changes to the plan text as presented to the Commission:
 - On page 7, first paragraph in right column, the last sentence of the paragraph is amended as follows:

There are a number of other historic features at Jones Point that are to be interpreted in the plan for the park to be implemented as after the Woodrow Wilson Bridge project is constructed.

- On page 33, affordable housing recommendation 3.4.3 is deleted in its entirety as follows:

~~3.4.3. In order to retain affordable housing in the planning area, the City may consider a zoning text amendment or zone change to provide for a mixed income development including affordable housing, with variations in height, density, FAR, parking, open space or other development standards appropriate to the project and the site, with SUP approval, if the project includes a substantial percentage of affordable housing units.~~

- On page 37, in section 4.3, Affordable Housing, paragraph 3 is deleted in its entirety as follows:

~~3. For a mixed income development incorporating a substantial number of affordable housing units in the planning area, support a text amendment to the zoning ordinance or rezoning to modify development standards, subject to a Special Use Permit, appropriate to the site and the project. (P&Z)~~

On a motion by Mr. Komoroske, seconded by Mr. Jennings, the Commission

- Voted 7 to 0 to approve Resolution MPA 2005-0003, deleting the previously adopted supplement to the Old Town Small Area Plan and adopting the Hunting Creek Area Plan with the above noted amendments to the plan text.

Reason: The Planning Commission unanimously supported the Hunting Creek Area Plan. The Planning Commission also strongly indicated its support for affordable housing in the Planning Area. However, the Commission members indicated their concern, recognizing a number of comments from the public, that the proposed affordable housing policy to support variations from development standards with a Special Use Permit through a zone change or zone text amendment was too broad. A number of commissioners expressed the view that there should be limits on such variations, but that the Commission would not be able to work out the specifics of such limits at the meeting. Commissioner Dunn expressed his view that no variations should be necessary. Chairman Wagner stated that, in his view, there was little development potential on these sites unless a project included a substantial affordable housing component.

Speakers:

Charles Trozzo, 209 Duke Street, Alexandria, spoke in support of the proposal. He stated that he had one small reservation, that he was concerned that the desire for affordable housing should not dominate the need for historic preservation, but that the two factors should carry equal weight. He expressed his position as a strong advocate for affordable housing, but stated that heights greater than 50 feet should not be required to obtain affordable housing.

Ellen Pickering, 103 Roberts Lane, Alexandria, spoke in support of the proposal. She indicated she took issue with only one section, 3.4.3 on page 33, which she said should be deleted. She recommended that special use permits not be permitted on either side of the parkway. She stated that she felt that affordable housing could be provided here without a special use permit. She stated that she had discussed the plan with VDOT, and that the representative had been very negative about the trail easement and the 80-foot setback. Therefore it was important that the standards be put in a text

amendment so that they were mandatory. When asked by the chair, she indicated that related implementation item 3 under section 4.3, Affordable Housing, section 4.3, page 37, should also be deleted.

David Olinger, 100 Prince Street, Alexandria, Vice President of the Old Town Civic Association, spoke as a representative of the Old Town Civic Association Board. He spoke in support of the proposal. He specifically supported strongly the design guidelines to preserve the character of the Parkway, the acquisition of an easement and the alignment of the Mount Vernon Trail along the water side of Hunting Towers, and the preservation of affordable housing in the planning area.

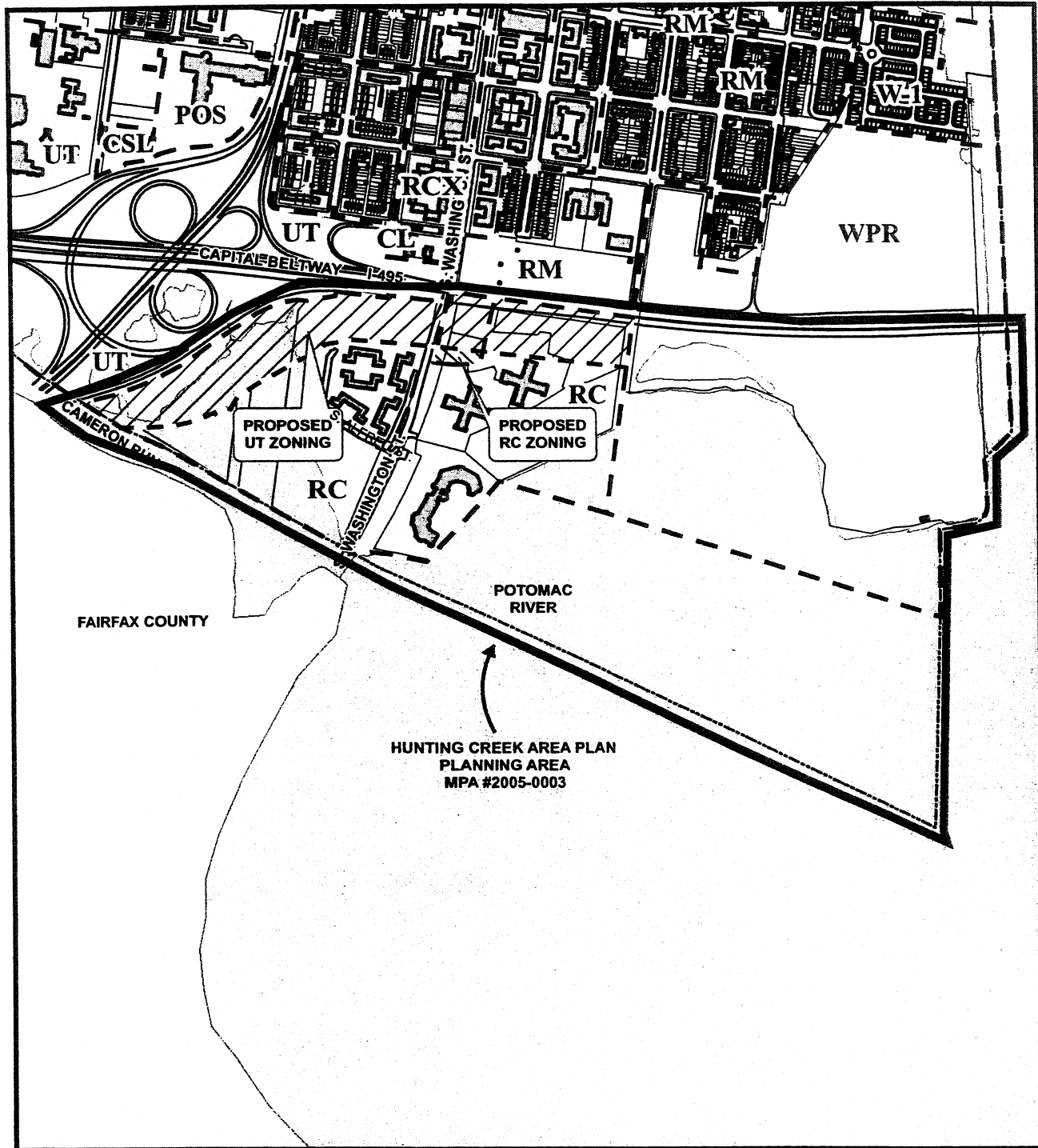
Lori Arrasmith-Quill, 206 East Spring Street, Alexandria, a member of the Old and Historic Alexandria District Board of Architectural Review and a member of the Hunting Point Area Planning Advisory Group, spoke in support of the proposal. She emphasized the importance of the 80-foot setback along the George Washington Memorial Parkway, which is one of the most important landscape features in the Washington, D. C. area. She indicated her view that the Towers buildings were good buildings and that their preservation as affordable housing would be feasible based on information provided to the Advisory Group by staff.

Julie Crenshaw, 816 Queen Street, Alexandria, spoke in support of the proposal. She commended the plan for its organization and understandability. She indicated that the Jones Point Park improvements would be implemented after the Woodrow Wilson Bridge Project was completed, and requested that the statement on page 7 be modified to that effect. She supported the idea of access to the wetlands but expressed concern that whatever was done to provide access not result in destruction of the wetlands because of their importance in managing drainage.

Frederick Kroesen, 1250 South Washington Street, Alexandria, president of the Porto Vecchio Association and a member of the Hunting Point Area Planning Advisory Group, expressed his appreciation for the effort in preparation of the plan, indicating that the Association's issues had been addressed through the planning process. He indicated that he could not express the support of the association since the association had not addressed the issue and not all members had read the documents yet.

Douglas Bannerman, 1250 South Washington Street, Alexandria, expressed his appreciation for the implementation of the southern gateway improvements, and the cooperative effort between the staff, including Eileen Fogarty, Rich Baier, Peter Smith, Aimee Vosper, and others.

David Murphy, National Park Service, 1100 Ohio Drive Southwest, Washington, D. C., spoke in support of the proposal. He indicated that he appreciated the statements of the public and in the plan recognizing the significance of the George Washington Memorial Parkway, and noted that this was the 76th year of the partnership between the National Park Service and the City regarding the Parkway. He indicated his concern with the possibility that developers might interpret the special affordable housing provisions to mean that the plan would permit development up to the maximum 150-foot height of the RC zoning for an affordable housing project. He suggested that there be a tapering and throating of the margins of the parkway through this area, and that language be developed to describe the sculpting of this gateway. In response to a question from Commissioner Dunn, he indicated that the Park Service would suggest language.



MPA #2005-0003
REZ #2005-0004
TA #2005-0004

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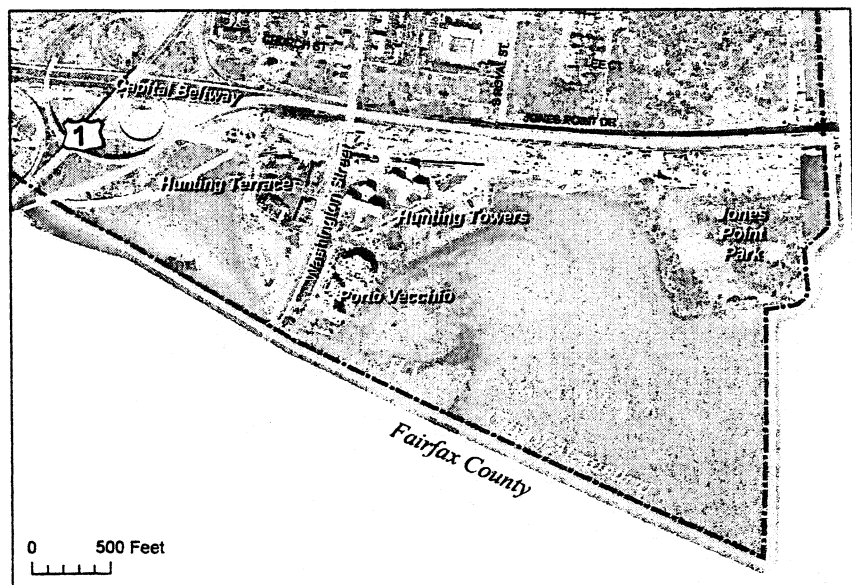
STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

Staff recommends that the Planning Commission, on its own motion, initiate and recommend approval of the following amendments:

1. Amendment to the Master Plan to replace the previously adopted Supplement to the Old Town Small Area Plan with the Hunting Creek Area Plan.
2. Amendment to the zoning maps to rezone those portions of parcels 83.01-01-06, 83.02-01-05 and 83.02-01-06 that are within the Capital Beltway right-of-way from RC, High Density Apartment to UT, Utilities and Transportation; to rezone all of parcel 83.02-01-02 and that portion of Parcel 83.02-01-03 that is within the Capital Beltway right-of-way from OCM (50), Office Commercial to UT, Utilities and Transportation; and to rezone that portion of Parcel 83.02-01-03 that is not within the Capital Beltway right-of-way from OCM (50), Office Commercial to RC, High Density Apartment.
3. Amendment to Section 3-906 of the Alexandria Zoning Ordinance dealing with bulk and open space regulations in the RC, High Density Apartment, zone to refer to added section 3-908, and add Section 3-908 establishing design guidelines and standards for development of properties along South Washington Street south of the Capital Beltway in the RC zone.

BACKGROUND:

The Hunting Creek Area Plan considers the City's long-term policy for that area of the City south of the Capital Beltway and east of U. S. Route 1, as outlined on the aerial photo at left. This area includes the southern portion of Jones Point Park and the Hunting Towers, Hunting Terrace and Porto Vecchio residential developments along Washington Street (George Washington Memorial Parkway).



The construction of the new Woodrow Wilson Bridge and related Capital Beltway and Route 1 interchange modifications have added substantially to the Capital Beltway right-of-way and have resulted in changes to the terrain and the environmental characteristics of the area immediately south of the beltway.

In addition, the temporary ownership of the Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace properties by the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) has created a unique challenge and opportunity. VDOT's ownership has resulted in a much higher likelihood that the properties will be redeveloped or rehabilitated than if the properties had not been purchased for the bridge project. VDOT intends to sell the properties for their current appraised value in the near future. In order to profit from purchasing the properties, a new owner is likely to choose to redevelop or substantially rehabilitate one or both of the properties.

In order to provide community participation in development of a plan for the area, the City Manager appointed an advisory group representing both citywide and local area interests to advise the Planning Department on the principles that should direct the future development of the area. This committee included a representative from the Affordable Housing Advisory Committee, a representative from the Old and Historic Alexandria District Board of Architectural Review, residents of the planning area, representatives of civic associations in the Old Town and Southwest Quadrant areas of the City, and a representative of the Virginia Department of Transportation. This advisory group met in July through December of 2004 to advise the Planning Department on issues and challenges in the planning area, development of planning principles, and preparation of the draft plan.

Following the advisory group process, two community meetings were held to present the plan's concepts and receive community comments on the draft recommendations. These meetings were held May 5, 2005 at Lloyd House, and May 26, 2005 at Porto Vecchio. The preliminary draft Hunting Creek Area Plan was placed on the City's web site for public review in May, 2005.

In response to comments from the public, the Virginia Department of Transportation and review by other departments, further revisions were made to the draft.

HUNTING CREEK AREA PLAN

The key issues that arose during the Hunting Creek Area planning process were the following:

- ***Affordable Housing.*** The Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace developments provide 645 rental housing units. Much of this housing is affordable to households at or near the regional median income. Substantial modification or redevelopment of either project could make this housing less affordable or unaffordable to many who now live in these developments, potentially dislocating many current residents.
- ***Land use, density and intensity of new development.*** Because the sale of Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace by VDOT may result in a decision by a new owner to redevelop or substantially rehabilitate either or both of these properties, the specific potential development under the current zoning and development standards was of concern to many.
- ***Character of new development.*** The planning area is at the entrance to Old Town from the south and on the George Washington Memorial Parkway. The character of new development needs to consider the historic and memorial character of the parkway, the entry point to the City from the natural open spaces to the south, and the relation to Old Town.
- ***Historic Resources.*** The properties along Washington Street south of the Capital Beltway are in the Old and Historic Alexandria District and adjacent to the George Washington Memorial Parkway National Register Historic District. Maintaining the historic and memorial character of the George Washington Memorial Parkway as change and development takes place is important. The planning area was occupied by a number of prior uses over its history, and respecting and interpreting the area's history is a City goal.
- ***Trails.*** The Mount Vernon Trail routing on the City's Bicycle Transportation and Multi-Use Trail Master Plan is along the waterside of the Porto Vecchio and Hunting Towers properties. Public ownership of the Hunting Towers property and the temporary location of this trail along the waterside of Hunting Towers provide a unique opportunity to achieve the objectives of this plan on the Hunting Towers site.
- ***City Gateway.*** The Hunting Creek area is at one of the City's important gateways, where the George Washington Memorial Parkway enters the City from the south. Because this is an important tourist route to and from Mount Vernon, the gateway takes on additional significance.
- ***Open Space and Natural Environment.*** The Hunting Creek area is one of the places where the natural environment of the area is accessible and visible to the public. Sensitive wetlands and shoreline areas are the unique features of the area.

Planning Principles

The plan was organized around a number of planning principles, based on the Council's Strategic Plan, the City's Master Plan goals, and the unique characteristics of the planning area. These planning principles are to:

- ***Create and reinforce neighborhoods.*** Enhance the neighborhood character within the planning area by design that provides identity and encourages community activities. Tie the area to nearby areas of Alexandria visually and physically.
 - Strengthen pedestrian linkages to adjacent areas of Alexandria by maintaining the parkway character north of the Beltway through the planning area, improving pedestrian connections from adjacent developments to the street, and providing a high-quality pedestrian experience along Washington Street.
 - Encourage the development of areas and facilities for common use and shared activities in any redevelopment or rehabilitation of existing developments in the planning area.
- ***Retain established residential areas in residential use.***
 - Protect residences from impacts of inappropriate or intrusive nonresidential uses.
 - Discourage development of nonresidential uses in the planning area that do not primarily serve residents and waterfront, trail and park visitors.
- ***Retain and enhance the character of Alexandria's historic districts.***
 - Follow the Board of Architectural Review's guidelines for development on Washington Street south of Wilkes Street with substantial setbacks and spacing between buildings.
- ***Enhance and celebrate the historic character of the southern gateway to the City along George Washington Memorial Parkway.***
 - Restore the historic parkway character by creating a broad, tree-lined parkway appearance as the parkway rises to cross the Capital Beltway.
 - Create a strong entry point to the City through attractive landscaping and appropriate scale and character of adjacent development.
- ***Maintain the availability of affordable workforce housing,*** and take advantage of opportunities to assure the continued availability of affordable housing for all economic segments of the community.

- Work with potential purchasers to encourage the inclusion of affordable housing providers as partners in the redevelopment or rehabilitation of the Hunting Terrace or Hunting Towers projects.
- Consider the possibility of modifying development standards in a way appropriate to the site and the project for a project that includes a substantial number of affordable housing units on the Hunting Towers or Hunting Terrace sites.
- ***Enhance the City's waterfront by providing continuous public access along the entire length of the City's Potomac River waterfront.*** Provide opportunities for the public to learn about and to appreciate the historic significance and natural environment of waterfront and wetland areas.
 - Obtain an easement for the Mount Vernon Trail along the water side of the Hunting Towers property as part of the development of wetland mitigation areas on the site.
 - Interpret the history and environment of the Hunting Creek and Jones Point areas in future plans for public improvements or site development.
- ***Enable convenient access for residents to and from work and neighborhood activities by a choice of circulation modes.*** In particular, provide convenient, safe and pleasant routes for pedestrians and bicyclists to transit and to local destinations such as schools, local retail districts, parks and recreational areas.
 - Provide comfortable and convenient transit stops on both the east and west sides of Washington Street in the planning area.
 - Raise the grade of adjacent areas to the new grade of Washington Street to ease pedestrian and bicycle connections and relate adjacent buildings to the street.
- ***Protect and enhance the natural habitat value of the City's natural open spaces.*** Provide visual and physical access to natural open spaces where access is consistent with protection of natural resource values.

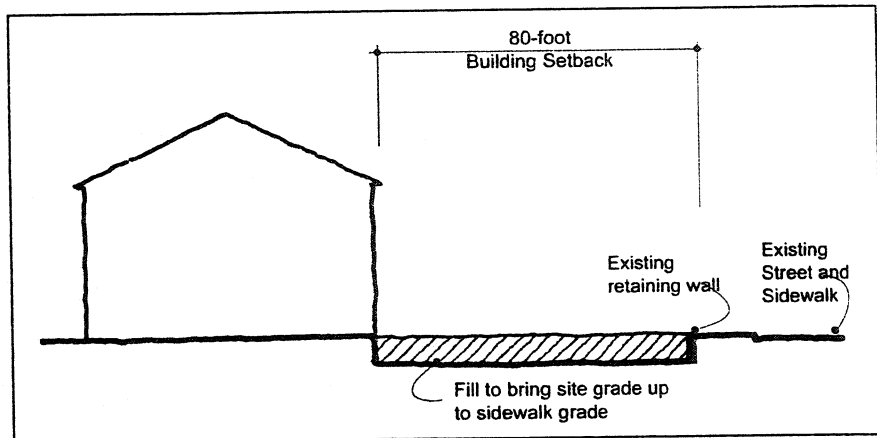
Plan Strategies

The plan has a number of components, organized around four main strategies:

1. Historic Preservation Strategy.

This strategy includes interpretation of the long history of the planning area in public areas, and adoption of design guidelines to implement the Board of Architectural Review's guidelines for Washington Street.

The historic and memorial character of George Washington Memorial Parkway is recognized by establishing Washington Street as an urban boulevard with a broad, parkway character through the planning area. This strategy will help to restore



the historic character of the George Washington Memorial Parkway through the planning area, and will create a strong visual entry to the City of Alexandria from the south. The guidelines envision a transition from the wide open spaces along the parkway to the south, along a broad, tree-lined boulevard through the planning area, to the large residential setbacks as you enter Old Town north of the beltway, to the tight urban pattern in the heart of Old Town. This component of the strategy is implemented through design guidelines for the Washington Street corridor that require an 80-foot front setback, redevelopment in character with Washington Street north of the Beltway, a double row of street trees, and bringing the areas between structures and Washington Street up to the grade of the street.

The plan also recommends that the City take opportunities to interpret the history of the area for residents and visitors, particularly in Jones Point Park and along the Mount Vernon Trail.

2. Urban Design and Streetscape Strategy.

This strategy is intended to more strongly tie the Hunting Creek area to the rest of Old Town and the City by creating a strong visual linkage and comfortable pedestrian connection across the Beltway into Old Town. Bringing adjacent areas up to the grade of the street will eliminate existing barriers to pedestrian movement between adjacent developments and Washington Street, and will help to create an impression that this area is related to the Parkway and areas to the north. The cross-section diagram above shows how the raising of the grade of the Parkway to cross the Capital Beltway has resulted in a barrier to pedestrian

This photo looking north along the east side of Washington Street shows the up to 8-foot grade separation between the Hunting Towers site and Washington Street as the street rises to cross the Capital Beltway. Raising the adjacent grade if new development takes place will restore the historic parkway character, allow the buildings to relate to the street, and eliminate a substantial barrier to pedestrian circulation in the planning area.



movement and a separation of the roadway from the adjacent Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace developments on the north end of the sites. Raising the adjacent grade to the grade of the street will connect the properties to the street and thereby to Old Town to the north much more strongly.

The key actions in this strategy will take place at the time of redevelopment or major rehabilitation of the existing Hunting Terrace and Hunting Towers properties. The creation of a broad parkway with adjacent areas brought up to the grade of the roadway is most practicable with a new development that incorporates underground parking and develops a more pedestrian-oriented character for the sites.

3. Affordable Housing Strategy.

This strategy has two parts. The first is to seek to partner through the Alexandria Housing Development Corporation, or to encourage partnership by another affordable housing provider, in the redevelopment or rehabilitation of either Hunting Towers or Hunting Terrace following the sale of these properties to the previous owner or a new owner. With such a partnership in the development, the City may be able to encourage retention of substantial affordable housing opportunities in these developments.

The second part of this strategy is to encourage retention and development of affordable housing in the planning area through support for an appropriate amendment to the zoning

ordinance to provide for a Special Use Permit for variations from development standards for height, setbacks, parking, or other standards if appropriate to the site and justified by a project involving a substantial number of affordable housing units. No zoning amendment for this purpose is proposed now. Instead, the plan anticipates that for the right project, it may be appropriate to make such amendments in the future to preserve and expand the affordable housing opportunities that are now provided in the planning area.

4. Open Space Strategy.

This strategy includes the acquisition of a trail easement for the Mount Vernon Trail on the water side of the Hunting Towers property, the maintenance of physical and visual access to open space within the planning area, and restoration of habitat as opportunities arise in Resource Protection Areas and other areas as sites are redeveloped or rehabilitated in the future.

The Mount Vernon Trail has been routed along the water side of Hunting Towers during the construction of the Woodrow Wilson Bridge project. This photo shows the trail on the south part of the Hunting Towers site near Porto Vecchio.

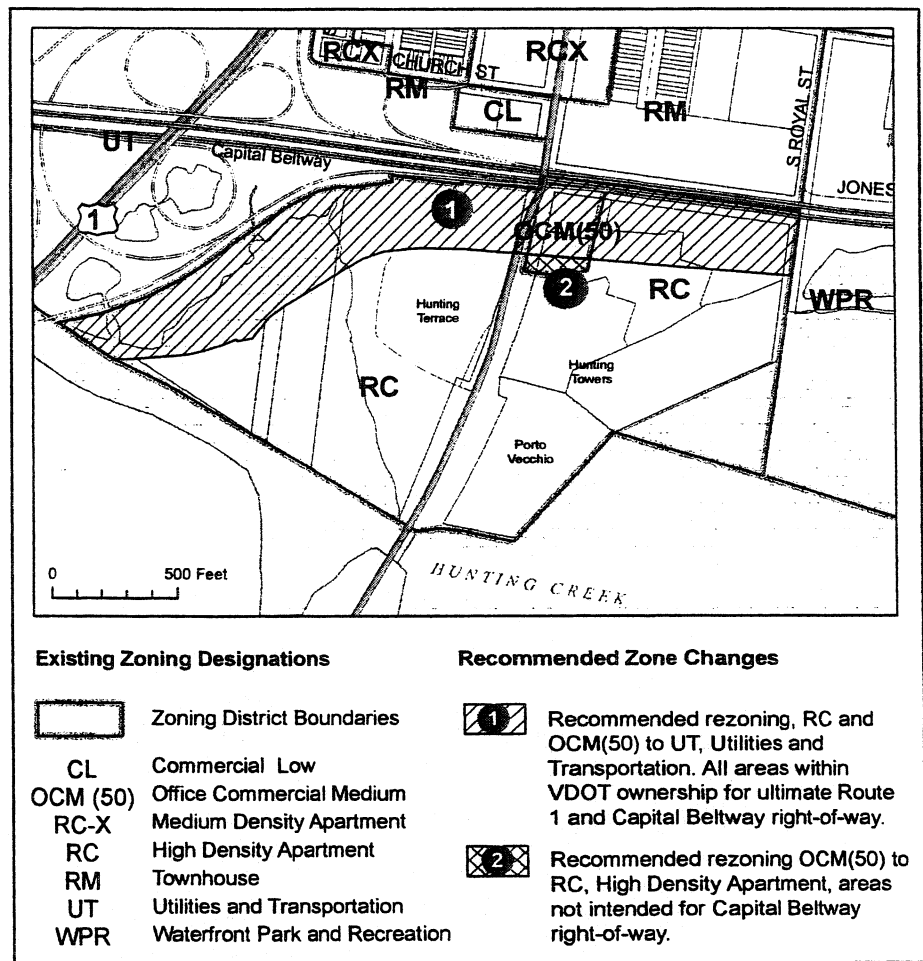


This wetland mitigation easement area on the south end of the Hunting Terrace site would remain visually and physically accessible from the south access roadway under the proposed design guidelines for development of the Hunting Terrace site.



In addition to these strategies, zone changes are recommended as a “housekeeping” measure to recognize the fact of the Beltway widening and to eliminate a remnant parcel of office commercial zoning. The areas within the Beltway right-of-way are recommended for zoning to UT, Utility and Transportation. The remnant area of office commercial zoning, the site of an office building that was demolished for Beltway construction, is recommended to be zoned RC, High Density Apartment, the same as the adjacent residential developments in the area.

The proposed changes to the zoning map are a housekeeping measure to change the zoning designation within the Beltway right-of-way and eliminate a small remnant parcel of office commercial zoning. No changes to the zoning designations of the existing residential developments or Jones Point Park are proposed.



Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) Comments. The Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace properties are owned by the Virginia Department of Transportation. They were acquired by VDOT and approximately one-third of the housing units and two office buildings were demolished in order to widen the Beltway for the Woodrow Wilson Bridge approaches and Route 1 interchange ramps. VDOT intends to sell these parcels in the near future.

VDOT submitted comments on the draft plan in the form of a redline-strikeout copy of the plan text. The comments included some additions and corrections to factual information in the plan and background information that have been incorporated where appropriate. VDOT recommended deletion of all reference to the Board of Architectural Review standards and guidelines that now apply in the planning area, and deletion of all design guidelines and standards included in the draft plan that would apply to development within the planning area.

Justification for Including Design Guidelines in Hunting Creek Plan. The City's Washington Street Design Guidelines applicable to the Old and Historic District provide the principles used in developing the design guidelines for the planning area. The guidelines were established to protect the historic and memorial character of the George Washington Parkway as it passes through the City. The Washington Street Guidelines for this area of Washington Street include the following:

Scale and character. This sector of Washington Street is largely residential in nature with considerable setbacks from the roadway. Projects are specifically encouraged to retain the open feeling of this area. . . .

Spacing Between Buildings.
. . . For example, in this sector it is appropriate to have a considerable separation between buildings.



The Gunston Hall Apartments in the 900 block of South Washington Street illustrate the setbacks and building spacing referred to in the Washington Street Guidelines of the Board of Architectural Review for areas south of Wilkes Street.

The multi-family developments just north of the Capital Beltway typically have a 45- to 50-foot setback from Washington Street, and have large open courtyards and other features that provide considerable open space along the street in this area.

The design guidelines in the Hunting Creek plan require an 80-foot setback for development along Washington Street. There are a number of justifications for the guidelines and for the 80-foot setback at this location, compared to the 45- to 50-foot setback typical of the largest apartment developments just north of the Beltway on Washington Street:

- The unusually large size and depth of the sites along the roadway provides design flexibility for a developer. The 80-foot setback on a parcel 400 to 500 feet deep such as the Hunting Terrace parcel represents a smaller percentage of the site than a 50-foot setback on an Old Town block such as the Gunston Hall block with a depth of 240 feet.
- The landscaped portions of the setback area contribute important usable open space with high public benefit to the 40% open space required within the developments by the standards of the RC zone.
- The importance of the south gateway to the City justifies a strong statement of the character of the parkway as it enters the City.
- The wide setback provides a logical transition between the extensive open areas of Belle Haven to the south and the 45- to 50-foot setbacks typical of the larger apartment developments just north of the Beltway along Washington Street.
- The use of frontage areas for bus stops and for frontage roads to provide for buses to turn around means that more setback than in those areas just north of the beltway is required to achieve the same green space and parkway effect. The additional setback accommodates a 24-foot roadway with bus stop and sidewalk while retaining at least a 24-foot landscaped area along the side of Washington Street for a tree-lined boulevard. It provides a substantial setback for potentially 50-foot tall buildings from the frontage road and bus stop.
- The raising of the area between buildings and the street to the grade of Washington Street will eliminate a substantial barrier to pedestrian movement between the north portions of the sites and other areas of Old Town. The proposed parkway design will provide a strong visual and physical connection of the planning area to Old Town, linking the

Urban Deck across the beltway and the gateway landscaping between the Hunting Creek bridge and Alfred Street.

For these reasons, the staff considers the inclusion of the design guidelines and the substantial setback along Washington Street to be an important parts of the plan that should be adopted.

LAND USE AND ZONING ACTIONS

In order to incorporate the Hunting Creek Area Plan within the City's Master Plan and to implement the zoning recommendations of the Plan, the following actions are necessary:

1. Amendment to the Master Plan to remove the Supplement to the Old Town Small Area Plan and replace it with the Hunting Creek Area Plan.

2. Amendment to the zoning maps to make the zoning map consistent with the widening of the Capital Beltway and rezone a remnant parcel of office commercial zoning to RC, High Density Apartment. The zoning maps currently show RC, High Density Apartment zoning in the area of the Beltway widening previously occupied by the north tower of Hunting Towers, the three north buildings of Hunting Terrace, and OCM (50), Office Commercial zoning in the area formerly occupied by two office buildings. There is a small remnant area of OCM (50) zoning that is south of the Capital Beltway right-of-way that has been developed as surface parking for Hunting Towers.

Rezoning of this area to lower density or to provide for other uses was considered as an option in the planning process. However, the current height limit and Washington Street Guidelines and standards provide for substantial control on the character of potential development along Washington Street to keep it compatible with the character of Washington Street. The Capital Beltway provides a substantial buffer between the RC-zoned area south of the Beltway and the RC(X)-zoned area north of the Beltway occupied by the Gunston Hall Apartments and other multi-family developments along Washington Street. The RC zoning maintains the best opportunities for affordable housing development if a partnership with an affordable housing developer can be found if the properties are redeveloped or substantially rehabilitated.

3. Text amendment to the Zoning Ordinance to provide for design guidelines and standards for development on Washington Street south of the Capital Beltway. Amendment of Section 3-906 pertaining to the bulk and open space regulations in the RC Zone and addition of Section 3-908 to the Alexandria Zoning Ordinance establishing design guidelines and development standards for properties abutting the George Washington Memorial Parkway.

The proposed text amendment provides for specific implementation of the Board of Architectural Review's guidelines and standards for Washington Street in the area south of the Beltway. The specification of an 80-foot setback provides for a broad parkway appearance and provides the potential for an attractive, tree-lined street with a setback scaled to provide for 50-foot buildings at the setback line while still maintaining the character of George Washington Parkway.

The requirement to raise the adjacent areas between buildings and Washington Street to the grade of the sidewalk provides a further definition of the broad parkway while substantially improving the relation of buildings to the street and the pedestrian connectivity of the area to Washington Street and Old Town to the north.

The guideline for establishment of the development area north of the south access roadway on the Hunting Terrace site provides for the maintenance of existing views and access to the open space areas of Hunting Creek to the south and west of Washington Street in this area, and ensures that this area will be accessible to all residents of the project and the public in general as a visual and natural resource rather than reserved as rear yards for residences along the south side of the project.

CONCLUSION

The Hunting Creek Area Plan presents a plan and strategy for the long-term future of the area south of the Beltway that implements principles of creating neighborhoods, preserving our historic character and natural environment, and providing housing opportunities for all income segments of the community.

The changes to the zoning map eliminate an area of inappropriate zoning within and adjacent to the Beltway right-of-way that has resulted from the widening of the Capital Beltway. The map changes will eliminate a small remnant area of office zoning, making its designation the same as that of the adjacent residential use.

The zoning text amendment implementing design standards and landscape guidelines anticipates potential redevelopment of the area but ensures that redevelopment will happen in a way that protects and enhances the character of the George Washington Memorial Parkway entrance into the City of Alexandria.

Staff recommends adoption of the plan amendment, changes to the zoning map and zoning text amendment to implement the Hunting Creek Area Plan.

MPA #2005-0003
REZ #2005-0004
TA #2005-0004
Hunting Creek Area Plan

STAFF: Eileen Fogarty, Director, Department of Planning and Zoning;
Kimberley Fogle, Chief, Neighborhood Planning;
P. Patrick Mann, Urban Planner.

RESOLUTION NO. MPA 2005-0003

WHEREAS, under the Provisions of Section 9.05 of the City Charter, the Planning Commission may adopt amendments to the Master Plan of the City of Alexandria and submit to the City Council such revisions in said plans as changing conditions may make necessary; and

WHEREAS, the City initiated a community participation process to advise the City on the direction for the future development of the Hunting Creek area; and

WHEREAS, the community planning process culminated in the development of the Hunting Creek Area Plan that provides a comprehensive approach to guide and manage future development of the Hunting Creek area; and

WHEREAS, a duly advertised public hearing on the proposed amendment was held on September 8, 2005, with all public testimony and written comment considered; and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission finds that:

1. The proposed amendments are necessary and desirable to guide and accomplish the coordinated, adjusted and harmonious development of the Hunting Creek section of the City; and
2. The proposed amendments are generally consistent with the overall goals and objectives of the 1992 Master Plan; and
3. The proposed amendments show the Planning Commission's long-range recommendations for the general development of the Hunting Creek Area Plan; and
4. Based on the foregoing findings and all other facts and circumstances of which the Planning Commission may properly take notice in making and adopting a master plan for the City of Alexandria, adoption of the amendments to the Old Town chapter of the 1992 Master Plan will, in accordance with present and probable future needs and resources, best promote the health, safety, morals, order, convenience, prosperity and general welfare of the residents of the City;

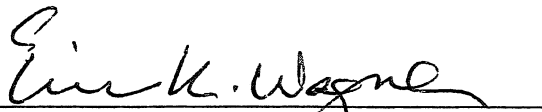
RESOLUTION NO. MPA 2005-2003

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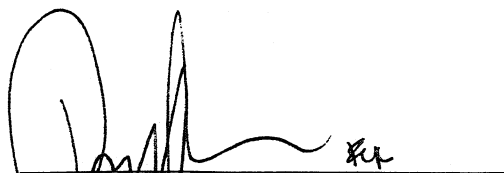
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Planning Commission of the City of Alexandria that:

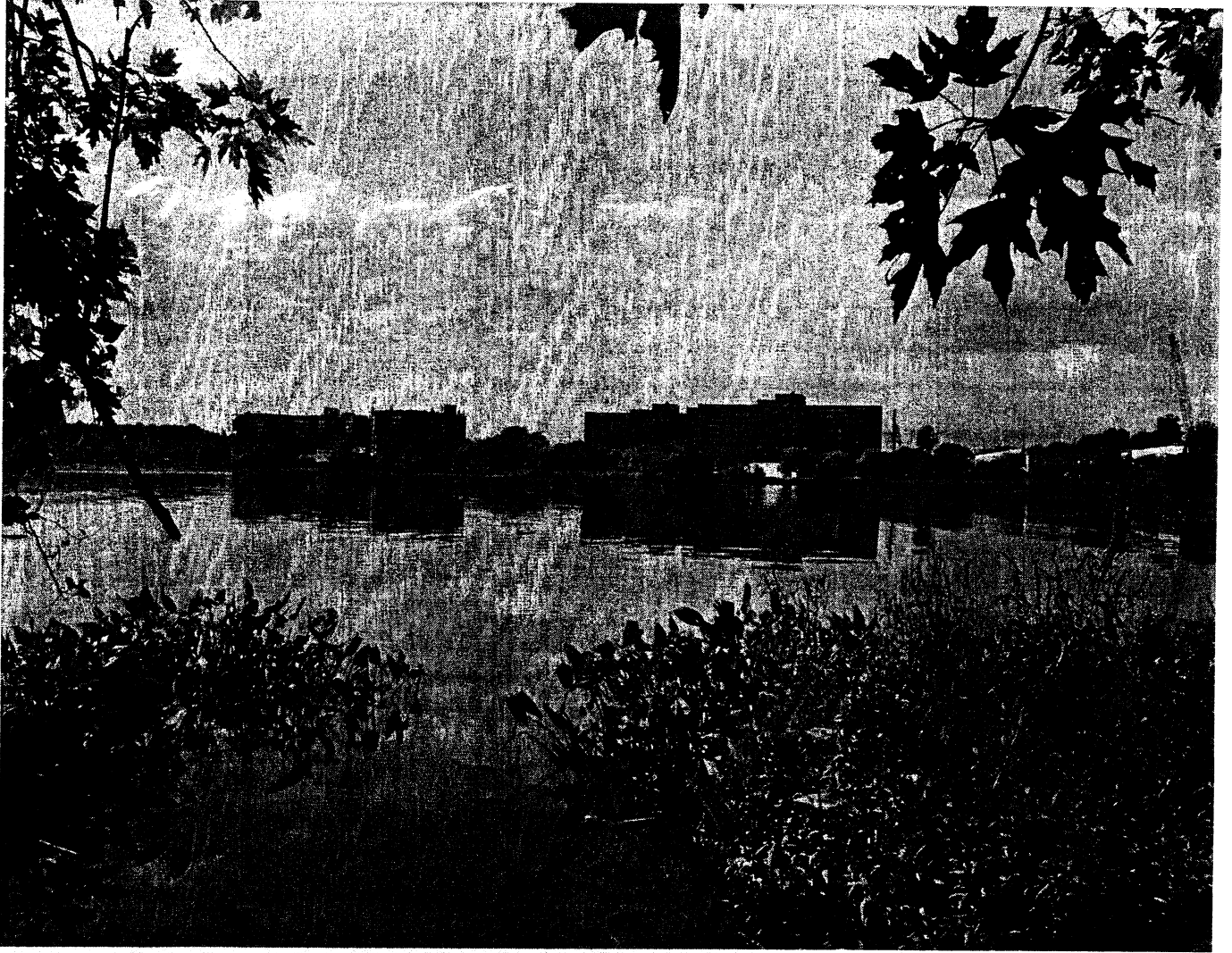
1. The previously adopted Supplement to the Old Town Small Area Plan is hereby deleted from the Master Plan.
2. The Hunting Creek Area Plan is hereby adopted in its entirety as an amended Supplement to the Old Town Small Area Plan, a chapter of the 1992 Master Plan of the City of Alexandria, Virginia in accordance with Section 9.05 of the Charter of the City of Alexandria, Virginia, including the following changes to the text as presented to the Commission:
 - a. Page 7, top paragraph, part of last sentence modified to read “. . . implemented after the Woodrow Wilson Bridge project is constructed.”
 - b. Page 33, recommendation 3.4.3 is deleted.
 - c. Page 37, implementation section 4.3, Affordable Housing, delete action 3 relating to development standards for a project involving a substantial number of affordable housing units.
3. This resolution shall be signed by the Chairman of the Planning Commission and attested by its secretary, and a true copy of this resolution forwarded and certified to the City Council.

ADOPTED the 8th day of September, 2005


Eric R. Wagner, Chairman
Alexandria Planning Commission

ATTEST:


Eileen P. Fogarty, Secretary



DRAFT

Hunting Creek Area Plan

SUPPLEMENT TO OLD TOWN SMALL AREA PLAN

The City of Alexandria, Virginia
Department of Planning and Zoning

SEPTEMBER 8, 2005

DRAFT
HUNTING CREEK AREA PLAN

September 8, 2005
Incorporating changes by Planning Commission

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While a number of members of the public regularly attended advisory group meetings and contributed to discussion, the following individuals are recognized for their effort in providing specific assistance, advice and recommendations during the planning program.
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Woodrow Wilson Bridge Project

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Introduction and Summary

1.0

Visiting the Hunting Creek/Jones Point area is about as close as you can get to wild nature in Alexandria. Although the Beltway din sounds behind you, and cloudy plastic bottles “pook – pook” between the driftwood logs and poles lolling along the muddy banks, you can still see the eagles, ospreys and egrets hunting the Potomac waters here as they must have when the area’s first humans settled in along these flats more than a hundred centuries ago.

The Place. The shores of Hunting Creek and Jones Point are the southernmost extension of the City of Alexandria. They are where one enters the City from the open spaces of George Washington Memorial Parkway traveling north from Mount Vernon. In the mile before reaching Alexandria, on the right one passes Dyke Marsh, Belle Haven Park and Marina, and the parklike setting of the Potomac shoreline. On the left are the greens and fairways of the Belle Haven Country Club. The Mount Vernon Trail parallels the roadway on the Potomac side, sometimes back in the park and sometimes along the road. Joggers, walkers and cyclists are common on this stretch, taking advantage of parking provided near the marina.

The City is reached with the crossing of Hunting Creek on the stone Parkway bridge. Its low walls reveal the shallows of Hunting Creek on the left and

Jones Point and the open waters of the Potomac on the right. Egrets and gulls are usually foraging in Hunting Creek, and eagles and herons are frequent visitors to the flats of the Potomac.

These waters and open spaces are the defining features of the planning area. Together with the Beltway to the north, these waters to the south form its boundaries. Without the water and the connection to this chain of open space, the Hunting Terrace and Hunting Towers apartments here would be much like others built in the 1940s and 1950s in Alexandria.

Small Area Plans. The City’s small area plans establish the framework for the future physical development of the planning area their boundaries encompass. The overarching purpose of planning this physical framework is to enable the local society and economy to sustain a high quality of life for the



The Potomac shoreline at Hunting Towers.

residents of each neighborhood and the City as a whole.

Plans provide a measure of certainty about the character and quality of the future that encourages and protects investment. Plans and their implementing policies, guidelines, programs and standards make it possible for the community as a whole to sustain itself over time. Plans help protect things the community values and permit the community to achieve common goals in a way that would not be possible if each property could be developed at any time based on the latest whim of the current owner.

1.1. The Planning Area

The planning area is occupied by Jones Point Park, the Capital Beltway and Route 1 right-of-way, and three residential developments: Hunting Towers, Hunting Terrace and Porto Vecchio. Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace are owned by the Virginia Department

of Transportation (VDOT), which has named the combined properties "Hunting Point on the Potomac," taking the name from Hunting Creek. The projects were purchased by VDOT in 2001, and approximately one-third of the original residential units in each demolished, in order to permit VDOT to construct the Woodrow Wilson Bridge and related Route 1 interchange improvements.

The northern boundary of the planning area is the Capital Beltway. To the south, the area extends to the Alexandria city limits on Hunting Creek. Including the Beltway right-of-way and the area that will be under the new Woodrow Wilson Bridge, the planning area includes about 85 acres of land, of which the three residential developments make up about 22 acres.

South of the City is Fairfax County. In the areas along the George Washington Parkway, Fairfax County has designated the area for suburban residential use at three dwelling units per acre.

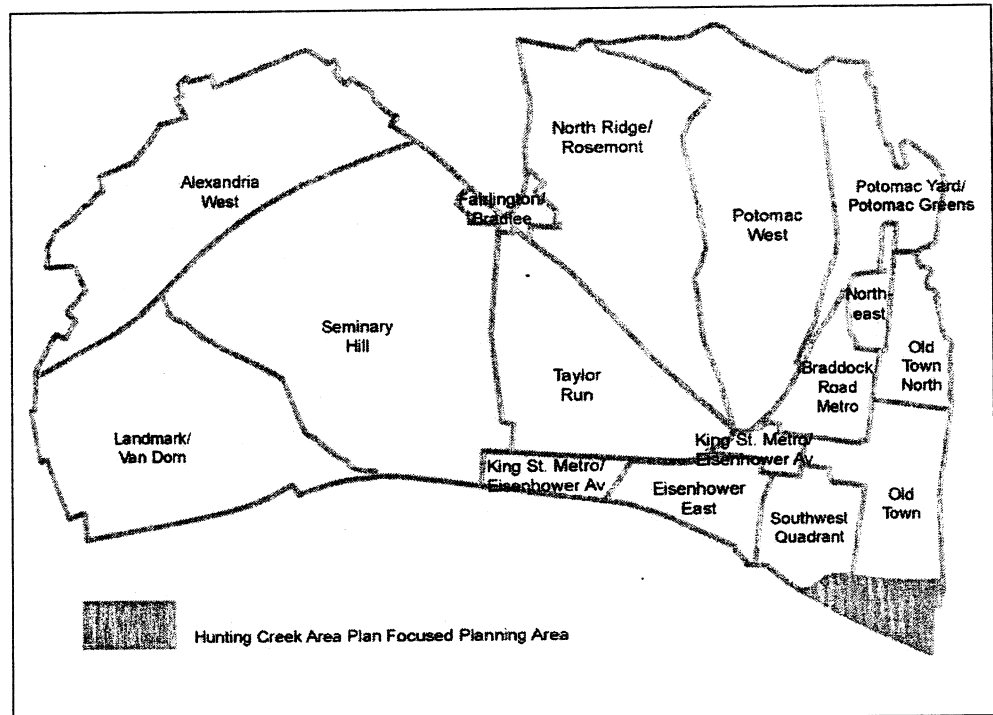


Figure 1. Planning Area. The planning area is that area of Alexandria south of the Capital Beltway and east of U.S. Route 1.

The area is developed as a park and golf course. Along the west side of the Parkway is Belle Haven Country Club. On the east side, owned by the National Park Service, is Belle Haven Park and Marina, with the wetlands of Dyke Marsh south of the marina.

1.2. Issues

The following principal issues were raised during the planning process:

Affordable Housing. The Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace developments now provide workforce housing for Alexandria. Rents in these projects are affordable to some households with household incomes below the median household income in the region. If either project is demolished for new development or converted to condominiums after being returned to private ownership as market-rate housing, the housing needs of many of the current residents could not be met affordably in the replacement units. These units would be expected to rent for substantially more than their current rents, or to have sale prices that would not be affordable to many of the current residents.

An issue in part related to housing affordability is the relocation of existing residents if either Hunting Towers or Hunting Terrace is substantially rehabilitated, converted to condominiums or redeveloped. While many renters expect to be short-term tenants in a particular unit, some people in these projects have lived there for many years. Particular concern was expressed for senior citizen residents who may have few options, and find relocation and locating suitable replacement units a particular hardship because of age, income or infirmity.

Land use, density and intensity of new development. Jones Point Park is owned by the National Park Service and will remain in park use. Porto Vec-

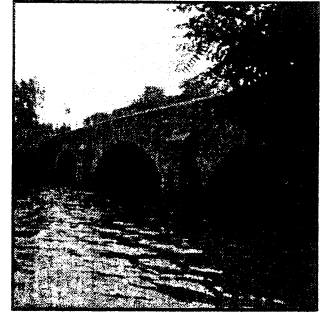
chio is an established condominium constructed in the 1980s that is expected to remain.

Both Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace are of an age at which many structures become obsolete as a result of changing needs, tastes and economic conditions. They are at an age when major building systems often require significant maintenance or replacement to remain functional and economical. While the physical structures are apparently in good condition and have an indefinite future life provided they receive attention to some deferred maintenance items and have regular maintenance in the future, the characteristics of the individual units and the building systems that support them make them less desirable in the marketplace than new developments in similar locations and of similar density.

Because VDOT intends to sell these properties in 2005, their immediate future depends on current local economic conditions and the intent and decisions of the purchaser of the properties. Once sold, either or both of the properties may be maintained in their current status, be refurbished or substantially rehabilitated, or be demolished and redeveloped.

Character of new development. The environment and location of the sites at the entrance to Old Town and on the George Washington Memorial Parkway make high density and high-rise development inappropriate. A lower physical form with emphasis on open space, views, and architecture appropriate to the Parkway is more suitable to the local and historic context.

Historic resources. The preservation of our historic heritage is one of the City's most important goals. Historic architecture and urban structure define the physical environment in historic areas of Alexandria and give it a uniqueness that is genuine. The area is rich with



This stone bridge over Hunting Creek on the George Washington Memorial Parkway is the southern entry point to the City of Alexandria.

symbols and lessons from significant people and events of the past.

The Old Town Small Area Plan, and the development standards of the Old and Historic Alexandria District, both of which encompass the Hunting Point and Jones Point area, are intended to preserve as much as possible of this character while providing for a vital local economy in a modern metropolitan area.

The planning area is within the Old and Historic Alexandria District established by the City to protect the historic character of Old Town and the George Washington Memorial Parkway. George Washington Memorial Parkway is a historic district listed on the National Register of Historic Places, and the character of development in the planning area is important to maintaining the Parkway's historic and memorial character.

The Jones Point Lighthouse and District of Columbia corner marker are on the National Register of Historic Places and the Virginia Landmarks Register. The Hunting Terrace and Hunting Towers buildings in the planning area are more than 50 years old; old enough to qualify for historic status. However, they do not have the historic architectural merit or association with historic events or people that of many of their contemporaries in Alexandria and other parts of the Washington, D. C. metropolitan area possess. They have been evaluated and found not to qualify for individual listing on the state or national registers of historic places.

City Gateway. The Hunting Towers, Hunting Terrace and Porto Vecchio properties are on a significant historic gateway to Alexandria. The gateway along the George Washington Memorial Parkway is particularly significant because of the historic status of the parkway, the memorial character of the parkway, the open space character of the south gateway on Washington

Street, and the importance of Washington Street as a significant historic street in Alexandria's Old and Historic District.

Thus this gateway must fill many roles, and the character of the public gateway and the private gateway at its margins is of great concern to the City. Among the aspects of this gateway that are important to the plan are the nature of the transition from the natural areas south of the City to historic Old Town, and the scale, character, design and use of buildings along the parkway.

Open space and trails. The historic Mount Vernon Trail passes through the planning area. The City's trails plan (*Bicycle Transportation and Multi-use Trail Master Plan for Alexandria, Virginia*, City of Alexandria Department of Recreation, Parks and Cultural Activities, 1998) calls for the ultimate location of the Mount Vernon Trail to be along the water side of Porto Vecchio and Hunting Towers, continuing the connection to the Potomac that exists along the trail to the south. The temporary routing of the trail along the water side of Hunting Towers presents an opportunity to implement this relocation on the Hunting Towers property while the property is in public ownership.

1.3. Guiding Principles

The guiding principles for the plan emphasize protecting the best of the existing character of the Hunting Creek and Jones Point area, and taking advantage of opportunities for affordable housing, open space and trails, and enhancement of the southern gateway to Alexandria along George Washington Memorial Parkway. The principles guiding the plan are:

- Create and reinforce neighborhoods. Enhance the neighborhood character within the planning area by design that provides identity and encourages community activities. Tie the

area to nearby areas of Alexandria visually and physically.

- Retain established residential uses.
- Retain and enhance the character of Alexandria's historic districts.
- Enhance and celebrate the historic character of the southern gateway to the City along George Washington Memorial Parkway.
- Maintain the availability of affordable workforce housing, and take advantage of opportunities to assure the continued availability of affordable housing for all economic segments of the community.
- Enhance the City's waterfront by providing continuous public access along the entire length of the City's Potomac River waterfront. Provide opportunities for the public to learn about and to appreciate the historic significance and natural environment of waterfront and wetland areas.
- Enable convenient access for residents to and from work and neighborhood activities by a choice of circulation modes. In particular, provide convenient, safe and pleasant routes for pedestrians and bicyclists to transit and to local destinations such as schools, local retail districts, parks and recreational areas.
- Protect and enhance the natural habitat value of the City's natural open spaces. Provide visual and physical access to natural open spaces where access is consistent with protection of natural resource values.

1.4. Summary

The plan does not recommend substantial changes from the existing City policy for the planning area. The plan recommends the adoption of specific measures to implement existing poli-

cies in the event existing structures are demolished or substantially changed in the future.

The following are the principal plan recommendations. The details of these recommendations are set forth in Section 3, and the implementation measures are outlined in Section 4.

1. **Rezoning.** Rezone the enlarged Capital Beltway area to Utility and Transportation to reflect the change in use. Rezone the small remainder parcel now zoned for offices to residential use. No change to the zoning designation of the developed residential properties is proposed.
2. **Design Guidelines.** Adopt design guidelines for future development to implement the Washington Street Design Guidelines of the Board of Architectural Review along Washington Street through the planning area.
3. **Landscape Guidelines.** Adopt landscape guidelines so that the George Washington Memorial Parkway edge through the planning area maintains a consistent theme compatible with the parkway and appropriate to the gateway to Alexandria.
4. **Affordable Housing.** Encourage the maintenance of affordable workforce housing in the planning area. Act to encourage the acquisition of Hunting Towers or Hunting Terrace for affordable housing by an affordable housing provider, either in partnership with the prior owner, or directly if the prior owner does not purchase the property.
5. **Trails.** Obtain a trail easement along the water side of the Hunting Towers parcel to provide a route for the Mount Vernon Trail. If in the future major changes are proposed at Porto Vecchio, obtain a similar easement to continue public access along the City's Potomac River waterfront.

6. **Natural Open Spaces.** Encourage the development of visual and physical access to natural open spaces where access is consistent with the maintenance of natural open space values. Continue to work with the National Park Service to maintain Jones Point Park for its natural, historic and recreational value to City residents and visitors.

Existing Environment

2.0

This section provides background on the existing conditions and current development policy in the planning area. It provides the context and some of the rationale for the plan's recommendations.

2.1. The Planning Area

The planning area has two important subareas: Jones Point Park and the Hunting Towers/Hunting Terrace/Porto Vecchio residential area.

Jones Point Park is owned by the National Park Service and operated by the City under a lease.

The Hunting Towers, Hunting Terrace and Porto Vecchio properties are multi-family residential sites along the historic George Washington Memorial Parkway and Mount Vernon Trail.

The southern boundary of the planning area is established by the southern city limits. One crosses this boundary as one crosses the stone bridge over Hunting Creek.

2.2. History

Alexandria's Old Town area has a rich history evidenced in a number of existing structures dating from the mid-1700s through the present day. Archaeological findings in the planning area include evidence of prehistoric Native American occupation and extend through recent industrial development of the City's waterfront.

Jones Point Park is the site of the District of Columbia south corner marker from the period of 1791 through 1848 when Alexandria was part of the Dis-

trict of Columbia. The Jones Point Lighthouse is the oldest surviving inland lighthouse in the nation. There are a number of other historic features at Jones Point that are to be interpreted in the plan for the park to be implemented after the Woodrow Wilson Bridge project is constructed.

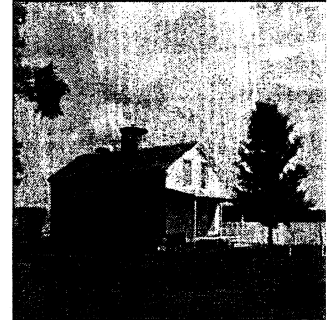
Great Hunting Creek is a landform that is mentioned and mapped often in deeds and other historical records of the area.

The area occupied by Hunting Towers, Hunting Terrace and Porto Vecchio was apparently once known as Broomilawn Point. The *Fireside Sentinel* (published by the Lloyd House, Alexandria Library) for July, 1987 has an extensive review of its history. It reports that "situated below St. Mary's Catholic Cemetery, [Broomilawn Point] encompassed about 22 acres and was bounded by Royal Street on the east, Great Hunting Creek on the south, and Alfred Street on the west."

The point was reported to be a frequent destination for local residents who held picnics and barbeques there.

Part of the site was leased in 1794 to Robert T. Hooe, Alexandria's first mayor. The Alexandria Gazette for January 15, 1801 and July 6, 1802 report that Hooe had trouble with trespassers. He purchased or constructed a tavern on the point sometime after 1800. The farm and tavern were purchased by James Hewitt Hooe, a relative, at public auction after Robert Hooe's death in 1808.

In the 1850s, the Manassas Gap Railroad constructed a railroad cut separating the point from St. Mary's ceme-



Jones Point Lighthouse dates from 1856. On the lighthouse grounds is the District of Columbia corner marker.

tery. This cut later became the location of the Capital Beltway. During the Civil War, the trees on the point were cut by Union military authorities.

A brick works was constructed in part of the site in 1884, and a wharf for the brick works in 1885. The Alexandria Gazette for September 16, 1893 reports that the Alexandria Brick Company had the capacity to make 60,000 bricks a day, and employed 50 men. The brick works remained in operation until 1919, when a fire destroyed the engine house and sheds. The article reports no other activity on the site until the construction of the Hunting Terrace

apartments in 1943.

HISTORIC DISTRICTS

Figure 2 below shows the historic districts in and near the Hunting Creek planning area. Hunting Towers, Hunting Terrace and Porto Vecchio are within the boundaries of the City's Old and Historic District, established by ordinance in 1946. Although these structures are within the physical boundaries of this district, they do not share the predominate character of the district, which has a two and three-story urban form with townhouses and small shops, most of which front di-

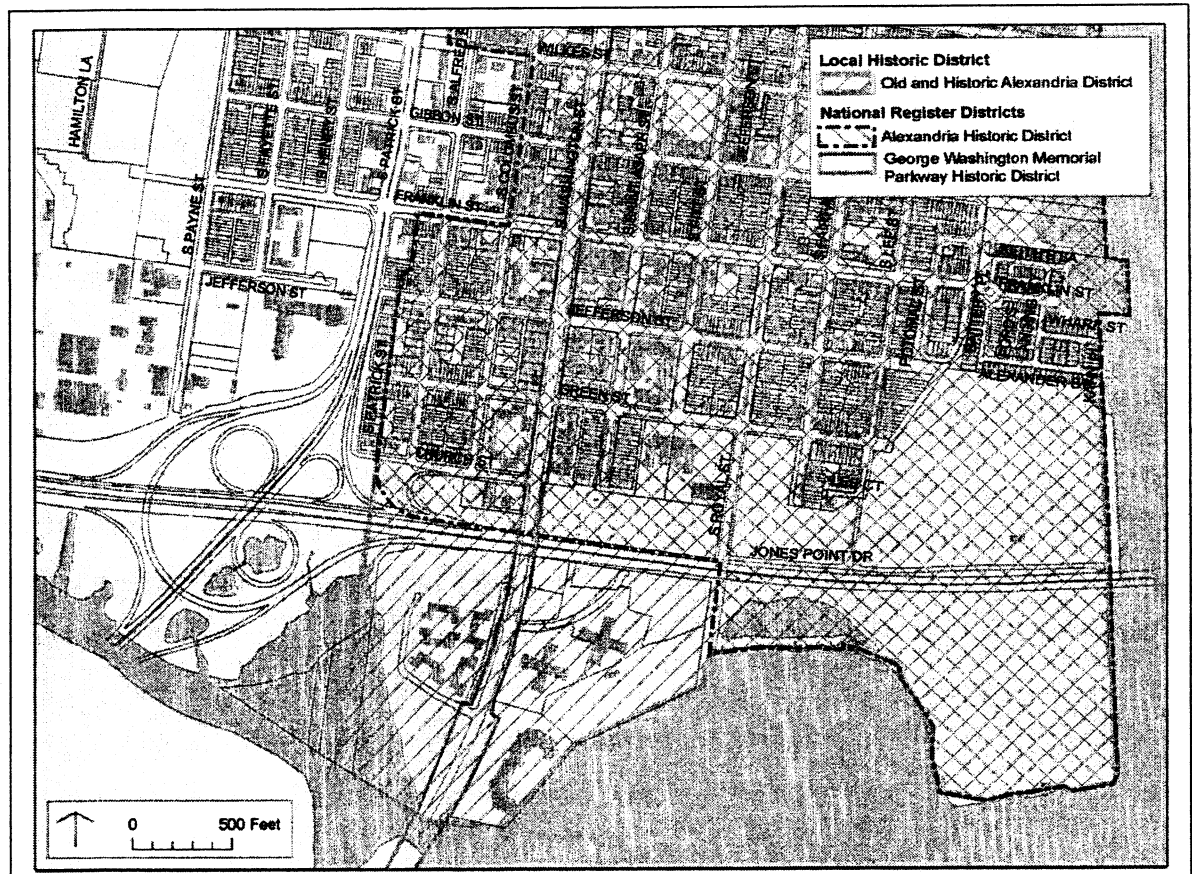


Figure 2. Historic Districts. Historic districts in the area near Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace include the Old and Historic Alexandria District, the National Register Alexandria Historic District, and the National Register George Washington Memorial Parkway Historic District. The George Washington Memorial Parkway historic district includes only the Parkway right-of-way. The National Register Alexandria Historic District does not extend south of the Capital Beltway west of Royal Street, but does include Jones Point Park.

rectly on the sidewalk and form a continuous street edge. These sites are included in the historic district to protect the historic character of the George Washington Memorial Parkway in any future development or redevelopment of the sites.

Hunting Terrace was developed in 1943-44 and Hunting Towers in 1950. While the structures are of the minimum age (50 years) to qualify them as historic under the age criteria of national and state historic registers, designation of such recent structures to registers of significant historic places normally requires association with a historic person or event, or some specific cultural significance, such as exemplary architecture.

EXEMPLARY HISTORIC GARDEN APARTMENT DEVELOPMENTS IN AND NEAR ALEXANDRIA

For example, the Parkfairfax housing development in north Alexandria is listed on the Virginia Landmarks Register. Parkfairfax is a garden apartment district constructed between 1941 and 1943 by Metropolitan Life. These apartments were master planned with mostly four- to ten-unit two- and three-story buildings on a curving network of local streets, a number of common green spaces, and extensive landscaping. Gerald Ford and Richard Nixon and other well-known politicians rented here in the late 1940s and early 1950s. Parkfairfax was sold in 1977 to PIA/IDI. Under the direction of IDI's Giuseppe Cecchi, the developer of Porto Vecchio, Parkfairfax was converted to condominiums in a major rehabilitation program. Over 80% of the existing residents at the time of the conversion purchased condominium units in the project. (Laura L. Bobeczko, *A Study in Decentralized Living: Parkfairfax, Alexandria, Virginia. Historic Alexandria Quarterly, Spring, 1997, Vol. III, No. 6.*)

Other notable garden apartment developments in the area include the Buckingham, Fairlington and Colonial Village developments in Arlington County, all listed on the Virginia Landmarks Register.

HUNTING TERRACE

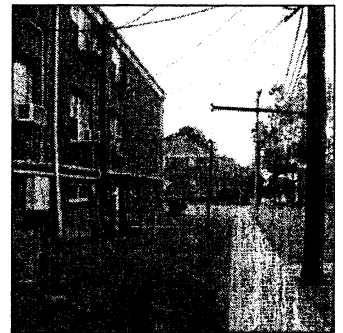
Although apparently well maintained, Hunting Terrace does not share the character, the planning, the landscaping or the environment of the much larger Parkfairfax project. While the structures fronting on Washington Street have pitched roofs, the buildings behind have flat roofs, detracting from both the unity of the project and its residential character. Landscaping is minimal, with few large trees and a scattering of small shrubs found on the grassy lawn. Overhead wires cross the green spaces, and utility upgrades over the years have resulted in unsightly horizontal and vertical runs of pipe, conduit and gutters along the brick exterior of the buildings front and back. The buildings are placed somewhat randomly to fill the site, which has surface parking lots around the perimeter. The buildings are substantially larger than those at Parkfairfax, with 210-foot-long articulated facades that step back to entry courts with multiple stairwells leading to the apartment units. Parking in the courts of the buildings fronting on Alfred Street further detracts from the character of the street. There is little exterior evidence of any feeling of community in the Hunting Terrace complex such as might be encouraged by an outdoor gathering or recreation space, organized landscaping, or gardens.

HUNTING TOWERS

The mid-rise Hunting Towers project is a simple brick-skinned reinforced concrete framed tower with a cruciform plan. Similar to Hunting Terrace, the site has little landscaping and few mature trees, and is dominated by surface



Hunting Terrace. Structures facing Washington Street have pitched roofs, with portions of the structures set back from the street.



Hunting Terrace. Sparse landscaping and utility retrofits contribute to a low-budget aesthetic without attention to common uses or community activities.

parking. A swimming pool, picnic benches and barbeque grills are provided as a common recreation facility, but this project also shows little sign of a spirit of neighborhood or community in the development or use of the grounds.

In its assessment of historic resources for construction of the Woodrow Wilson Bridge and related improvements, VDOT conducted a review of the structures and in consultation with the Virginia State Historic Preservation Office concluded that the buildings did not meet the standards of eligibility for individual listing on the National Register. While the City supported a finding that the buildings were of historic merit at the time, the documentation justifies a finding that the Hunting Terrace project does not share some of the key features that resulted in the nomination of other structures from this era to the State Landmarks Register and the National Register of Historic Places.

ARCHAEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS.

Recognizing the high potential for finding evidence of past human occupation of the area, the City's Zoning Ordinance requires archaeological investigations for projects that would include ground-disturbing activities in the Hunting Creek planning area.

2.3. Existing Development

Hunting Terrace. Hunting Terrace, on the west side of Washington Street, consists of five apartment buildings containing a total of 115 residential units. Structural and condition information provided here is based on *Hunting Terrace Garden Apartments, Alexandria, VA, Baseline Structural Assessment*, prepared by Potomac Crossing Consultants, dated November, 2003, supplemented by field observations by City staff. The conclusion of this report was that the structures "are in good condition and do not appear to have

been damaged by the adjacent demolition or construction activities associated with the Woodrow Wilson Bridge Replacement Project" (p. 3-3). The report noted the need for a number of specific repairs, primarily to prevent damage to the brick. This damage could ultimately result in structural problems with the brick veneer if the repairs are not made in the near future.

The structural system of the buildings is a cast-in-place reinforced concrete frame with brick veneer exterior and masonry infill walls. Interior floors and roofs are of wood frame construction. Floors are sheet vinyl in maintenance areas and kitchens with ceramic tile in entries, building hallways and apartment bathrooms.

The buildings have a basement or crawl space with two floors of apartments above grade. Some of the structures have a third level of residential units in part of the structure. Basements contain the mechanical room, electrical room, laundry room and storage rooms. The two remaining buildings fronting Washington Street have pitched roofs, while the three buildings behind have flat roofs.

Hunting Terrace is currently developed as garden apartments in two- and three-story structures with substantial grassy open spaces. The density of the Hunting Terrace property today is approximately 16 dwelling units per acre based on the area of the site above the high tide line, which defines the lot area in the City's zoning regulations. Of the 7.2-acre area above the high tide line, approximately 15% is devoted to structures, 20% to surface parking and internal circulation, 7% to a wetland mitigation easement, and the remaining 58% to lawn, walkways and shoreline areas. Using 1000 square feet of floor area per dwelling unit to estimate the total building area, the project has a floor area ratio (FAR) of approximately 0.36.

On the Hunting Terrace site, a substantial part of the parcel is below the high tide elevation, and an additional area is in the 100-foot resource protection area (RPA) buffer established by the Chesapeake Bay Protection Ordinance, reducing the development potential of that site well below the legal maximum density. On the Hunting Towers and Porto Vecchio sites, development closer to the permitted maximum would be possible because nearly all of the parcel area of these sites is above the high tide line. Reconstruction of the existing buildings would be possible under code provisions permitting reconstruction of existing legal noncomplying structures provided that the degree of nonconformity with current regulations is not increased.

Hunting Towers. Hunting Towers includes two apartment buildings and a garage. Structural and condition information provided here is based on *Hunting Towers Apartments, Alexandria, VA, Baseline Structural Assessment*, prepared by Potomac Crossing Consultants, dated November, 2003, supplemented by field observations by City staff. Each apartment building includes a sub-basement, basement, and eight floors above grade. The sub basement contains the boiler room, electrical room, and storage rooms. The basement level is considered to be the ground level of the building with apartments, business offices, laundry area, fitness room and storage rooms. The remaining levels are devoted to residential apartments. The parking garage is a one-level cast-in-place concrete structure with continuous walls, interior columns and slab ceiling and floor.

Each building is a cast-in-place reinforced concrete framed structure with brick veneer exterior, masonry infill walls and cast-in-place concrete roof and floor framing. There are 248 efficiency, 212 one-bedroom, and 70 two-bedroom apartment units in both

buildings, with 470 surface, 53 underground garage and 12 motorcycle parking spaces for both buildings. Units are organized in an equal-armed cross with central hallways in each wing, and an elevator lobby near the center of each floor. A total of 64 balconies exist in both buildings. Interior walls are finished with plaster, and the floors in the apartments are wood parquet or wall-to-wall carpet, with ceramic tile in the bathrooms, and sheet vinyl in the kitchens.

The overall conclusion of the structural assessment report was "the structures are in good condition and do not appear to have been damaged by the adjacent demolition or construction activities." A number of minor repairs were recommended in the short term in order to prevent more costly deterioration and damage to the structures. An overall cleaning, repairing and re-pointing of the brick veneer for the entire structure at a cost of over \$400,000 was recommended within the next few years in order to maintain the integrity of the brick and prevent deterioration and eventual spalling of parts of the brick veneer.

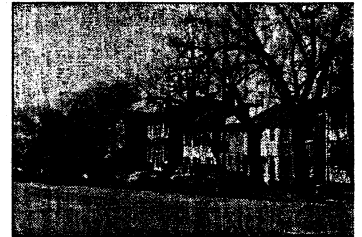
Porto Vecchio. Porto Vecchio is a midrise condominium development of 170 dwelling units on a 4.8-acre site, constructed in the mid-1980s. The development has a density of approximately 35 dwelling units per acre.

2.4. Urban Design

Urban design, like architecture, is a term applied both to a design discipline and to a set of characteristics of a place. Architecture considers buildings. Urban design considers the physical form, character, structure and function of the built environment of human settlements at the scale of the block, neighborhood, and district.



Hunting Towers. Mid-rise brick in a parking field.



Washington Street looking south from Wolfe Street toward Wilkes Street. Structures form a street wall at the rear of the sidewalk.



The Gunston Hall Apartments show the pattern south of Wilkes Street. Here broad front setbacks and large open courtyards open the margins of the roadway and provide a spacious feel before one enters the denser commercial district of Old Town a few blocks to the north.



It is urban design that gives Old Town's cobbled townhouse streets their comfortable intimacy, and the Capital Mall its grandeur. The size of open spaces and the mass and scale of buildings, the character of architectural detailing, the rhythm of separate buildings, windows and doorways, the length and character of vistas and their margins and their terminations, the presence or absence of trees and grassy expanses all help define our response to these places.

The figure at left shows the pattern of existing structures in the Old Town area along Washington Street from Hunting Creek north to Queen Street. South of Wilkes Street, the strong pattern of a nearly continuous wall of buildings at the street to the north begins to transition to a pattern of greater setbacks, greater separation between structures, and open spaces extending to the street. This pattern is particularly true of residential buildings. South of Franklin Street is a pattern of garden apartment buildings with substantial setbacks, some with deep indentations in the façades. The Hunting Terrace apartments, with their setbacks and center indentations, have a pattern at the street similar to these apartments just north of the Beltway.

The Washington Street Guidelines of the Board of Architectural Review recognize this transition and call for future development to reflect this character along Washington Street in the area from Wilkes Street to Hunting Creek.

Figure 3. Structures along Washington Street in Old Town. This figure shows the change in character of the street along Washington Street as one moves south from the center of Old Town's commercial district at King Street. From Queen Street at the top of the figure to Wilkes Street near the center, buildings form a strong, continuous line along the street. At Wilkes Street and farther south, the streetscape transitions to one with larger spaces between structures and greater setbacks from the street.

The Hunting Towers and Porto Vecchio buildings, midrises set in asphalt and turf with no relation to the street except as an access point for cars, are a completely alien building form in this setting, and have no counterparts in Old Town.

The figure to the right shows the plan for the southern gateway to the City at Hunting Creek, together with the pattern of landscaping that ties this point on George Washington Memorial Parkway to the urban deck crossing the Beltway. On the following page are details of the urban deck, showing the way the deck protects pedestrians from the noise and disruption of the Beltway below. The view along the Parkway is emphasized, reinforcing the north-south connection between the planning area and Old Town.

The figure below shows the landscape features of the gateway landscaping. These features are intended to link the gateway to Mount Vernon and the history of George Washington while they form an attractive entry to Alexandria from the rural and pastoral areas along the Potomac to the south.

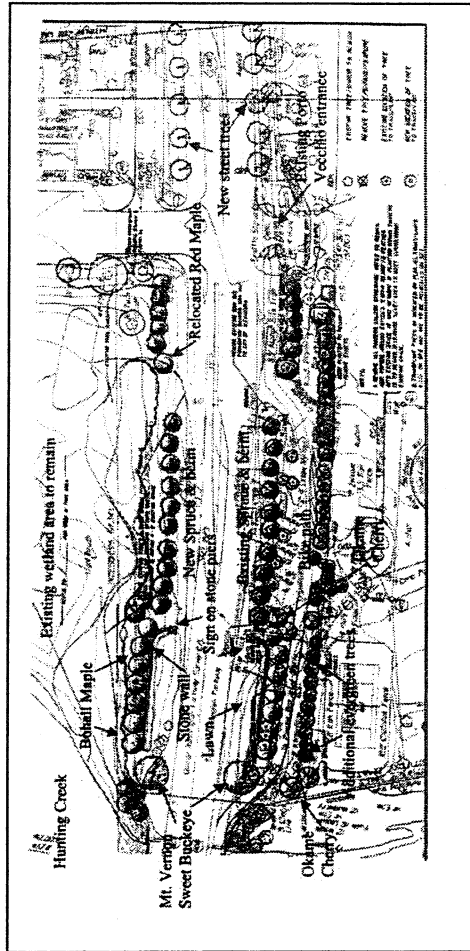


Figure 4. Gateway Feature. This illustration shows the landscaping proposed following the reconstruction of Washington Street between the Beltway and Hunting Creek.

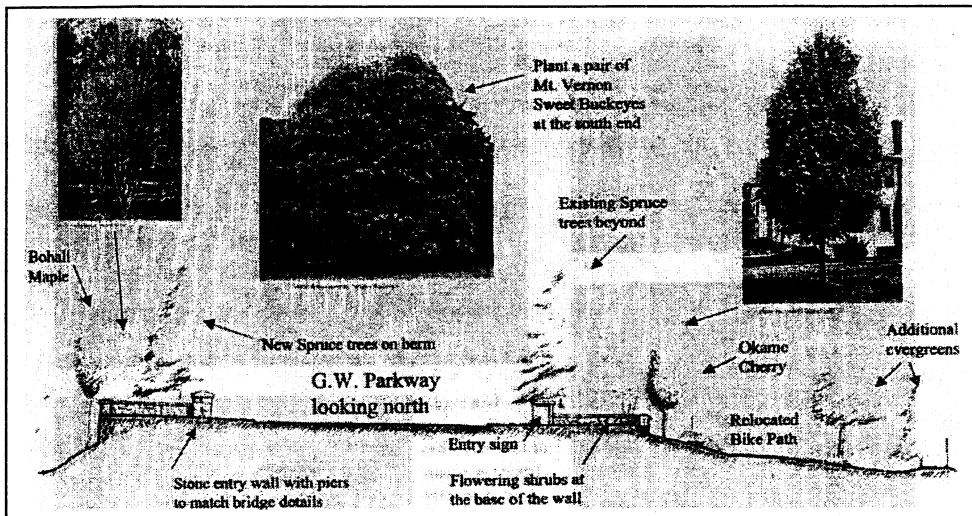


Figure 5. Section through gateway landscape feature. This section of the proposed Washington Street entry feature shows the design of the City entry point with trees to be used in the design.

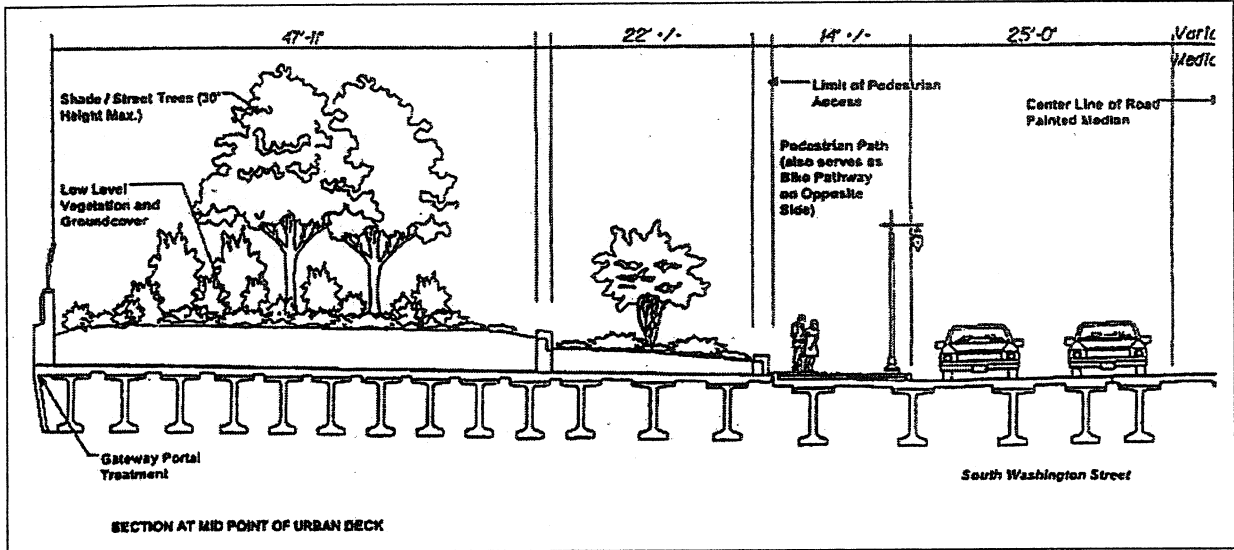


Figure 6. Urban Deck: Section. This illustration shows a cross-section through the urban deck over the Capital Beltway, just north of the planning area. Landscaping will take attention from the freeway barrier and emphasize the connection along Washington Street to Old Town.

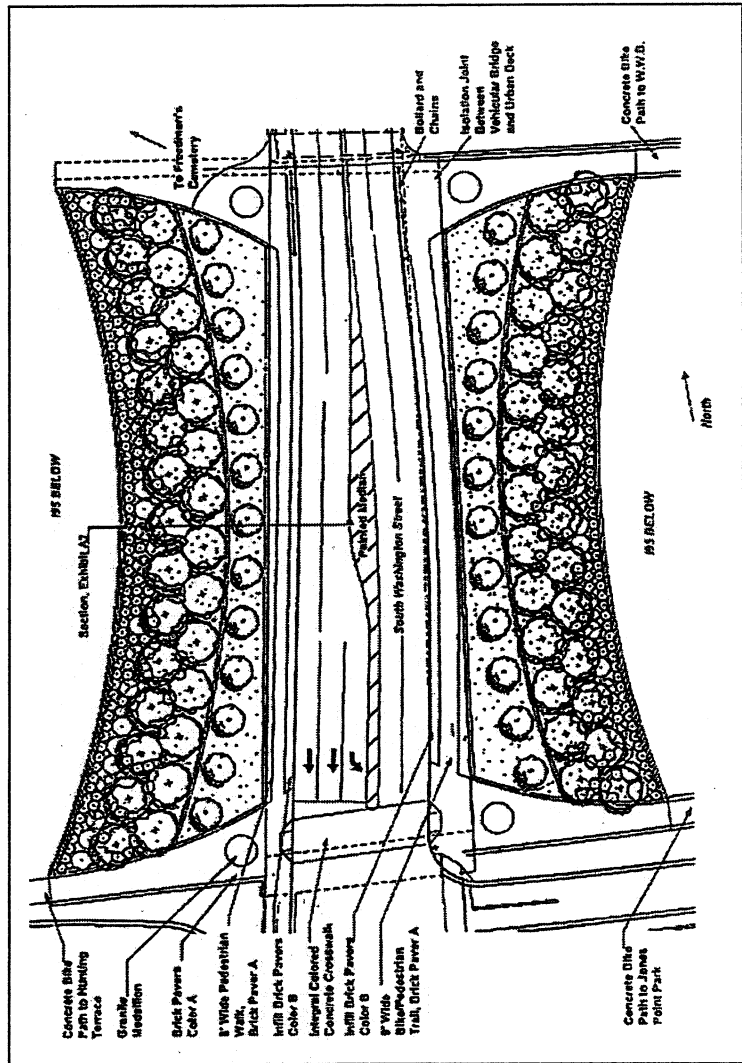


Figure 7. Urban Deck: Plan. This drawing shows the concept for the urban deck as seen from above. The wide bridge and landscaping are intended to help mitigate the effect of the greatly increased separation of this area from Old Town to the north as a result of the roadway widening.

2.5. Affordable Housing

“Affordable Housing” means different things to different people. Some use the term only to apply to housing that is subsidized through tax credits, rent supplements or public ownership for low and moderate-income households. Others apply it more generally to housing that is available at a price that meets a typical household’s budget.

Housing is generally considered “affordable” to a household if the direct housing-related expenditures of the household (commonly including utilities for water, electric power, heating, cooking and sewage disposal), and ownership costs such as taxes and in-

surance, are no more than 30% of household’s gross income. Ownership housing is generally considered affordable by lenders if the cost of principal, interest, taxes, insurance, and, if applicable, condominium association fees, does not exceed 35% of a household’s gross income. Many lenders may accept a higher percentage if there are compensating factors.

The City of Alexandria’s Affordable Housing Policy (November, 2002) expresses the City’s specific affordable housing objective to achieve a broad range of housing for households with incomes up to \$53,580 for a four-person household.

Table 1
City Income, Sales Price and Rent Limits
(Effective February 25, 2004)

Income limits for City homeownership assistance programs

| Maximum Gross Household Income | | Sales Price/Loan Limits |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Two or fewer persons | Three or more persons | New and Existing Construction |
| \$68,700 | \$79,500 | \$399,600 |

Income Limits, Set-aside Rental Unit Program

(based on 60% of Department of Housing and Urban Development’s (HUD) Area Median Income):

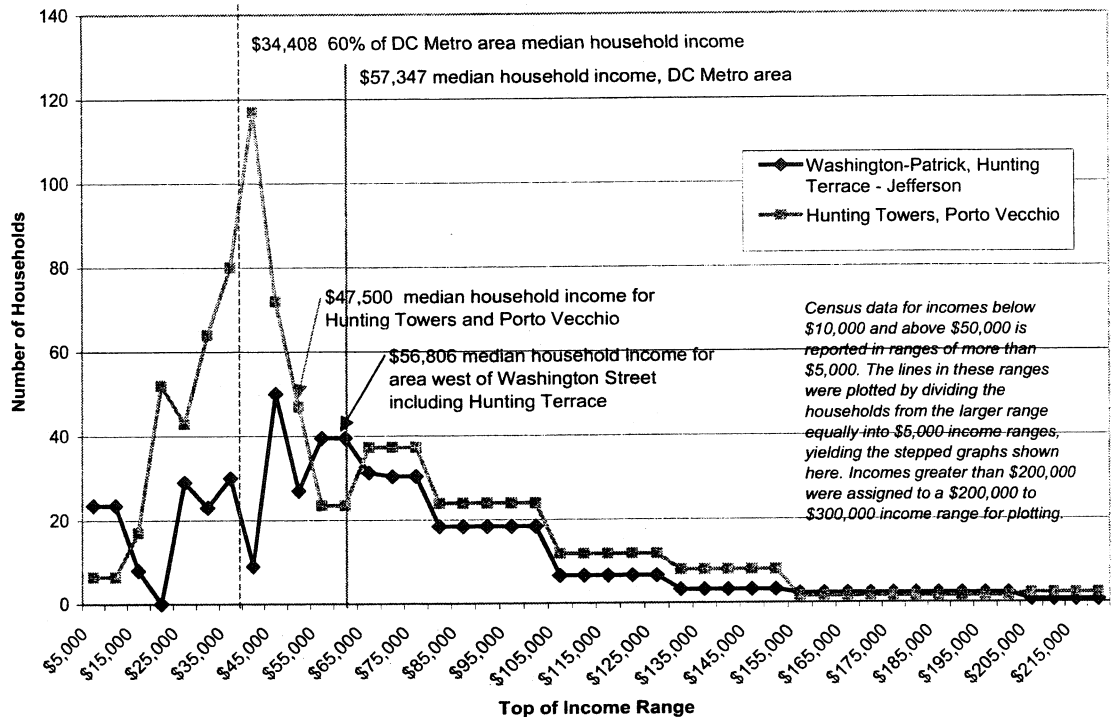
| Household Size | Income Limit (as of 2/11/05) |
|----------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | \$ 37,500 |
| 2 | \$ 42,840 |
| 3 | \$ 48,240 |
| 4 | \$ 53,580 |
| 5 | \$ 57,840 |
| 6 | \$ 62,160 |
| 7 | \$ 66,420 |
| 8 or more | \$ 70,740 |

Rent Limits, Set-aside Rental Unit Program

(based on federal Low Income Housing Tax Credit Program rents allowed in the City for households at 60% of Area Median Income):

| Unit Size | Gross Monthly Rent Limit (as of 2/11/05) |
|---------------|--|
| Efficiency | \$ 937 |
| One-bedroom | \$ 1004 |
| Two-bedroom | \$ 1206 |
| Three-bedroom | \$ 1392 |
| Four-bedroom | \$ 1554 |
| Five-bedroom | \$ 1714 |

Figure 8
1999 Household Income, Hunting Point Area
Census 2000, by Block Group



The graph above shows the range of 1999 household incomes in the census block groups including the Hunting Terrace and Hunting Towers projects. For Hunting Towers, the census block group includes only Hunting Towers and Porto Vecchio. Approximately three-quarters of the units in this census block group were in Hunting Towers. For Hunting Terrace, the Hunting Terrace site includes approximately one-quarter of the units in the block group. The area includes other apartments, duplexes and townhouses in the area bounded by Washington Street on the east, Patrick Street on the west, and Jefferson Street on the north.

The graph shows that of the households living in the Hunting Towers block group, the median household income was somewhat below the median for the region as a whole. The graph shows

a bimodal distribution, probably reflecting in part the different income distributions of the Porto Vecchio luxury condominiums with a peak above the areawide median and the Hunting Towers apartments with a peak just above 60% of the areawide median. Approximately one third of the households in the census block group had incomes lower than 60% of the areawide median, indicating that if they met other qualifications they would qualify for the City's affordable housing programs.

This analysis shows that Hunting Terrace and Hunting Towers provide a valuable resource of affordable housing at rents that cannot be duplicated in new construction projects except through subsidy. These units provide what is traditionally called "workforce housing," for moderate and middle-

income households in technical and professional occupations, and for those of low and moderate income in services and a variety of entry-level positions. Both of these groups are increasingly priced out of market-rate housing in Alexandria by continued employment growth and strong housing demand in the Washington, D. C. metropolitan region.

2.6. Development Potential

The development potential of a site under the City's development regulations is determined by the size and conditions of the site and the limitations of zoning and building regulations.

Hunting Towers, Hunting Terrace and Porto Vecchio are zoned RC, High Density Apartment, to permit up to 54.45 dwelling units per acre and a floor area ratio of 1.25. The RC district normally permits development with a height of 150 feet. However, because of the 50-foot height limit in the Old and Historic Alexandria District and the development restrictions including parking requirements, setbacks, and open space requirements, new development to the maximum permitted density is not likely to be feasible if the existing structures are demolished.

Ability to redevelop. In the Old and Historic Alexandria District, demolition, modification or reconstruction of existing structures requires the approval of the Board of Architectural Review (BAR). The Board of Architectural Review is charged with preserving and enhancing buildings and neighborhoods with special historical, cultural, artistic and architectural significance. In the case of sites with structures that contribute to the character of the historic district, therefore, the development potential of the site may be limited by the requirement to preserve existing structures.

An owner may demolish such structures if the City has denied approval of demolition following appeal if the owner has made a bona fide offer to sell the property at fair market value for a specified period (one year for all properties of substantial value) to someone who will retain the structure, and no contract for sale has resulted.

The City recently denied a demolition permit for the Gunston Hall Apartments, a garden apartment just north of the Beltway along Washington Street. This project was constructed a few years before Hunting Terrace and was designed around a central open space. Exterior features of the structures recall the design of the Gunston Hall plantation house.

Permitted density and intensity of development. The City's Zoning Ordinance establishes limits on the total density and intensity of development permitted in each of the zoning districts established in the City. Development standards such as height and setback limits may prevent an owner from developing a property to the maximum density permitted by zoning.

Density of a site is the number of dwelling units per acre of property. Density is limited in the zoning ordinance by establishing a maximum number of dwelling units that may be constructed per acre of site, or by establishing a minimum parcel area per dwelling unit. For the RC, or High Density Apartment, Zone, the maximum density permitted for multi-family development is one unit per 800 square feet, or 54.45 dwelling units per acre. For townhouse development, the maximum density permitted is one unit per 1600 square feet, or 27.22 units per acre.

Intensity of Development. Intensity of development of a site is described by Floor Area Ratio, or FAR, the ratio of building floor area to parcel area of the site. For example, a building which has

100,000 square feet of floor area constructed on a site with an area of 50,000 square feet has a floor area ratio of 2.0. If the same site were developed with only 25,000 square feet of floor area, the floor area ratio would be 0.5. The RC zone permits a maximum FAR of 1.25, or about 1,000 square feet per dwelling unit at the maximum permitted density.

Development standards. While the density and intensity of development standards establish upper limits on the number of dwelling units and floor area that can be developed on the site, projects must also comply with development standards that limit height of structures, require setbacks from property lines, require parking and open space areas. These development standards are found in the requirements for the zone and in the regulations of the Old and Historic Alexandria District.

Building Height. Among the specific limitations that apply to the Hunting Towers, Hunting Terrace and Porto Vecchio properties is a 50-foot height limit established by the City's height districts. The height district supersedes the height that is otherwise permitted by the RC zone designation.

Setbacks. For multifamily structures, the RC zone requires a side yard setback of 16 feet or 1/2 of building height, whichever is greater, and a rear yard setback of 8 feet or the building height, whichever is greater. For townhouse end units, the minimum side yard setback is the greater of 8 feet or 1/3 of building height. These setbacks are from the property line. No front yard setback is required by the zoning ordinance, though BAR guidelines for this portion of Washington Street call for front setbacks.

Resource Protection Areas (RPAs). Resource Protection Areas are established in the City by the Chesapeake Bay Protection Ordinance, enacted under provisions of the Virginia Chesapeake

Bay Protection Act. RPAs are buffer zones along shorelines and wetland areas in which development of structures or impervious surfaces is severely restricted to protect the natural features and functions of shoreline areas. Resource protection areas are found along the Hunting Creek and Potomac shorelines throughout the planning area.

Open Space. Development in the RC zone requires 40% open space, or 320 square feet per unit for multi-family development and 800 square feet per unit for townhouses, whichever is greater.

Noncomplying Structures. Noncomplying structures are structures that were legal at the time of construction but do not meet standards for height, floor area ratio or other standards adopted after construction. The City's zoning ordinance permits the reconstruction of noncomplying structures if the density, height and floor area ratio are not increased or the degree of non-compliance with current regulations is not otherwise increased. The Hunting Towers and Porto Vecchio structures are noncomplying with respect to the current height limit.

MARKET DEMAND

A 2004 study of development markets in Alexandria conducted to provide background information for evaluation of potential changes to the City's Affordable Housing Policy found that the new development markets for townhouses and condominiums were strong, but that office and apartment developments were in general not feasible in Alexandria in the speculative marketplace.

While individual owners, businesses or organizations may have strong incentives to locate in a particular area of the City of Alexandria, and may have projects constructed to suit, there is little market demand for new apartment or

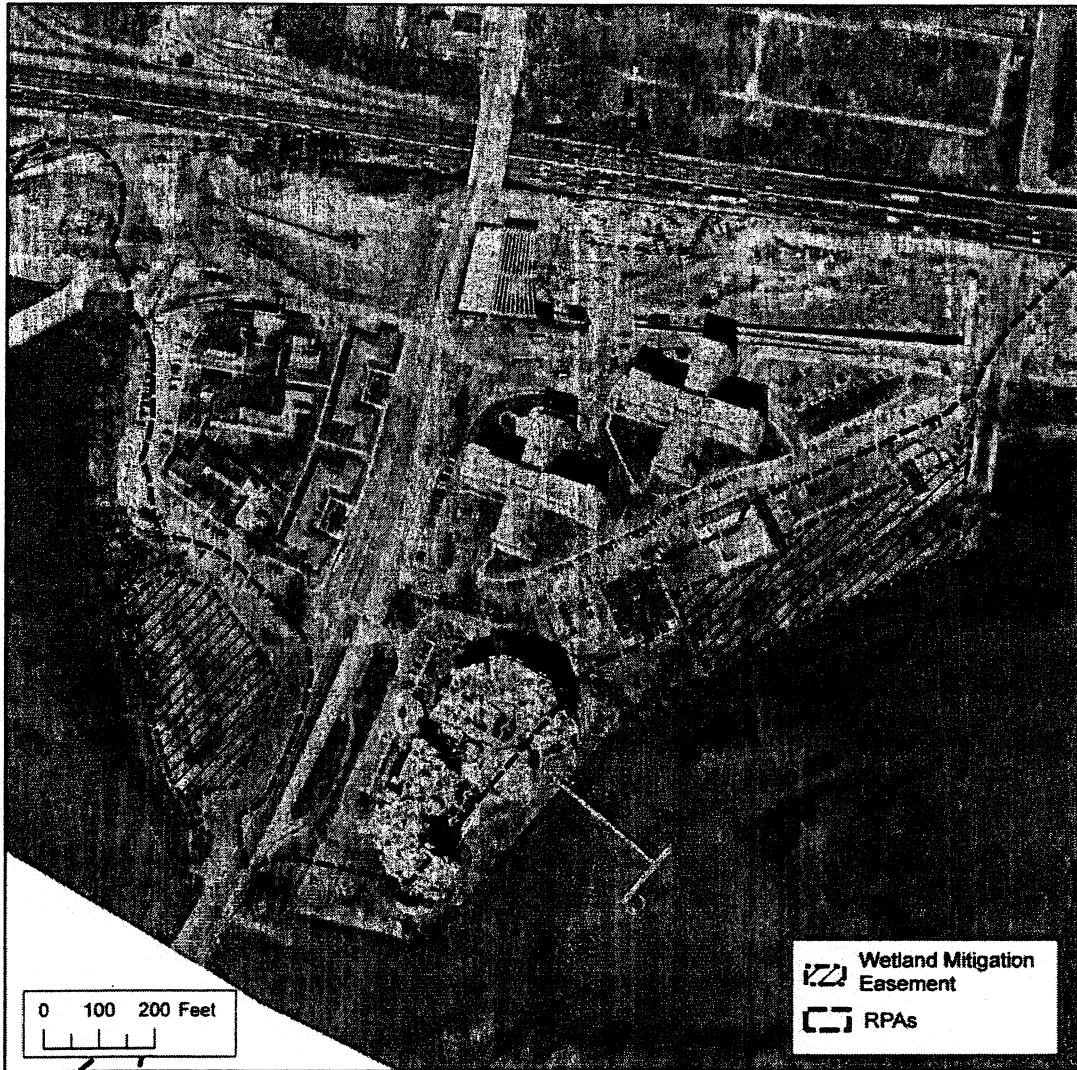


Figure 9. Resource Protection Areas (RPAs) and Wetland Mitigation Easements. *This figure shows the approximate location of resource protection areas and wetland mitigation easements on a 2004 aerial photograph of the Hunting Towers, Hunting Terrace and Porto Vecchio sites. Resource protection area locations are based on a 100-foot buffer from shorelines and wetlands. The actual locations must be determined through field surveys to identify the limits of wetland areas in the wetland mitigation sites and the location of the shoreline. New construction of structures or impervious surfaces is generally prohibited within RPAs. Wetland mitigation easements must be maintained in a way to that sustains wetland quality.*

**Table 2
Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace
Summary of Site Characteristics, Applicable Development Standards and Guidelines**

Site Characteristics and Potential Development

| | Hunting Terrace | Hunting Towers |
|--|--|--|
| Site Area (total/above 3' elevation) | 12.5/7.3 (estimated) ¹ | 11.8/10.0 (estimated) ¹ |
| Existing dwelling units | 115 | 530 |
| Existing density, units per acre, based on estimated site area above high tide level | 16 | 53 |
| Maximum permitted density | 54.45 units/acre multi-family 27.2 units/acre townhouse | 54.45 units/acre multi-family 27.2 units/acre townhouse |
| Maximum permitted dwelling units | 397 multi-family 198 townhouse | 544 multi-family 272 townhouse |
| Floor Area Ratio, estimated based on 1000 sq ft per dwelling unit | 0.36 | 1.22 |
| Parking provided | 138 surface | 454 surface, 53 garage, (507 total auto) +12 motorcycle |

1. Estimated based on interpolation between 2-foot contours in City GIS supplemented by VDOT 2-foot contours and estimate of probable additional area below 3 feet elevation in wetland mitigation areas. Precise determination of the location of and area within the 3-foot elevation line would require a site survey.

Permitted Height: 50 feet maximum

Setbacks Required:

Front yard none
 Side yard townhouse: greater of 8 feet or 1/3 height
 Multifamily: greater of 16 feet or 1/3 height
 Rear yard 8 feet or building height

Open Space:

Multifamily: greater of 320 sq. ft. per unit or 40% of lot area
 Other residential: 800 sq. ft. per unit

Off-street parking:

Single-family dwellings: 2 spaces/unit
 Multifamily dwellings:
 Efficiency, one-bedroom unit 1.3 spaces per unit
 Two-bedroom unit 1.75 spaces/unit
 Three-bedroom unit 2.20 spaces/unit

Parking spaces 9 feet x 18.5 feet, aisles 22 feet wide
 + 15% visitor parking spaces

Washington Street Design Standards

- Traditional building character, compatible with and similar to buildings found on Washington Street in commercial or residential buildings of historical architectural merit.
- Appear to have footprint of no more than 100 feet x 80 feet as viewed from public right-of-way.
- Larger projects should preserve or replicate the pattern of mid-block alleys.
- Pattern of 20-foot to 40-foot building bays.

Washington Street Guidelines

- This sector of Washington Street is largely residential in nature with considerable setbacks from the roadway. Projects are specifically encouraged to retain the open feeling of the area. . .
- Spacing Between Buildings . . . For example, in this sector, it is appropriate to have a considerable separation between buildings.

office development for the general leasing market.

Real estate markets are cyclical, and it is likely that office and apartment development will become feasible in the future. Apartment demand is suppressed by the recent sustained period of unusually low interest rates on mortgages. This low interest translates to a low cost of purchasing at high prices that encourages new construction of ownership housing and limits demand for rental housing. Current housing market conditions have resulted in the conversion of a number of apartment projects in the area to condominiums, and have limited new applications for apartment construction, particularly in the last two years.

Based on inquiries received by the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT), interest has been expressed in acquisition of Hunting Terrace primarily for redevelopment, while interest in Hunting Towers has been primarily for conversion to condominiums.

Site Development Potential. The experience of VDOT is consistent with the Planning and Zoning Department's investigations of the development potential of the sites. Although a detailed site design was not prepared and tested against the City's development standards and all criteria that might be used in evaluating a development proposal, potential site layouts based on patterns of recent development showed that substantially more apartments or condominiums than are there today could be developed on the Hunting Terrace site if demolition of the existing structures was approved by the Board of Architectural Review.

With 530 existing dwelling units, the Hunting Towers site is currently developed at nearly the permitted maximum density in the RC zone. The 50-foot height limit, open space requirements and other development limitations such as the BAR guidelines may prevent the

maximum density permitted by zoning from being achieved in a practical plan for redevelopment of either the Hunting Terrace or the Hunting Towers sites.

Thus the development potential of the Hunting Terrace site is substantially greater than its current density, while the development potential of the Hunting Towers site is likely to be at most approximately the same number of units as now exist on the site. A purchaser would be expected to have more to gain from redeveloping the Hunting Terrace site than redeveloping the Hunting Towers site. The purchaser's decision would likely then be based on whether the value added by redevelopment or rehabilitation, determined by expected rents and operating costs or by expected sales prices, would justify the cost of the proposed development.

2.7. Circulation

Washington Street is the only roadway providing vehicular connections to the project site both to the north and to the south. Access to properties on the west side of Washington Street is provided by Alfred Street and by Terrace Road, which operates as a frontage road along the Hunting Terrace property. Terrace Road provides layby parking for up to four buses beginning and ending their schedules at this point and a convenient location to turn around. Emergency access to the planning area is available under the Woodrow Wilson Bridge at Royal Street in the event that Washington Street is blocked.

MOTOR VEHICLES

Washington Street is classified as a major arterial through Alexandria, and provides important regional connections for Alexandria and the area of Fairfax County along the Potomac River east of Richmond Highway (U.S. Route 1). It has a 2004 traffic volume estimated by VDOT at 28,000 vehicles

per day (average weekday daily traffic, or AWDT) at the south city limits of Alexandria in the planning area. The volume at Duke Street is estimated at 32,000 vehicles per day, and by King Street the volume has risen to an estimated 37,000 vehicles per day.

Washington Street has two moving lanes in each direction through the planning area, with left-turn lanes northbound and southbound at Alfred Street at the south entrance to the Hunting Terrace site and the entrance to Porto Vecchio. Parking is not permitted along Washington Street through the Planning Area. Two signalized intersections with Washington Street are provided to serve the planning area. Just south of the Capital Beltway, the intersection of the South Street, the access road to Hunting Towers, is signalized. A second signal is provided at Alfred Street opposite the entrance drive to Porto Vecchio.

North of the planning area through Old Town, Washington Street has three lanes in each direction. Parking is prohibited on one side of Washington Street during morning and afternoon peak commuting hours, providing a third moving lane in the peak direction that operates as a high occupancy vehicle (HOV) lane.

By comparison, Route 1 at the south city limits has an AWDT of 72,000 vehicles per day, including substantial traffic on Route 1 headed to and from the Capital Beltway that does not continue north into Alexandria. Route 1 is divided into a one-way couplet on Patrick Street and Henry Street through Old Town from Wilkes Street to the Monroe Avenue Bridge. VDOT reports a volume of 44,000 on the couplet at King Street as traffic leaves Route 1 onto the Beltway and into Old Town. By the northern city limits, traffic on Route 1 has increased to 63,000 AWDT.

PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION

Bus transportation is provided to the planning area with stops southbound on Terrace Road and northbound on Washington Street by DASH and WMATA buses.

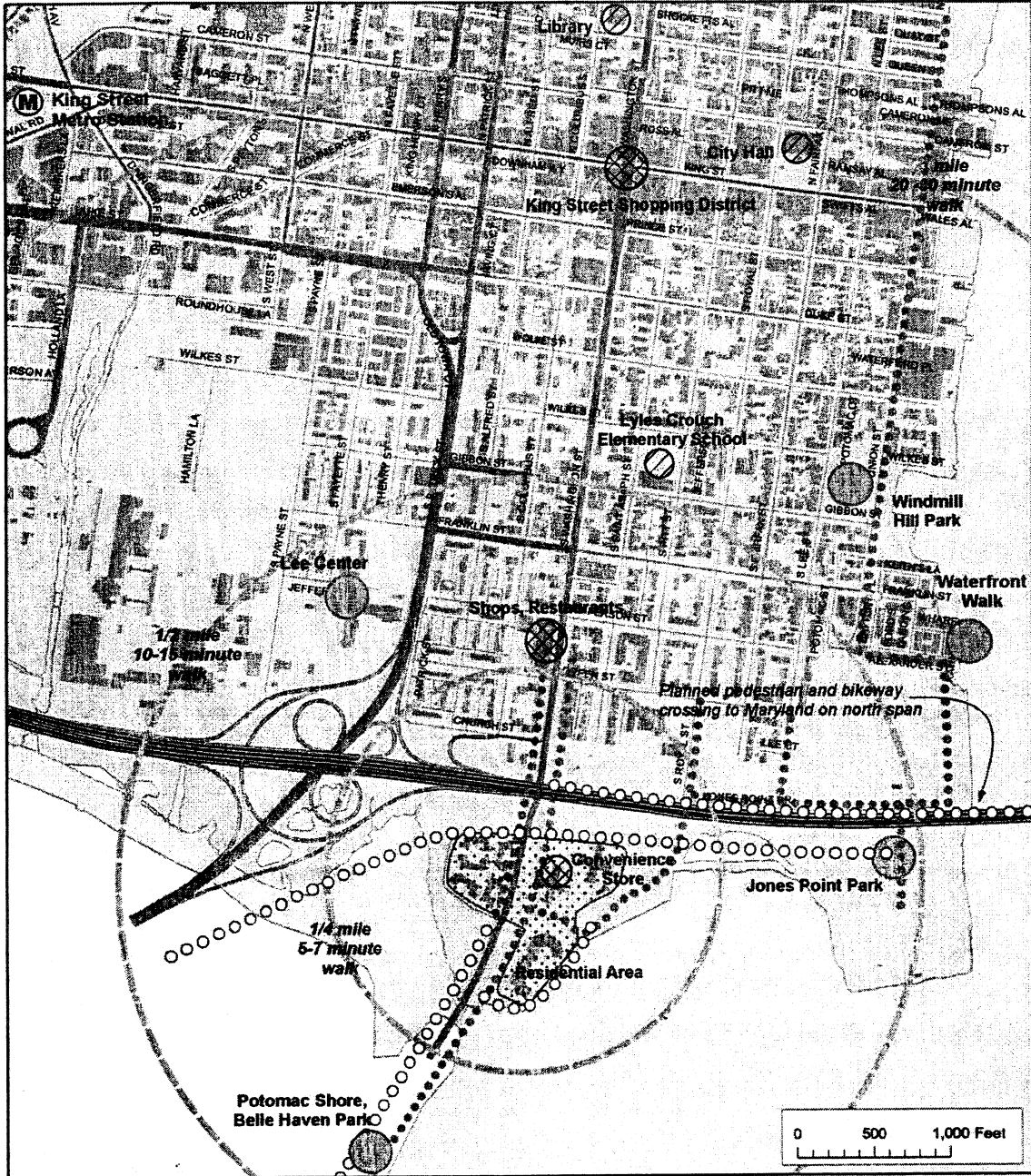
DASH route 4 provides weekday morning and evening peak period service via Braddock Road Metro Station to the Pentagon and hourly service all day Sunday.

WMATA routes 9B, 10A and 10E, and 11Y serve Hunting Towers. Route 9B terminates at Hunting Towers and serves the Crystal City Metro station via Washington Street and Jefferson Davis Highway. Route 10A originates at Hunting Towers and serves the Pentagon. Route 10B originates at Hunting Towers and serves the Ballston Metro station in Arlington via Shirlington. Route 11Y is a limited peak period express service originating south of Mount Vernon and connecting to downtown Washington, D. C. with a stop at Hunting Towers.

Metro Rail stations are beyond the limit of a typical walking commute from the planning area, but good bus service is available to the Braddock Road Metro station from the planning area in peak commute periods. The nearest Metro Rail stations are at King Street (Blue Line and Yellow Line, 1.75 miles), Braddock Road (Blue Line and Yellow Line, 1.9 miles), Eisenhower (Yellow Line, 2.25 miles) and Huntington (Yellow Line, 2.25 miles by car or 1.75 miles on foot or by bicycle via planned multi-use trail).

PEDESTRIANS

Sidewalks are provided on both sides of Washington Street to the north of the planning area. Once the reconstruction of the overcrossing of the Beltway is completed, a substantially improved pedestrian connection will be provided across the Beltway to Old Town. The



- Existing pedestrian and bicycle routes
- ○ ○ ○ Proposed or potential pedestrian and bicycle routes
- Pedestrian destinations
- ⊗ Public facilities
- Parks and recreation
- ⊠ Retail districts

Figure 10
Pedestrian and Bicycle Circulation

connection, shown in Figure 7 on page 14, will have substantial landscaping and sufficient width to significantly reduce freeway noise experienced by pedestrians making the crossing, although the sidewalks are proposed to be relatively close to the moving lanes on Washington Street.

The raising of the grade of Washington Street south of the Beltway to provide for the original construction of the Capital Beltway, and the additional raising for the recent Beltway widening for the Woodrow Wilson Bridge project, have created an obstacle to pedestrian movement between Washington Street and Hunting Towers and the north buildings of Hunting Terrace. Steep landscaped slopes and retaining walls along Washington Street mean pedestrians walking to Old Town now must walk a substantial additional distance out of their way to reach Washington Street.

Additional pedestrian connections to the north and east are provided under the Woodrow Wilson Bridge at Royal Street. To the west, a pedestrian and bicycle connection will be provided along the south side of the Route 1 ramps to reach Route 1 in Fairfax County.

The Mount Vernon Trail provides a pedestrian and bicycle connection to the south on the east side of Washington Street. No sidewalk or paved trail is provided on the west side of Washington Street or George Washington Parkway south of Hunting Terrace, though there is space for people to walk on the shoulder and the margins of the roadway. Because pedestrian destinations on this side of the roadway are few and distant, there is little pedestrian traffic on the west side of Washington Street south of Hunting Terrace.

Pedestrian connections to shared activities help to define neighborhoods. Maintaining good pedestrian connections is important to maintaining the

feeling that this island of development is part of the City of Alexandria, and will encourage people to walk or bicycle to their destinations in Old Town and beyond.

BICYCLES

The planning area is an important connection point for bicycle trails. The Mount Vernon Trail runs from Mount Vernon to Roosevelt Island along George Washington Memorial Parkway. The trail takes quieter streets through Alexandria's Old Town to avoid urban traffic. A pedestrian/ bicycle trail is to be constructed between Virginia and Maryland across the Potomac on the north span of the new bridge. This route will connect to other trails at the Washington Street crossing.

The City's trails plan calls for the Mount Vernon Trail to run along the water side of the Hunting Towers and Porto Vecchio properties. During the Woodrow Wilson Bridge construction, the trail has been routed temporarily along the water side of the Hunting Towers site. The temporary alignment and the current ownership of Hunting Towers by VDOT provide an opportunity to make this connection on the Hunting Towers property.



This photo of the north end of the Hunting Towers site shows how the raising of the grade of Washington Street, first to create the Beltway crossing, and more recently for the new design of the Woodrow Wilson Bridge approaches, has changed the parkway character and created an obstacle to pedestrian movement between residences and the sidewalk. Entrances to buildings are set far back from the sidewalk at Hunting Towers, in an auto-oriented site layout.

Plan Recommendations

3.0

This section details the planning principles for the plan, and outlines the City's long-range land use, design, transportation and housing objectives for the planning area.

3.1. Principles

Create and reinforce neighborhoods.

- Create a greater feeling of neighborhood identity and neighborliness within the planning area. Promote neighborhood identity by improving internal connections and encouraging development of common activity spaces. When sites are redeveloped, encourage owners to provide usable common open space areas, gathering places, and uses that encourage shared activities. Through such physical features, encourage neighborhood activities and events that promote local identity and uniqueness and provide opportunities for regular interaction of neighborhood residents.
- Better integrate the planning area into the character of the City and the George Washington Memorial Parkway through such means as landscaping character and transition, building design, and building and streetscape scale. In future development, ensure that the area appears less isolated and becomes more a connected part of Alexandria.
- Strengthen the connection of the planning area to Old Town by providing a continuous pedestrian connection. Provide convenient and

pleasant pedestrian connectivity throughout the planning area and to Old Town to encourage walking for recreation, for convenient access to transit, and as a means of access to local activities and land uses. Eliminate the obstacle to pedestrian circulation that has resulted from the raising of the grade of Washington Street by raising the grade of adjacent areas as properties are redeveloped.

Retain existing residential uses.

- Protect residences from impacts of inappropriate or intrusive nonresidential uses.
- Ensure new development is compatible with neighboring residential uses.
- Protect existing affordable housing stock.
- Discourage development of non-residential uses in the planning area that do not primarily serve residents and waterfront, trail and park visitors.

Preserve existing historic scale and character of the Old and Historic Alexandria District and the George Washington Memorial Parkway.

- Follow the Washington Street Standards of the Old and Historic Alexandria District in the architectural design and character of redevelopment or public improvements.
- Ensure that site planning and streetscape in future development in the planning area respects the character envisioned in the Washington Street

Guidelines of the Board of Architectural Review. Provide for an appropriate transition from the rural and pastoral character of the Parkway to the south and the Old Town area to the north as envisioned in these guidelines.

Enhance and celebrate the historic character of the southern gateway to the City along the George Washington Memorial Parkway.

- Complete the improvements envisioned in the Southern Gateway Plan.
- Enhance the gateway character between the urban deck and south gateway by appropriate landscaping within the right-of-way and on private property between these features. Adopt landscape guidelines for the public and private spaces along the parkway to encourage development of a unified parkway design. When properties redevelop, encourage owners to bring adjacent areas up to the grade of Washington Street to improve pedestrian connections and restore the image and feeling of the broad parkway continuing to the urban deck.

Maintain the availability of affordable workforce housing, and take advantage of opportunities to assure the continued availability of affordable housing for all economic segments of the community.

- Take immediate action to evaluate, encourage, and if feasible provide for the acquisition of a substantial number of the dwelling units in the Hunting Towers or Hunting Terrace projects for subsidized affordable housing.
- Encourage the continued availability of quality affordable workforce housing at Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace through continued maintenance, rehabilitation or redevelopment.

Enhance public access to and enjoyment of waterfront areas.

- Acquire land or easements to complete the public trail system along the City's waterfront.
- Encourage development of usable public open spaces and water view corridors in new development and redevelopment.
- Provide interpretive exhibits to enhance public awareness and enjoyment of the waterfront's historic and natural areas.

Enable convenient access to and from the Hunting Creek and Jones Point areas by a choice of circulation modes including automobiles, public transportation, bicycling and walking.

- Provide convenient, safe and pleasant routes for pedestrians and bicyclists from their residences to transit and to local destinations such as schools, local retail districts, parks and recreational areas.
- In development or redevelopment of large sites, ensure that a connected network of pedestrian and bicycle circulation ways is provided that encourages access by residents and visitors by means other than the automobile.
- Ensure continued public pedestrian and bicycle access under the Woodrow Wilson Bridge at Royal Street and public connections from this link on the north and south sides of the bridge as a critical linkage in the pedestrian and bicycle circulation network of the City and the region.
- Work with Fairfax County and the National Park Service to encourage development of a pedestrian and bicycle connection along the west side of George Washington Parkway between Alexandria and Belle Haven Road. When this connection is available, provide a sidewalk ap-

appropriate to the parkway landscape design from Alfred Street to the south City Limits on the west side of Washington Street.

Protect and enhance the natural habitat value of the City's natural open spaces. Provide physical and visual access to natural open spaces where access is consistent with protection of natural resource values.

- Continue to work with the National Park Service to use and maintain Jones Point Park for its natural, historic and recreational value to City residents and visitors.
- Provide visual and physical access to Jones Point Park, waterfront areas, and conservation easement areas where such access is consistent with conservation of natural resource values. Ensure that such access is provided in future development or redevelopment of properties adjacent to these sites. Provide interpretive information appropriate to the setting to increase public awareness and appreciation of the natural environmental features of the sites.
- In any redevelopment in the planning area, encourage the recovery of Resource Protection Areas (RPAs) that have been paved or developed in the past so that they may be returned to open space use as natural open space features for watershed protection, wildlife habitat and recreation.

3.2. Land Use and Land Development

The widening of the Capital Beltway has substantially modified the planning area since the previous plan for the area was adopted.

The planning area is currently fully developed. However, the economics of the housing market and the age of the existing structures may combine to en-

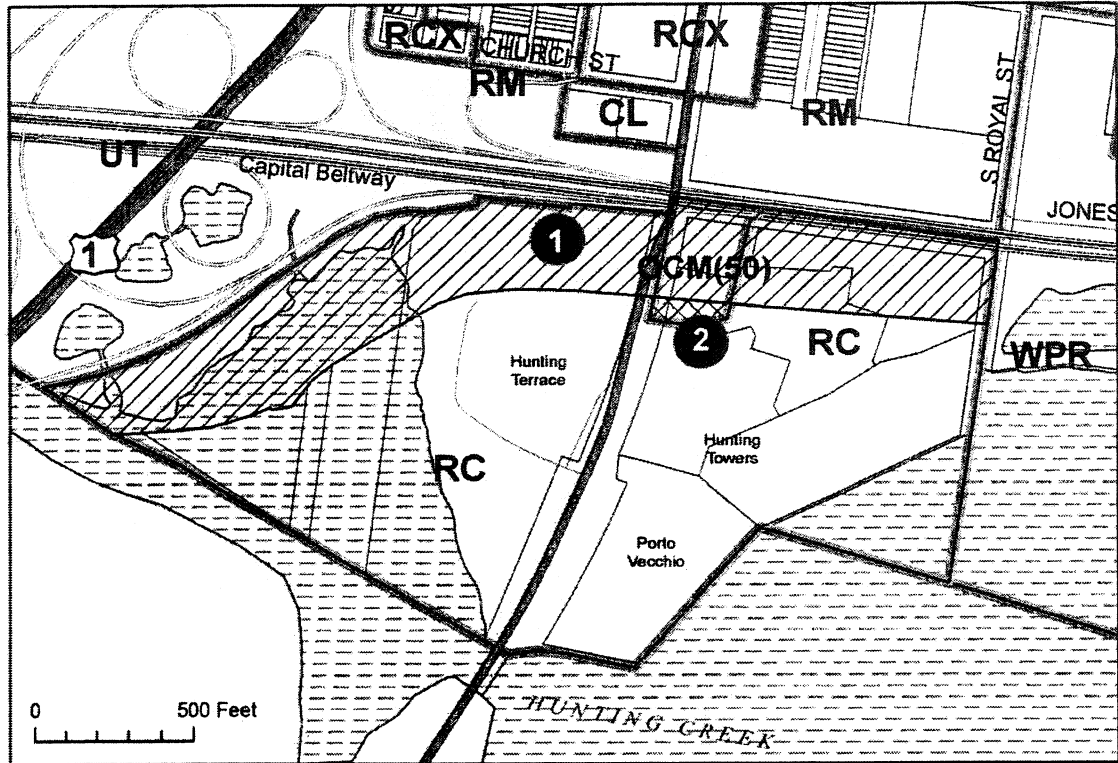
courage the redevelopment or major rehabilitation of the Hunting Terrace or Hunting Towers projects in the near future. The plan's recommendations for changes in land regulation are intended to reflect the new transportation use of the widened Capital Beltway, to retain residential use in areas now used for residences, and to encourage redevelopment in a way that is consistent with the character of the George Washington Memorial Parkway.

Figure 11 illustrates the existing zoning in the planning area and adjacent areas of Alexandria. Recommended changes to zoning for the planning area are illustrated. These changes are as follows:


- For those land uses to be within the Beltway and Route 1 rights of way, change the current zoning to UT, Utility and Transportation from RC and OCM (50).
- For those areas outside the proposed Beltway right-of-way that were previously zoned OCM (50), Office Commercial Medium, rezone to RC, high density apartment, the same as the adjacent residential zoning at Hunting Towers.

In addition to these zoning changes, specific design guidelines and a landscape concept are proposed for development of properties along George Washington Parkway in the planning area. The primary purpose of these guidelines is to implement the Washington Street Design Guidelines of the Board of Architectural Review with specific recommendations for these sites.

The existing Waterfront Park and Recreation (WPR) zoning for Jones Point Park should be retained.



Existing Zoning Designations

-  Zoning District Boundaries
- CL Commercial Low
- OCM (50) Office Commercial Medium
- RC-X Medium Density Apartment
- RC High Density Apartment
- RM Townhouse
- UT Utilities and Transportation
- WPR Waterfront Park and Recreation

Recommended Zone Changes



-  Recommended rezoning, RC and OCM(50) to UT, Utilities and Transportation. All areas within VDOT ownership for ultimate Route 1 and Capital Beltway right-of-way.
-  Recommended rezoning OCM(50) to RC, High Density Apartment, areas not intended for Capital Beltway right-of-way.

Figure 11
Existing Zoning and
Recommended Zone Changes

CREATE AND REINFORCE NEIGHBORHOODS

The plan proposes to create and reinforce neighborhoods in the planning area by promoting a pattern of development that encourages common uses and activities, and connects and relates to adjoining areas of Alexandria.

The widened Beltway and its related ramps, frontage roads and noise barriers form a 700-foot barrier between the residential areas south of the Beltway and the community center for this neighborhood in Old Town. Overcoming the increased isolation resulting from this separation is a challenge the plan addresses through quality pedestrian connections and design for expressing the linkage and common character between the planning area and Old Town to the north.

Given this barrier, it is important to make the pedestrian connection as strong as possible and to provide a clear, consistent and pleasant pedestrian connection between Old Town and the planning area.

RETAIN EXISTING RESIDENTIAL USES

The Hunting Towers, Hunting Terrace and Porto Vecchio projects are all residential uses. Minor commercial activities including a convenience market are located within the projects, but these uses are intended to serve primarily those who live within the residential developments and those passing by or visiting for other reasons, not as destinations that draw others into the area.

The construction of the Woodrow Wilson Bridge and related improvements has reduced the land area devoted to residential uses in the planning area and has increased the separation of the residential areas from the areas of Old Town to the north. Both of these factors make the development of commercial uses beyond those supported by the immediate residential areas or at most

the surrounding neighborhoods in Old Town inappropriate.

Maintaining residential use means protecting residential uses from adverse effects of the traffic on the Beltway and George Washington Memorial Parkway. Both the George Washington Memorial Parkway and Capital Beltway produce traffic noise and disruption that need to be considered in design of adjacent residences. In particular, new development or redevelopment of residential uses should consider traffic noise and external noise barriers in site design and building design. Among the principles of design in a roadway noise environment are:

- Use sound insulating windows, doors, and exterior walls; baffling of ductwork, and other methods of reducing transmission of high exterior noise levels into dwellings.
- Use patio door designs that provide secure closures to eliminate noise pathways.
- Orient noise-sensitive rooms away from noise sources.
- Use sound-absorbing interior materials and finishes.
- Orient buildings to protect outdoor open spaces from noise effects.

While landscaping that hides noise sources has a psychological effect that can reduce annoyance compared to that of unshielded sources, landscaping of less than 100 feet of heavy vegetation has little effect on measured noise levels. Trees above a noise barrier actually scatter noise, resulting in a small but measurable increase in noise levels immediately behind the barrier.

LAND USE AND LAND DEVELOPMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

3.2.1. Rezone areas within the Capital Beltway right-of-way to UT, Utilities and Transportation, consistent with their use as roadway.

3.2.2. Rezone those remainder areas designated for office development to RC, High Density Apartment, consistent with the zoning of adjacent residential uses.

3.2.3. Adopt design guidelines for future redevelopment of the properties along Washington Street to provide common features and common areas that encourage shared activities and create a neighborhood.

3.2.4. Adopt design guidelines for future redevelopment of the areas along Washington Street that protect residential uses from noise and other adverse effects of traffic on the Capital Beltway and Washington Street, and take advantage of views and natural open spaces that contribute to the unique character of this area.

3.3. Historic Resources

PRESERVE EXISTING HISTORIC SCALE AND CHARACTER

The Old and Historic Alexandria District regulations including the Washington Street Standards that apply to the planning area call for development compatible in scale and character to those areas of Washington Street north of the Beltway in Old Town.

The Washington Street Guidelines of the Board of Architectural Review provide additional direction with respect to the transition between Old Town and the more rural areas along George Washington Memorial Parkway south of Hunting Creek. These guidelines call for the following pattern of development that differs from that in other parts of the Old and Historic District:

- Scale and character. This sector of Washington Street is largely residential in nature with considerable setbacks from the roadway. Projects are specifically encouraged to retain the open feeling of this area. . . .

- Spacing Between Buildings. . . . For example, in this sector it is appropriate to have a considerable separation between buildings.

The existing structures at Hunting Towers and Porto Vecchio are not consistent with these guidelines or the standards of the Old and Historic District. However, future development or redevelopment (except as a replacement of an existing noncomplying structure) of these sites would be required to return to this more pedestrian-friendly scale and character of development.

Although the buildings at Hunting Terrace are not consistent with the Washington Street Standards of the zoning ordinance, they do reflect the more open character called for in the Board of Architectural Review guidelines for this sector of Washington Street.

Specific design guidelines are recommended for the Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace sites to implement the Washington Street Guidelines for these sites if they are redeveloped in the future.

These guidelines set forth such conditions as setbacks from Washington Street, landscaping along the Parkway, location of surface parking, frontage roads, and physical and visual access to open space.

WASHINGTON STREET ENTRANCE GATEWAY

The City and the Virginia Department of Transportation have agreed to a plan for development of the Washington Street south entrance gateway to the City as part of the Woodrow Wilson Bridge project. The City should implement those portions of the gateway plan within its responsibility.

HISTORIC RESOURCES RECOMMENDATIONS

3.3.1. Adopt site planning and design guidelines for the planning area along

George Washington Memorial Parkway that implement the Washington Street Guidelines of the Board of Architectural Review.

3.3.2. Work with the National Park Service to protect and interpret the historic resources of Jones Point Park.

3.3.3. Construct the proposed gateway landscaping along Washington Street.

3.3.4. Adopt design guidelines for gateway landscaping along the Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace properties to continue the gateway theme between the urban deck and Hunting Creek. In redevelopment of properties along the George Washington Memorial Parkway, bring areas adjacent to the roadway up to the grade of the parkway where it has been raised to cross the Capital Beltway, restoring the parkway character to these areas.

3.4. Affordable Housing

The plan's recommendations for affordable housing in the planning area are intended to preserve existing workforce housing and to provide some long-term affordable units for low- and moderate-income households.

The Hunting Terrace and Hunting Towers developments provide housing at rents affordable to households with incomes substantially below the median household income for the region. Rents were kept at their 2001 levels for prior tenants during the construction period through the first quarter of 2005 as a result of an agreement with VDOT. Rents may be raised after this date by VDOT or by a new owner once the projects are sold.

By virtue of their age, design and amenities provided, these projects cannot command the rents or purchase prices of newly constructed housing of similar size and location. Although rents in the projects will probably be raised in the near future, these projects

are likely to continue to provide affordable workforce housing unless a new owner undertakes major rehabilitation, condominium conversion or redevelopment.

The City's affordable housing programs include a variety of strategies and programs for preserving existing affordable housing and providing affordable housing in new construction. The Alexandria Housing Development Corporation (AHDC) has recently been established to purchase, rehabilitate or construct affordable housing in the City.

A UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY AND CHALLENGE

The fact that the Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace projects are currently in public ownership and are to be sold presents an opportunity to convert at least some of the residential units to guaranteed affordable housing for low and moderate income households.

However, the current intent of VDOT to sell the units in 2005 means the window of opportunity is a small one. Because the property is surplus from a previous condemnation, the prior owner has right of first refusal if the property is sold rather than transferred to another state agency.

After the initial sale to a private owner, the range future options for affordable housing will be narrowed in a subsequent transfer, since tax credits for some types of projects are not available for properties that have been sold in the past 10 years except by a public agency.

The options available to the City to obtain affordable housing through this sale include:

- Partner with the prior owner to purchase the projects at the time of initial offer by VDOT, based on a plan that provides for affordable housing.
- If the prior owner does not purchase the projects, purchase the projects for resale to a partnership including an affordable housing provider.

- If the prior owner does not purchase the projects, partner with an affordable housing provider to purchase the projects and develop an affordable housing component.
- If the prior owner does not purchase the projects, work with local affordable housing providers to develop a partnership to purchase the projects.
- Work through the development process with a purchaser who redevelops one of the sites to ensure that affordable housing is provided.

The following discussion provides background on these options.

AFFORDABLE HOUSING IN NEW CONSTRUCTION

In new construction projects, the City's Affordable Housing Policy calls for a voluntary \$1.00 per square foot contribution to affordable housing programs. Developers are encouraged to provide on-site affordable housing as part of this program. Recent increases in development costs and housing prices have increased the cost of providing affordable housing, so the \$1.00 per square foot contribution provides the City with far fewer affordable housing units than anticipated when the target contribution amount was established. The program is currently under review with the objective of providing more affordable housing units.

Alexandria's assisted rental housing stock is typically available to households meeting federal income criteria (currently not exceeding \$58,000 for a four-person household). A number of apartment projects in the City provide rental housing affordable to the higher income households in this group.

Based on current housing prices, only older condominiums and a very few older, small duplex units provide ownership housing at prices considered affordable to those at 60% to 120% of median income. Unless they have sub-

stantial savings, households in this income range must typically look to more distant suburbs for affordable housing, particularly if they seek townhouse or single-family detached units.

If the Hunting Terrace or Hunting Towers projects are converted to condominiums, some residents are likely to qualify for City assistance in financing the purchase of their unit.

SUBSIDIZED HOUSING

The City operates a number of programs that help make housing more available to low- and moderate-income households seeking housing in Alexandria. In addition, the City provides support to the Alexandria Housing Development Corporation (AHDC), a recently established nonprofit corporation that funds affordable housing construction and rehabilitation.

In addition to these programs, the Alexandria Redevelopment and Housing Authority (ARHA) operates public housing for low-income households, and the federal government provides tax credits for affordable housing construction and supplemental housing payments to low-income households through the Section 8 program to help meet housing needs that are not met by the normal housing construction market.

Many new affordable housing construction or rehabilitation projects are the product of multiple programs, commonly including tax credits, other federal subsidies, local housing programs and donations. These combined funding sources permit non-profit and for-profit affordable-housing developers to compete for land and existing housing units with market-rate housing developers in the right circumstances.

The right circumstances may exist in the case of Hunting Towers for a nonprofit housing developer or partnership. Through AHDC or another af-

fordable housing developer, alone or in partnership with a conventional housing developer, a mixed-income project involving the rehabilitation of Hunting Towers could be feasible. Conversion of the existing project to condominiums, with reservation of a substantial fraction of the units as affordable for sale or rental units, is one method by which an affordable housing developer could provide affordable housing.

While a similar program could work at Hunting Terrace, the more likely reuse of the Terrace, according VDOT's right-of-way manager, is redevelopment for new housing. The current zoning and development standards applied on the Hunting Terrace site would permit development of substantially more apartment or condominium units than currently exist on the site. In today's market, either a condominium or townhouse redevelopment of the site is likely to yield more value to a new purchaser than continued operation of the site's 115 apartment units or development of new apartments.

In a project in which the existing buildings are demolished and new housing constructed, only a very few affordable housing units are likely to be provided under the City's affordable housing policy.

RELOCATION

Federal relocation payments are not required to owners or tenants who may be dislocated indirectly when a public agency sells a project like Hunting Towers or Hunting Terrace to an owner who later chooses to modify or demolish the project. If federal, state or local government funds are used in the construction or conversion, relocation payments may be required.

Some protection for tenants, in the form of extended notice to tenants and small moving expenses payments, is provided by state law if owners choose to convert an apartment building to con-

dominiums. Current tenants must also be offered the exclusive right to purchase their units at the publicly offered price for at least 60 days. In addition, the City has a voluntary program of small relocation payments in the case of condominium conversions.

AFFORDABLE HOUSING RECOMMENDATIONS

3.4.1. Retain housing as the primary use of the existing residential areas in the planning area.

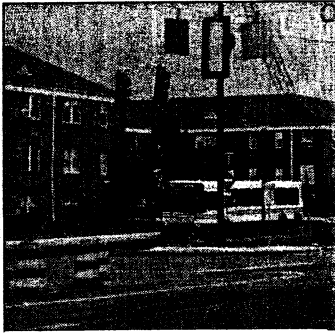
3.4.2. Attempt to obtain a substantial number of affordable housing units in the planning area by working with VDOT, the prior owner of the Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace Properties, the Alexandria Housing Development Corporation, other non-profit housing providers, and for-profit housing developers as appropriate to preserve existing units or provide affordable housing if either of the projects is substantially rehabilitated or redeveloped.

3.5. Circulation

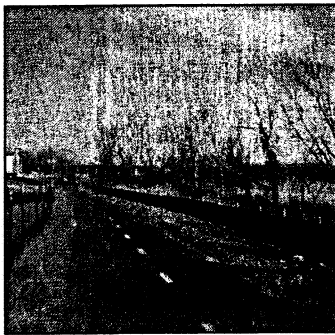
Circulation recommendations of the plan focus on strengthening pedestrian connections within the planning area and from the planning area to Old Town, linking the Mount Vernon Trail along the water side of the Hunting Towers property, and ensuring convenient access to public transportation in the planning area.

The Hunting Terrace, Hunting Towers and Porto Vecchio sites are located on George Washington Memorial Parkway, a designated arterial roadway providing excellent regional access. However, the planning area has no alternate public access in the event that this route is congested or obstructed. Each site currently has direct access to the roadway.

Hunting Terrace is entirely served by surface parking, while Hunting Towers



A Metro bus waits at Hunting Terrace



The construction alignment of the Mount Vernon Trail is in the location sought in the City's long-range trail plan.



The Mount Vernon Trail crosses Hunting Creek on the parkway bridge south of Porto Vecchio.

has limited garage parking, and Porto Vecchio provides nearly all its parking in a ground-level garage beneath the structure.

The economics of new development mean that future development or redevelopment of the sites will be served primarily by structured parking, probably beneath residential units.

PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION

Both DASH and the Washington Metropolitan Area Transportation Authority (WMATA) provide regular bus service to the sites with stops on Terrace Road southbound and Washington Street northbound. Hunting Towers is the terminus of a number of bus routes, and the continued availability of a place for buses to turn around and lay by at the beginning of their next run is important to providing good public transportation service to the planning area. Any redevelopment in the area should retain this capability by retaining a bus stop and layby area along Washington Street or by providing a separate bus turnaround. Bus shelters should be provided at both bus stops to encourage transit use.

MOUNT VERNON TRAIL

The Mount Vernon Trail runs continuously along or near the George Washington Memorial Parkway for 18 miles from Mount Vernon to Roosevelt Island. The City's trails plan calls for ultimate alignment of the trail along the water side of the Porto Vecchio and Hunting Towers properties. The ownership of the Hunting Towers site by VDOT and the temporary location of the trail along the water to avoid construction provides a unique opportunity to permanently relocate the trail to the water side of this parcel.

The City is currently working with VDOT to provide for an easement for the trail, and to work out the details of any changes required to wetland miti-

gation for the Woodrow Wilson Bridge project that may result from the permanent alignment of the trail through this area.

Any future redevelopment of these sites should provide for the location of the trail on the water side of these properties. The trail should be designed and landscaped in a way that clearly delineates the public trail easement area from the private areas of the property. Excellent examples of how public ways can be related to private development in waterfront areas are provided along other sections of Alexandria's waterfront. This area is one of the few remaining gaps in a continuous waterfront trail system that runs from the north to the south end of Alexandria.

CIRCULATION RECOMMENDATIONS

3.5.1. Acquire an easement for the Mount Vernon Trail on the water side of the Hunting Towers property.

3.5.2. Limit access to properties from Washington Street south of the Capital Beltway to existing signalized intersections and a single bus access point on each side in order to minimize interruptions of arterial traffic and pedestrian ways.

3.5.3. Provide a strong and continuous pedestrian-oriented streetscape and a strong pedestrian connection between the planning area and Old Town using sidewalks, landscaping, street trees, and street design and crosswalk materials to create a pleasant pedestrian experience.

3.5.4. In site design guidelines, emphasize convenient pedestrian connections within sites, to pedestrian corridors and to public transportation. Raise the grade of areas adjacent to the Parkway to the grade of the Washington Street sidewalks where the grade of the parkway has been raised to cross the Capital Beltway, to eliminate the obsta-

cles to pedestrian movement caused by this grade difference.

3.5.5. If the Hunting Terrace site is redeveloped, ensure that a suitable bus turnaround is provided in the planning area for bus lines that now use the Terrace Road bus stop to turn around.

3.6. Natural Environment

The natural environment of Hunting Creek and the Potomac shoreline is the most important character-defining feature of the planning area that distinguishes it from other areas of the City. Natural environment recommendations focus on protecting and enhancing that environment and making it more a part of the experience of living in and visiting the planning area.

NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

3.6.1. In design guidelines, emphasize natural open space features and connections to them as an important theme of development.

3.6.2. In design guidelines, emphasize public physical and visual access to natural open space areas where access is compatible with retention of open space and habitat values.

3.6.3. Provide visual and physical access to Jones Point Park, waterfront areas, and conservation easement areas where such access is consistent with conservation of natural resource values. Ensure that such access is provided in future development or redevelopment of properties adjacent to these sites. Provide interpretive information appropriate to the setting to increase public awareness and appreciation of the natural environmental features of the sites.

Implementation

4.0

The following actions are recommended to implement the plan's recommendations. Agencies involved in implementation are identified, with the lead agency shown in bold type.

4.1. Land Use and Land Development

1. Rezone the planning area as outlined in Figure 11. (**P&Z**)
2. Adopt a zoning text amendment to implement the design guidelines of Section 5 as redevelopment takes place in the planning area. Design guidelines should ensure that redevelopment in the planning area encourages development of a local neighborhood, provides strong connections to nearby areas of Alexandria and to community facilities, provides visual and physical access to natural open space areas, and respects the historic character of the George Washington Memorial Parkway. (**P&Z, BAR**)

4.2. Historic Resources

1. Adopt a zoning text amendment to reflect the design guidelines of Section 5 as they implement the Washington Street Guidelines of the Board of Architectural Review for redevelopment of the sites along Washington Street in the planning area. Through these guidelines, work with owners to ensure that future redevelopment respects the historic and memorial character of the George Washington Memorial Parkway and the southern gateway to Alexandria. (**P&Z, BAR**)

2. Adopt a zoning text amendment to implement the landscape concept outlined in Section 5 to provide continuity of landscape from the gateway at Hunting Creek to the urban deck over the Capital Beltway. Implement these guidelines in future public or private development in the planning area. (**P&Z, T&ES**)

4.3. Affordable Housing

1. Work with VDOT, the prior property owner, non-profit housing providers and potential for-profit developers to take advantage of the opportunity to provide affordable workforce and low- and moderate-income housing as a permanent use in the planning area. (**CMO, OH, P&Z**)
2. Work with lenders, owners and tenants to provide information on the City's homeownership programs to enable tenants to purchase their units if the apartments in the planning area are converted to condominiums. (**OH**)

4.4. Circulation

1. Acquire an open space and trail easement along the shoreline of Hunting Towers to provide a water side alignment of the Mount Vernon Trail. (**RPCA**)
2. In the event of future development or redevelopment of Porto Vecchio, obtain a similar easement to provide a shoreline alignment of the Mount Vernon Trail at Porto Vecchio. (**RPCA**)

CMO – City Manager's Office

OH – Office of Housing

BAR – Board of Architectural Review

RPCA – Department of Recreation, Parks and Cultural Activities

T&ES – Department of Transportation and Environmental Services

3. Protect public pedestrian and bicycle access under the Woodrow Wilson Bridge at Royal Street as critical local and regional connections in these circulation systems. (T&ES)
4. Provide an enhanced pedestrian-oriented streetscape and a strong pedestrian connection between the planning area and Old Town to reinforce the connection of the planning area to the rest of the City. (T&ES, P&Z)
5. Include the requirement for a bus turnaround in design guidelines for the Hunting Terrace site. (P&Z, T&ES)
6. Provide bus shelters at the bus stops on Terrace Road and Washington Street in the planning area (T&ES).

4.5. Natural Environment

1. Adopt a zoning text amendment implementing design guidelines for the planning area to retain and enhance physical and visual access to natural open space features of the area in any potential redevelopment. (P&Z, BAR)
2. Encourage recovery and enhancement of resource protection areas (RPAs) in any future redevelopment in the planning area (P&Z, T&ES)
3. Continue to work with the National Park Service to manage Jones Point Park for its historic, cultural, natural environmental, and recreational value to the community, the region and the nation. (RPCA)

Design Guidelines

5.0

WASHINGTON STREET HUNTING CREEK AREA DESIGN GUIDELINES

PURPOSE. The purposes of the Washington Street Hunting Creek Area Design Guidelines are to (1) protect, enhance and restore the historic character of the margins of the George Washington Memorial Parkway at the southern gateway to the City of Alexandria from Hunting Creek to the Capital Beltway in accordance with the agreement between the City and the National Park Service, (2) preserve the views and connections to the natural environmental features that are uniquely important to the character of this part of Alexandria, and (3) encourage the development of a stronger sense of neighborhood and a stronger relationship to nearby areas of Alexandria through strong linkages and compatible design as sites are redeveloped.

APPLICABILITY. These guidelines apply to all property adjoining Washington Street south of the Capital Beltway in the City of Alexandria. They supplement and implement, but do not replace, the Washington Street Guidelines of the Board of Architectural Review and the Washington Street Standards of the Old and Historic Alexandria District.

PARKWAY LANDSCAPE BUFFER. A Parkway Landscape Buffer is established along Washington Street extending 80 feet from the right-of-way of Washington Street, or 140 feet from the centerline of Washington Street, whichever is closest to the centerline of Washington Street. No structures other than those

specifically provided for herein shall be constructed within the Parkway Landscape Buffer.

SITE ACCESS. Access through the Parkway Landscape Buffer to adjacent parcels should be limited to existing signalized intersections and a bus access way on each side in order to minimize the visual effect of interruptions in the landscaped buffer and rows of street trees, and to minimize interruptions to pedestrian travel along the parkway.

LANDSCAPING. Any development plan shall provide for the regrading and landscaping of the Parkway Landscape Buffer and areas between the buffer and structures closest to Washington Street to provide a continuous broad parkway appearance. This area shall be landscaped with appropriate design and plant materials. The area between the roadway and buildings closest to Washington Street shall be raised to approximately at the grade of the sidewalk on Washington Street between the intersection at the entry drive to the Porto Vecchio and the urban deck over the Capital Beltway on both sides of Washington Street.

Landscaping shall be provided in the Parkway Landscape Buffer in accordance with the concepts illustrated in the Landscape Concept for Washington Street and Parkway Landscape Buffer, Figure 16.

Variations to the landscape plan to provide for appropriate site access for a specific development plan may be approved by the Director; however, only one vehicular access point through the

Parkway Landscape Buffer in addition to those at the existing signalized intersections just south of the Capital Beltway and at the entrance to Porto Vecchio shall be permitted between Hunting Creek and the Capital Beltway.

The key concepts of the landscape plan are:

- A wide, landscaped setback on each side of Washington Street.
- A continuous row of large street trees (shade trees) along Washington Street, with a continuous row of ornamental trees behind, to define the line of the street and establish a strong visual impression of passage and arrival as one enters Alexandria from the south.
- A planted gateway median.
- Raising the grade of the landscaped buffer area and adjacent areas between the landscaped buffer and structures along the roadway to approximately the grade of the Washington Street sidewalks.
- A street wall generally at the location of the front setback, with articulation of building fronts and substantial spacing between buildings in the street wall in accordance with the Washington Street Guidelines for the area, to define the parkway boundary and separate the open space character of the parkway from the development area along the margin.

The intent of raising the grade to that of the roadway is to provide and restore a broad, parkway appearance to the margins of the Parkway entering Alexandria, particularly where the grade of the roadway has been raised higher than its historic level in order to cross the Capital Beltway. Raising the grade of this area will serve to maintain and restore the character of the Parkway, and will remove obstacles to pedestrian access, improving pedestrian connec-

tions and convenience within the planning area and between the planning area and nearby areas of Alexandria

TRANSIT STOP AND LAYOVER AREA. A transit stop and layover area shall be retained within the Parkway Landscape Buffer on the west side of Washington Street, or in an alternate location within the property approved by the Director. A city-approved shelter for transit riders shall be provided conveniently located to the transit stop and layover area.

The roadway within the transit stop and layover area shall be set back no less than 24 feet from the Washington Street right-of-way, and shall have a curb-to-curb width no greater than 24 feet. Access to the transit stop and layover area may be provided through the Landscape Buffer Area. Such access shall have a maximum width of 24 feet curb-to-curb at the pedestrian crossing and shall provide one-way entry to the site only from Washington Street.

Exiting from the transit stop and layover area and from the property on the west side of Washington Street shall be only at the location of the existing signalized intersections serving Hunting Towers and Porto Vecchio.

SITE DEVELOPMENT GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS. Site development is governed by the Washington Street Guidelines of the Board of Architectural Review and the Washington Street Standards of the Old and Historic Alexandria District. These additional design guidelines in the Hunting Creek Area Plan provide specific guidance to implement the Washington Street Guidelines for the area south of the Capital Beltway.

SITE DEVELOPMENT FOR HUNTING TERRACE SITE. On the west side of Washington Street, a public street or public access easement shall provide access along the south side of the developed part of the site as shown in the

Hunting Terrace Site Development Concept, Figure 15. No structures for human occupancy other than accessory structures for maintenance, enhancement and interpretation of wildlife habitat areas, wetlands and resource protection areas shall be permitted south of this street. The intent of this requirement is to maintain public visual and physical access to natural habitat areas along Hunting Creek.

SURFACE PARKING. Surface parking shall not be permitted between Washington Street and those structures on the site that are closest to Washington Street and generally aligned with Washington Street.

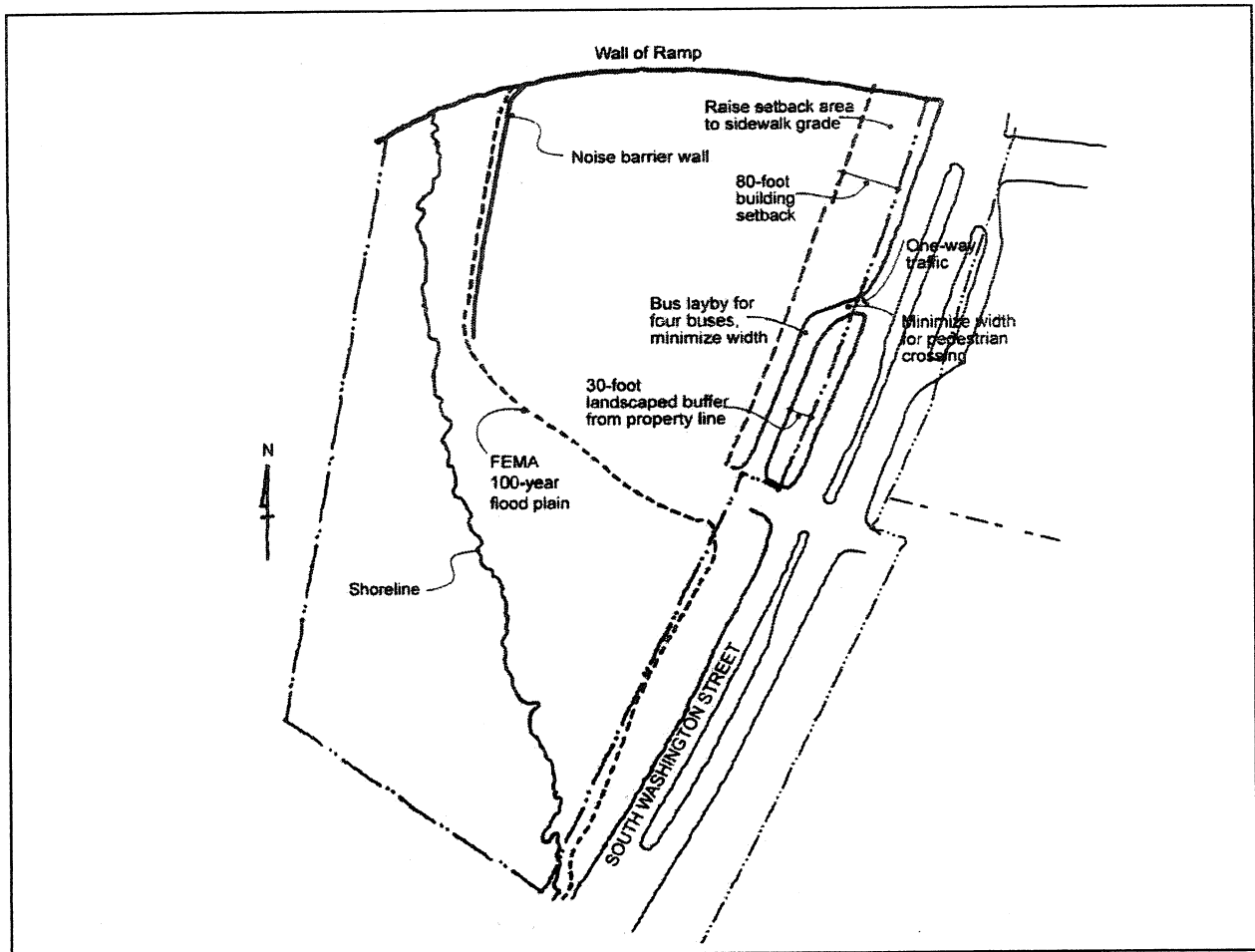


Figure 12. Parkway Landscape Buffer. An 80-foot setback from the property line provides a parkway buffer that permits the character of the entry gateway landscaping to carry through the site to the urban deck over the Capital Beltway. This setback implements the theme of the Board of Architectural Review's Washington Street Guidelines for the area south of Wilkes Street.

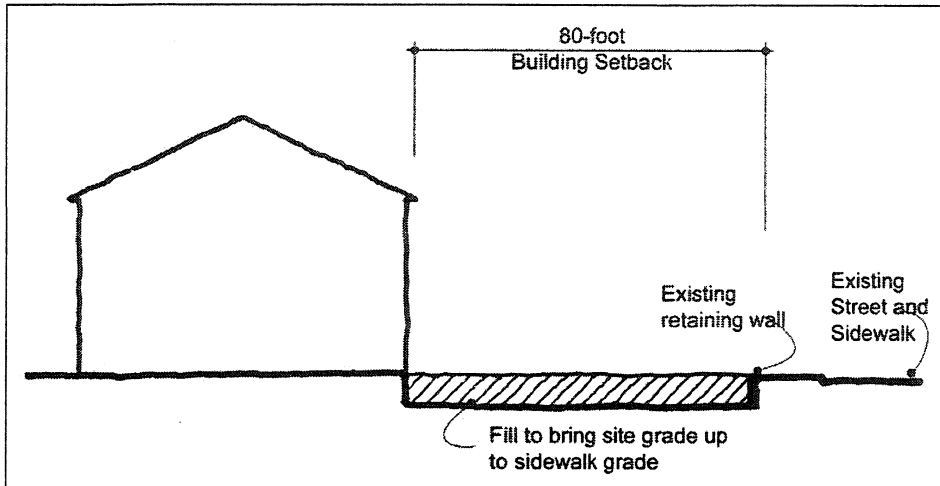


Figure 13. Parkway Landscape Buffer Cross-Section. In order to establish a broad parkway character for Washington Street, the guidelines call for raising the grade of the area between Washington Street and the closest buildings to that of the Washington Street sidewalk. At the north end of the site, the site elevation is now 8 to 10 feet below that of the sidewalks on Washington Street on both the Hunting Terrace and Hunting Towers properties. This significant difference in grade has resulted from the raising of Washington Street to cross the Capital Beltway. This introduced grade difference substantially detracts from the historic character of the parkway and disrupts pedestrian access to Washington Street, to transit and to the rest of Alexandria.

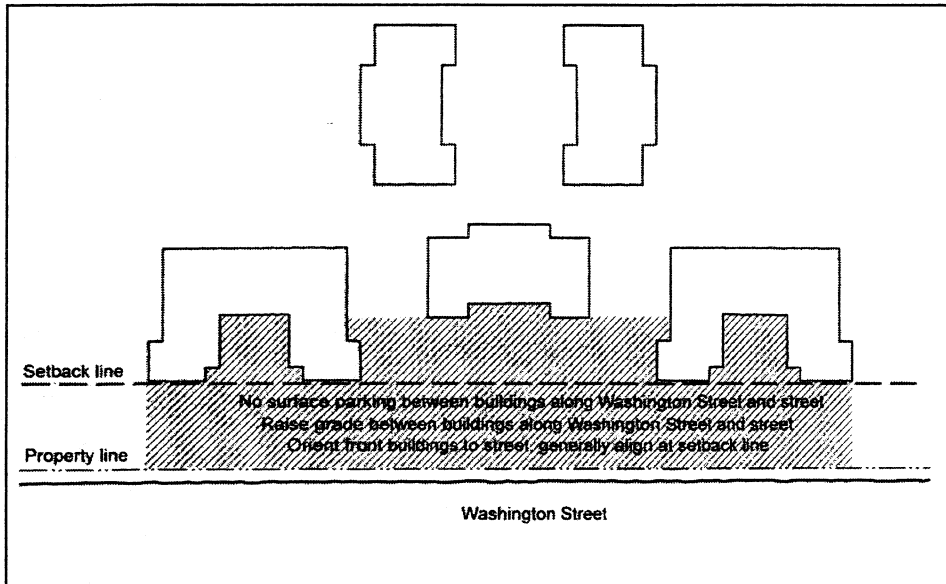


Figure 14. Parkway Landscape Buffer and Street Wall. This figure shows the concept of an interrupted street wall along the front setback line. All areas between the first structures and Washington Street should be brought up to the approximate grade of the street and landscaped in a way consistent with the Gateway Landscape Concept (Figure 16). Surface parking is not permitted between Washington Street and the first row of structures along Washington Street as shown by the shaded area in the figure.

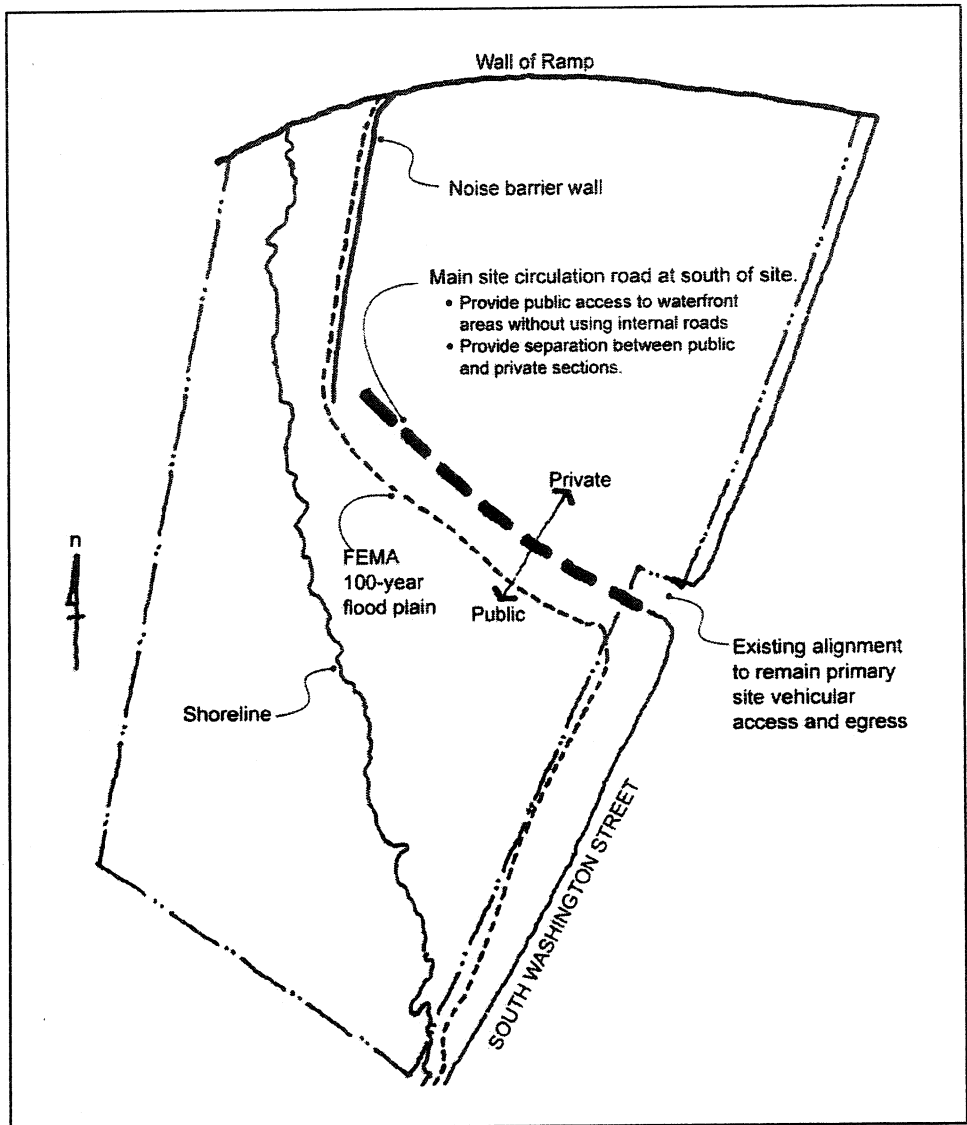


Figure 15. Hunting Terrace Site Development Concept. This figure shows the principle for location of development in relation to the south access street. A public street or public access easement on the south side of the developed portion of the site separates the open space from structures and protects public visual and physical access to open space areas.

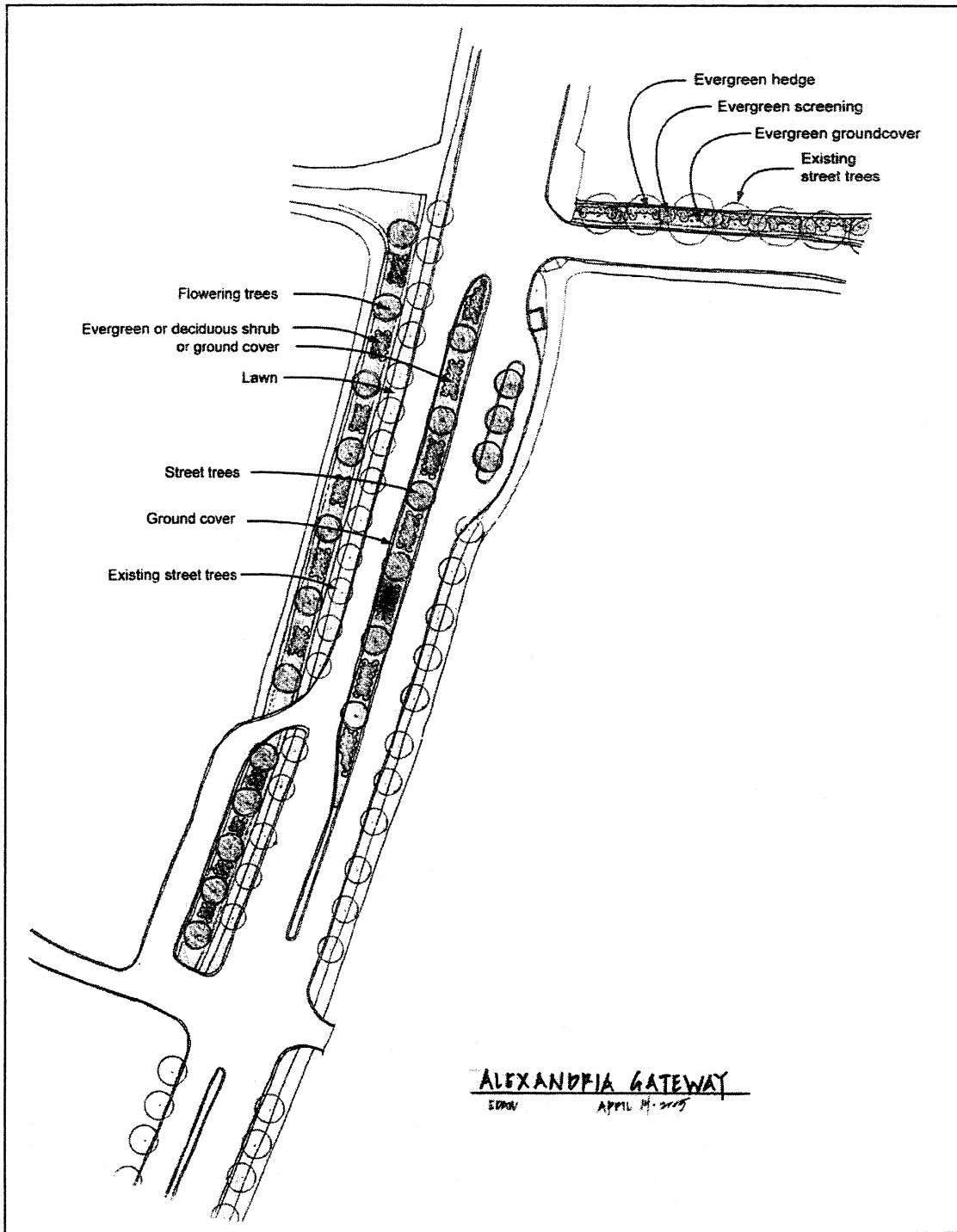


Figure 16. Landscape Concept for Washington Street and Parkway Landscape Buffer. The landscape concept for the gateway along Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace provides for a continuous tree row in addition to street trees in the wide parkway setback on each side of Washington Street to carry the entry point landscaping between the gateway entry feature just north of the Hunting Creek Bridge to the urban deck over the Capital Beltway. Setting bus stops behind the street tree line provides greater continuity to the tree-lined parkway edge.



City of Alexandria
Hunting Creek Area Plan



United States Department of the Interior

20
9-27-05

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

National Capital Region
1100 Ohio Drive, S.W.
Washington, D.C. 20242

IN REPLY REFER TO:
L30 (NCR-LRP)

SEP 27 2005

Honorable Bill Euille
301 King Street
Alexandria, Virginia 22314

Dear Mayor Euille:

We wish to commend the staff and public effort that has been invested in the development of the Hunting Creek Area Plan now before the Alexandria City Council. The provisions of the Draft Plan appear to assure the community and this agency that the southernmost portion of Alexandria and the George Washington Memorial Parkway can be redeveloped in a sensitive manner.

However, the question of building heights and bulk in the RC zones causes us to have concern that there may come a point in time when the pursuit of density may be argued to be far more of a priority than the pursuit of sensitive and quality urban planning and landscape. This is especially of concern in any consideration of how much bulk would be considered on both flanks of the George Washington Memorial Parkway portal to the City of Alexandria.

The Memorandum of Agreement between the City Council of Alexandria and the United States, June 20, 1929, now in its 76th year, (copy enclosed) calls for development "of such character and of such types of buildings as will be in keeping with the dignity, purpose and memorial character of said highway [George Washington Memorial Parkway]". We are aware of a suggested building height approaching the maximum building height allowed in the RC zone (150 feet). A building of such height and bulk would have a devastating impact upon the Memorial Parkway and in our judgment would be a clear violation of the 1929 agreement.

We suggest that the following design criteria be included within the Hunting Creek Area Plan as a means of clarifying and giving design guidance in the consideration of any habilitation or replacement of the built environment in this area of the City of Alexandria:

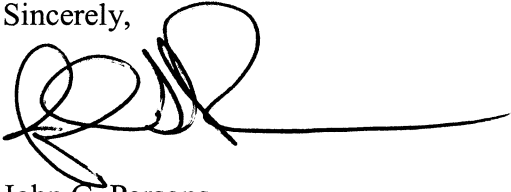
In order to assure that there is adequate setting and sculpting of the portal to Historic Old Town Alexandria from Mount Vernon via the George Washington Memorial Parkway/Washington Street, and likewise the transition of the traveler from Alexandria to the approach to Mount Vernon, the height of buildings fronting or abutting the Washington Street corridor shall be built in accordance with the Board of Architectural Review Guidelines and Standards. The 50 feet tall buildings, which are set back 200 feet from the centerline of the parkway shall include any roof top structures such as



equipment shelters or penthouses. Consideration of any additional building height beyond the 200 foot set back will be restricted to a height not greater than the existing height of the current hunting towers structures with tapering of building heights stepping back from both Washington Street and the shoreline of Hunting Creek.

If you have any questions on our comments or suggested clarifying language, please contact me at (202) 619-7025 or David Murphy, Adjacent Lands Liaison at (202) 619-7405. Thank you for the opportunity to participate in this planning effort.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of several loops and a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.

John G. Parsons

Enclosure

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT made this 20th day of June, 1929, by and between the City Council of the City of Alexandria, State of Virginia, (hereinafter called the City), and the United States of America, represented by the Secretary of Agriculture, (hereinafter called the Secretary).

W I T N E S S E T H:

WHEREAS, the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to authorize and direct the survey, construction, and maintenance of a memorial highway to connect Mount Vernon, in the State of Virginia, with the Arlington Memorial Bridge across the Potomac River at Washington," approved May 23, 1928 (45 Stat. 721), authorizes and directs the Secretary to cooperate with the United States Commission for the Celebration of the Two Hundredth Anniversary of the Birth of George Washington, created by public resolution No. 38, approved December 2, 1924, in constructing a suitable memorial highway to connect Mount Vernon, the home and burial place of George Washington, in the State of Virginia, with the City of Washington, District of Columbia, on a route to be determined by the said Commission; and

WHEREAS, at a meeting held on January 24, 1929, the said Commission approved the lower or Potomac route upon which said memorial highway shall be constructed, such approval being indicated by the adoption of a resolution reading in part as follows:

"RESOLVED, By the United States Commission for the Celebration of the Two Hundredth Anniversary of the Birth of George Washington, That,

pursuant to the authority conferred upon said Commission and upon the Secretary of Agriculture by the Act of Congress entitled 'An Act to authorize and direct the survey, construction, and maintenance of a memorial highway to connect Mount Vernon, in the State of Virginia, with the Arlington Memorial Bridge across the Potomac River at Washington', approved May 23, 1928, the Commission does hereby approve the lower or Potomac River route as set forth in the report and accompanying plans submitted by the Secretary of Agriculture under date of January 22, 1929, and the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby authorized to proceed with the construction of said memorial highway in accordance with the provisions of said Act, the recommendations made in said report, and the plans submitted therewith or which hereafter may be submitted and approved, subject, however, to the condition that before commencing said construction work, the Secretary of Agriculture shall have procured, or shall have satisfactory assurance of procuring, the necessary right of way therefor, including parking, and shall have entered into arrangements or agreements satisfactory to him with the council of any city or town, or the board of supervisors of any county, in the State of Virginia, through which said memorial highway will pass, respecting the control of traffic on said memorial highway and upon highways or streets which will intersect same, and respecting the zoning and control of the use which may be made of property adjacent to said memorial highway"; and

WHEREAS, the City is desirous of effecting such arrangements or agreements with the Secretary as will meet fully the conditions set forth in the above quoted portion of said resolution in order to insure the location of said memorial highway within and through its corporate limits, and in order that construction work thereon may be commenced and proceed to completion at the earliest practicable date; and

WHEREAS, the City by its charter and by the special authority contained in the Act of Assembly of the State of Virginia, approved

March 25, 1926 (Chapter 494, Acts of Assembly, 1926), is vested with full authority of law to enter into an arrangement or agreement with the Secretary with respect to the special matter hereof affecting the construction, maintenance, and use of said memorial highway.

NOW, THEREFORE, IN CONSIDERATION OF THE PREMISES, and of the several premises to be faithfully performed by each, as hereinafter set forth, the City and the Secretary do hereby mutually agree as follows:

ARTICLE I. The City hereby agrees to the location and construction of said memorial highway within and through its corporate limits on and along Washington Street, and further agrees, without cost to the Secretary, to acquire, lay out, and dedicate as a public street or highway an extension of said Washington Street to the present corporate limits on the north and to the said corporate limits at Hunting Creek on the south, such extension to be of the same width as said street is now laid out and established, except that for a distance of not to exceed two hundred (200) feet from the north shore of Hunting Creek on the south it shall be of a width equal to (but in no event to exceed two hundred (200) feet) that of the causeway or bridge which will be constructed across or over said creek as a part of said memorial highway and from Montgomery Street on the north to the present north corporate limits it shall be of such width as the Secretary may desire not to exceed two hundred (200) feet. The United States shall have for such period as same shall be used for the purposes of said memorial highway, and is hereby granted, an irrevocable easement on and over the whole of said Washington Street, including

any extension thereof which may be made pursuant to this agreement. The grading and paving of any extension of Washington Street which may be made hereunder shall be by and at the cost of the Secretary.

If it should be mutually determined that any part of such necessary right of way not now belonging to said City can be acquired more conveniently by the Secretary than by the City, then and in that event the City will pay all actual necessary costs which the Secretary may incur in acquiring same.

ARTICLE II. The City hereby agrees to zone Washington Street, including any extension thereof which may be made under Article I hereof, so as to bar therefrom and from unimproved property within a distance of two hundred (200) feet on each side thereof, all billboards or other advertising signs or devices facing in the direction of Washington Street, except where attached to the building in which the business advertised is conducted, and to restrict the said street to residential and business development of such character and of such types of building as will be in keeping with the dignity, purpose and memorial character of said highway.

ARTICLE III. The City hereby agrees that Washington Street, including any extension thereof which may be made under Article I hereof, where coincident with said memorial highway, shall be a main thoroughfare upon which traffic shall be given preference over all traffic on intersecting streets; and that it will cause stop signs to be placed and maintained on all intersecting streets to require all traffic thereon to come to a complete stop before entering said

memorial highway except at such intersections as the City and the Secretary may mutually agree shall be protected by electric flashlights, and that at such last mentioned intersections the City will cause electric flashlights to be placed, maintained, and operated.

The City further agrees that from time to time it will pass such ordinances as may be mutually agreed upon with the Secretary for the control and safety of vehicular and pedestrian traffic on and over said memorial highway within its corporate limits, including limitations on the size, kind, weight, speed and parking of vehicles over, on and along said highway, and all other uses of such highway by vehicular and pedestrian traffic, and that it will give the Secretary at all times full cooperation, support, and assistance in the adoption and enforcement of such measures as may be mutually agreed upon as necessary for the safety and control of traffic over, on, or along said memorial highway.

ARTICLE IV. The City hereby agrees that it will take such steps as may be necessary to secure, from time to time, the installation, maintenance, and operation of such electric signals or other appropriate devices, mutually agreed upon with the Secretary, as will afford suitable and adequate protection to traffic upon said highway within its corporate limits where existing steam or electric railway tracks cross same at grade, and that it will not in the future permit any steam or electric railway track to be constructed at grade on or across said highway within its corporate limits.

The City further agrees that any sewer, water, or gas mains or pipes, poles for telephone or power line wires, and any other public utility equipment on, along, across, or under said Washington Street, or any extension thereof, made under Article I hereof, will be installed and maintained in such manner as will not unduly interfere with

and disturb the surface of such highway and the use thereof by pedestrians and vehicular traffic; and that any opening which may be made in the surface of said highway for the erection, installation, or repair of any such public utility will be restored to as good condition as it was before being so disturbed.

ARTICLE V. The City hereby agrees that the Secretary shall have full and exclusive authority over the maintenance, including reconstruction, when and as deemed necessary by the Secretary, of said memorial highway, including intersections and curbs on, along and over said Washington Street as now existing, or as same may be extended in accordance herewith, in order that the maintenance and reconstruction of said memorial highway on and over said street may be uniform with that outside of the corporate limits of said City, and the City further agrees that on presentation of properly authenticated claim therefor it will, within ninety (90) days immediately following the close of each Federal fiscal year, reimburse the Secretary one-fourth the actual cost of such maintenance and reconstruction during such fiscal year of that portion of Washington Street which is now paved, namely, from Montgomery Street on the north to Franklin Street on the south, and that it will cooperate with the Secretary upon his request and to such extent, and in such manner, as may be mutually agreed upon in the performance of any and all such work of maintenance and reconstruction, or in the doing of anything necessary in connection therewith or incident thereto, with the understanding, however, that any actual necessary expenditures which may be incurred by said City in carrying out any such cooperation, maintenance or reconstruction work, shall be credited on its reimbursement account, it being understood by the parties hereto that the total share of such

maintenance and reconstruction costs during any Federal fiscal year to be borne by said City shall not exceed one-fourth thereof on said portion of Washington Street which is now paved.

ARTICLE VI. The City hereby agrees that it will enact any and all ordinances, and do any and all things necessary to carry into effect this agreement, and that it will enact no ordinance nor take any other action which will be in conflict herewith or contrary to the purpose and intent hereof.

ARTICLE VII. The Secretary hereby agrees that upon full and complete execution hereof, the enactment of necessary ordinances by the City for carrying same into effect, or the taking of such other action as may be necessary hereunder prior to the beginning of the construction, he will proceed with the location and construction of said memorial highway on the lower or Potomac River route within and through the corporate limits of said City on or over said Washington Street, including any extension of said street in accordance with the provisions hereof, subject, however, to the condition that he first shall be able to enter into appropriate and satisfactory arrangements or agreements respecting the subject matter hereof with the proper authorities of the counties of Arlington and Fairfax, respectively, in the State of Virginia.

ARTICLE VIII. The City further agrees to acquire such additional land within the City limits by purchase or condemnation or otherwise as the Secretary may desire for the purposes of the said memorial highway. The total cost of purchase or condemnation, including legal proceedings, if any, will be borne by the Secretary.

ARTICLE IX. It is mutually agreed that Articles II, III, IV, V, VI, and VIII hereof shall apply to any portion of said memorial highway which hereafter may be taken into the corporate limits of the city by reason of any extension of such corporate limits which hereafter may be made.

ARTICLE X. It is mutually agreed that this agreement shall be executed in duplicate and each copy thereof so executed shall be considered an original.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this agreement as of the day and year first above written.

(Seal)

CITY COUNCIL OF ALEXANDRIA

By (Signed) W. A. Smoot
Mayor

Witness:

C. C. Carlin (Signed)

Gardner L. Boothe (Signed)

(Seal)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

By (Signed) R. W. Dunlap
Acting Secretary of Agriculture

Witness:

W. N. Smith (Signed)

J. W. Johnson (Signed)

Extract from Minutes of a Regular Meeting of the City Council of the City of Alexandria, Virginia, held in the Council Chamber, City Hall, on Thursday, June 20th, 1929, at 2:00 o'clock p.m.

Upon motion by Councilman Timberman, supported by Councilman Ticer, the following resolution was introduced:

"BE IT RESOLVED by the City Council of the City of Alexandria, Virginia, that agreement between the City Council of the City of Alexandria, State of Virginia and the United States of America for use of Washington Street in connection with memorial highway be approved by Council and that the Mayor be authorized to sign it as read."

Adopted on the following roll call vote:

Yeas: Councilman Fannon, Timberman and Ticer and Mayor Smoot.
Nays: None.

I, Purvis Taylor, Clerk of Council, certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of extract from minutes of regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Alexandria, Va., held Thursday, June 20th, 1929, at 2:00 o'clock p.m.

(Signed) Purvis Taylor

Clerk of Council.

20

9-27-05



Ellen Pickering
<elpickering@juno.com>
09/27/2005 04:19 PM

To <jackie.henderson@alexandriava.gov>
cc
bcc
Subject Sept.27 docket item # 20...Hunting Creek Plan

Please forward to the Mayor and members of City Council.....Thank You Ellen Pickering

Mr Mayor and Members of Council.....The wording in Section 3.4.3 of the Hunting Creek Area Plan is an empty "**grab bag**" for any developer/speculator.....To put in specific wording could be called Spot Zoning or in the least seem like favoritism for a particular developer whose final plan have yet to be seen....

The wisest motion would be to uphold the Planning Commission.. This allows any developer/speculator to present a plan formally to be evaluated according to the Washington Street Standards, the 50 foot height limit and honor the 1929 Agreement

I urge you to uphold the Planning Commission and work with the many groups that have an interest in providing Affordable Housing particularly those who work with rental units or in combination with rental/condo units....(They are out there.waiting) Respectively Ellen Pickering

Am work force

20
9-27-05

Section 3.4.3. In order to retain affordable housing in the City, the City may consider a zoning text amendment or zone change to allow additional height and density with setbacks appropriate to the project and the site, and in conformance with the Board of Architectural Review's Washington Street Standards and Guidelines, with SUP approval, if the project provides for extraordinary affordable housing, including but not limited to the acquisition by the City, or by a non-profit housing corporation, of units at the project.


City of Alexandria, Virginia

20
9-27-05

MEMORANDUM

DATE: SEPTEMBER 27, 2005

TO: THE HONORABLE MAYOR AND MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL

FROM: JAMES K. HARTMANN, CITY MANAGER 

SUBJECT: HUNTING CREEK PLAN – RESPONSE TO JAMES MERCURY’S E-MAIL COMMENTS

Mr. Mercury’s e-mail raises some very valid concerns about the future of the residents of Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace should they be displaced as a result of the sale, renovation or redevelopment. The focus of his comments is towards the preservation of the existing structures on the site by reducing existing development potential or designating the site as green space, grandfathering in the existing structures. In addition, Mr. Mercury suggested perhaps allowing replacement in-kind only with a mix of income levels to reflect the income distribution of the existing tenants. During the Plan development process, the City explored this approach and felt that it would not be a reasonable one to substantially reduce the value of the property as the City is not in a financial position to pay for a substantially diminished value.

With the purchase and subsequent sale of the property, particularly at the time when property values have increased exponentially, the likelihood of some major redevelopment has increased significantly. With the existing zoning of the property, it would be possible for a new owner to achieve a significant increase in density on the site without even coming through the SUP process. Barring the option of the City’s acquisition of the property, and with the high-density development permitted by right on the property, incentives such as contemplated in the Hunting Creek Area Plan are needed to provide for affordable housing.

20
9-27-05



<dmale14@yahoo.com>

09/26/2005 11:04 AM

Please respond to
<dmale14@yahoo.com>

To <alexvamayor@aol.com>, <delpepper@aol.com>,
<council@joycewoodson.net>, <councilmangaines@aol.com>,
<council@krupicka.com>, <macdonaldcouncil@msn.com>,

cc

bcc

City of Alexandria Website Contact Us - EMail for Mayor,
Vice-Mayor and Council Members (alexvamayor@aol.com,
delpepper@aol.com, council@joycewoodson.net,
Subject councilmangaines@aol.com, council@krupicka.com,
macdonaldcouncil@msn.com, paulcsmedberg@aol.com,
rose.boyd@alexandriava.gov, jackie.henderson@alexandriava.gov,
tom.raycroft@alexandriava.gov)

**City of Alexandria Website Contact Us - EMail for Mayor,
Vice-Mayor and Council Members (alexvamayor@aol.com,
delpepper@aol.com, council@joycewoodson.net,
councilmangaines@aol.com, council@krupicka.com,
macdonaldcouncil@msn.com, paulcsmedberg@aol.com,
rose.boyd@alexandriava.gov, jackie.henderson@alexandriava.gov,
tom.raycroft@alexandriava.gov)**

Time: [Mon Sep 26, 2005 11:04:58] IP Address: [65.106.134.226]

Response requested:

First Name: Diane
Last Name: Maple
Street Address: 1204 S Washington Street #816W
City: Alexandria
State: VA
Zip: 22314
Phone: 703/549-6514
Email Address: dmale14@yahoo.com

This message is written to express my serious concern about the future of my home. I've lived at Hunting Towers for more than a decade. I moved here after living in DC for many years, until I grew weary of shootings and drug trafficking in my Capitol Hill neighborhood. Old Town Alexandria was the respite I needed. I know how terrific it was before construction and I know (or at least I think I know) how terrific it could be in the future. Unfortunately, unless the complex is preserved as affordable housing, I will not be a part of that future.

I am a single person in my late 50s, of moderate

income. I work in the nonprofit sector and have chosen to make a career working for an organization that serves others rather than go for a more glamorous, much-better paying job in the private sector. The availability of affordable housing (i.e., Hunting Towers) has allowed me to stay in Old Town and keep my job.

Comments:

Staying in Old Town is important to me. I am very active in parish life at St. Mary's Catholic Church. I do not own a car (don't want one and can't afford it anyway), so living close enough to walk to St. Mary's is crucial to me. That's why I've opted to stay at Hunting Towers these past few years despite the anguish of living in the middle of the nation's biggest construction zone. In seeking affordable rental options that would allow me to stay near the church, I find that such housing is almost non-existent. If Hunting Towers is not retained as an affordable rental (or possibly affordable ownership) option, I will be forced to leave Old Town and must find another job (not easy at my age!) and another parish family.

I've talked with many other Hunting Towers/Hunting Terrace tenants who have similar stories. We are hard-working people who pay taxes and contribute, in our own small individual ways, to the strength and fabric of the City of Alexandria. If Hunting Towers is removed from the affordable housing market, then Old Town will fast become a city of wealthy-only – those who can afford the new townhouses going up that are advertised as being priced in the “low 700s”! People like me need not apply.

Thank you for your consideration.

Diane Maple
1204 S Washington Street, #816W
Alexandria, VA 22314

20

9-27-05



<SDMateer@aol.com>

09/24/2005 06:17 PM

Please respond to
<SDMateer@aol.com>

To <alexvamayor@aol.com>, <delpepper@aol.com>,
<council@joycewoodson.net>, <councilmangaines@aol.com>,
<council@krupicka.com>, <macdonaldcouncil@msn.com>,

cc

bcc

City of Alexandria Website Contact Us - EMail for Mayor,
Vice-Mayor and Council Members (alexvamayor@aol.com,
delpepper@aol.com, council@joycewoodson.net,
Subject councilmangaines@aol.com, council@krupicka.com,
macdonaldcouncil@msn.com, paulcsmedberg@aol.com,
rose.boyd@alexandriava.gov, jackie.henderson@alexandriava.gov,
tom.raycroft@alexandriava.gov)

**City of Alexandria Website Contact Us - EMail for Mayor,
Vice-Mayor and Council Members (alexvamayor@aol.com,
delpepper@aol.com, council@joycewoodson.net,
councilmangaines@aol.com, council@krupicka.com,
macdonaldcouncil@msn.com, paulcsmedberg@aol.com,
rose.boyd@alexandriava.gov, jackie.henderson@alexandriava.gov,
tom.raycroft@alexandriava.gov)**

Time: [Sat Sep 24, 2005 18:17:34] IP Address: [152.163.100.71]

Response requested:

First Name: Shelly
Last Name: Mateer
Street Address: 1204 South Washington St
Apt 814
City: Alexandria
State: VA
Zip: 22314
Phone: 703-566-5974
Email Address: SDMateer@aol.com

I am writing to express my concerns regarding the future of Hunting Towers (or Hunting Point on the Potomac). I relocated to this area from California in 2000 and have lived at Hunting Towers ever since. I am writing now to ask you to very seriously consider keeping the Hunting Towers complex available as an affordable housing option for people like me. I am a 30-year-old, unmarried, federal government employee, making approximately 50K a year. I find that in this area, 50K does not go far. I know many young professional people in this area who can not afford to buy a house, and probably will never be

Comments:

able to. Most rentals in this area are not affordable either. Our only option in this area, without commuting 6 hours a day, is to rent in places such as Hunting Towers. Please don't take that option away from us. Please consider retaining the Hunting Towers apartment complex as an affordable rental (or even ownership) option. The City of Alexandria needs to look out for it's hard-working, tax-paying, law abiding citizens like me and so many others who reside at Hunting Towers. Please give the young government employees in Alexandria some consideration, and somewhere to live, as we still value the seemingly dying spirit of government service.

Thank you for your time,

Shelly Mateer

1204 South Washington Street, Apt 814

Alexandria, VA 22314

20
9-27-05

City of Alexandria, Virginia

MEMORANDUM

DATE: SEPTEMBER 27, 2005

TO: VICE MAYOR REDELLA PEPPER
COUNCILMAN LUDWIG P. GAINES
COUNCILMAN ANDREW H. MACDONALD

FROM: JAMES K. HARTMANN, CITY MANAGER *J*

SUBJECT: HUNTING CREEK PLAN – RESPONSE TO QUESTIONS

In response to your questions:

1. Mr. Mercury raised a number of issues in his e-mail to the City.

The Department of Planning and Zoning will be responding to the issues raised in Mr. Mercury's email in a separate memorandum to Council.

2. How might the City increase the amount of affordable "workforce" housing in this complex using City tax dollars, etc.?

The strategy for increasing the amount of affordable workforce housing could be for a non-profit housing entity (such as the Alexandria Housing Development Corporation) to partner with a private sector buyer of the Hunting Towers/Hunting Creek properties. The City's role would be the one of facilitator and funder (to the degree necessary out of the dedicated 1-cent for housing monies [directly or leveraged through bonds] or the existing Housing Opportunities Fund). The affordable housing model used could take a number of forms such as: (1) if the property(s) remains rental, then a non-profit housing organization could become one of the owning partners with its share of equity being used to keep a share of rental units affordable, (2) if the property(s) converts to condominiums, a program like the City's new development set-aside program (where income eligible owners buy the units at an affordable rate and then resell those units at affordable rates to other income eligible buyers), or (3) if the property(s) converts to condominiums, then a non-profit housing corporation could buy some of the condominiums and then rent them to income eligible households.

3. How many additional units might the City be able to purchase outright (and not in lieu of what it may cost to save a similar type of housing at Gunston Hall)?

The number of units that could be purchased outright is a difficult question to answer given that the cost of the units is not known in part because VDOT has refused to release its appraisal of the Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace properties. That would be one starting point for understanding the issues and facts that determine value. Also, an ultimate purchase price would not be known until any negotiations to purchase the property were undertaken and completed. That all said, if one conjectures that the average unit (upgraded to some degree) if kept rental would sell in the market for \$200,000, and then apply to that a rule-of-thumb that an affordable tenant's rental income could support a \$100,000 mortgage, then the funding gap which would have to be closed by the City is some \$100,000. This means that if 100 units of affordable housing were to be preserved the City's gap-filling financing would need to be as much as \$10 million.

4. Can the City legally insert its request to purchase a range of additional units (above what it might be able to gain through barter) in the small area plan as a "condition?"

The City can certainly include in the Small Area Plan notice of interest in purchasing units at the project by the City, or by a non-profit housing corporation, for use as affordable housing, at market or other agreed upon price, as part of the "extraordinary" affordable housing component to be defined in a subsequent zoning text amendment to permit additional height and/or density.

5. Can the City – if Council chooses to do so – delay the adoption of the plan a bit longer without harming its basic position?

It appears that a delay in the adoption of the Hunting Creek Area Plan will not help the basic position of the City in regard to its desired future of the Hunting Creek area, including the retention of affordable housing. In fact, given VDOT's new last minute position as articulated yesterday (attached) of withdrawing the "right of second refusal" for the City to purchase, it would appear that having a plan in place now will better help frame the future direction of the Hunting Creek area.

6. What action can Council take to ensure that the Hunting Towers units designated "affordable" actually remain affordable? Can Council require that they remain affordable in perpetuity? If not, how long, Is this simply a matter of negotiation with the developer/owner?

Any negotiations with a future owner of these apartment units would seek to have the affordable designation created in perpetuity. Through those negotiations Council can require that they remain affordable in perpetuity, providing that the owner is willing to agree to those terms, and Council is willing and able to meet that cost (which equates roughly to the cost of buying the unit to be preserved). By having a non-profit housing entity own the affordable units to be preserved, the City in effect gets those units off the

general rental market and preserved as affordable. The non-profit also would not likely be able to afford to buy the units without a major loan or grant from the City. In the loan or grant contract between the City and the non-profit, the City would likely require that the units be kept affordable in perpetuity and would also likely require the non-profit to give the City a first right of refusal to purchase the units if the non-profit ever wanted to sell them.

Attachment: September 26, 2005, letter from VDOT

cc: The Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council
Mark Jinks, Assistant City Manager
Ignacio Pessoa, City Attorney
Mildrilyn Davis, Director, Office of Housing
Eileen Fogarty, Director, Planning and Zoning
Kimberley Fogle, Division Chief, Neighborhood Planning & Community Development

CITY MANAGER'S OFFICE
ALEXANDRIA, VA
2005 SEP 26 P 5:01



COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
1401 EAST BROAD STREET
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA 23219-2000

GREGORY A. WHIRLEY
ACTING COMMISSIONER

September 26, 2005

The Honorable William D. Euille
Mayor, City of Alexandria
301 King Street, Suite 2300
Alexandria, Virginia 22314

Dear Mayor Euille:

On September 19, 2005, Mr. Roberto Fonseca-Martinez, Division Administrator of the Virginia Office of the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) wrote to Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) and questioned the appropriateness of the City of Alexandria having a second right of refusal on the Hunting Point on the Potomac properties (formerly Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace) in light of the City's pending zoning amendments. Mr. Fonseca-Martinez expressed serious concerns as to the potential impact that proposed zoning amendments by the City of Alexandria would have on the sale of Hunting Point properties, and voiced his opposition to the City's having second right of refusal to the properties.

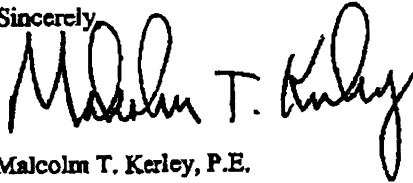
In light of FHWA's concerns and the pending zoning amendments, VDOT is withdrawing the second right of refusal for the purchase of the Hunting Point on the Potomac properties which was extended to you by letter dated August 8, 2005. This right had been offered in the event that negotiations with the previous landowner proved unsuccessful. VDOT, in consultation with FHWA, is willing to review information that you believe presents a compelling case that warrants reconsideration of our decision to eliminate the second right of refusal.

I have enclosed a copy of Mr. Fonseca-Martinez's letter for your review. As you know, proceeds from the sale of these properties are important to the financing of the Woodrow Wilson Bridge project.

The Honorable William D. Euille
Page 2
September 26, 2005

If I do not hear from you within two weeks of your receipt of this letter, VDOT will finalize its internal processes for the disposition of the Hunting Point properties and eliminate the City of Alexandria from having a second right of refusal.

Sincerely,



Malcolm T. Kerley, P.E.
Chief Engineer

Attachments

cc: The Honorable Pierce R. Homer
Mr. Gregory A. Whirley
Mr. Ronaldo T. Nicholson, P.E.
Mr. Brian J. O'Sullivan



U. S. Department
of Transportation

Virginia Division
(804) 775-3320

400 N. 8th Street, Rm. 750
P. O. Box 10249
Richmond, Virginia 23240

Federal Highway
Administration

September 19, 2005

Hunting Point on the Potomac Properties
Woodrow Wilson Bridge Project

Mr. Gregory A. Whirley
Acting Commissioner
Virginia Department of Transportation
Richmond, Virginia

Dear Mr. Whirley:

We are very concerned about the situation that has arisen with the City of Alexandria as a result of their proposed zoning amendments to the Hunting Creek Area Plan (HCAP) and the potential adverse impact this could have on the sale of the Hunting Point on the Potomac properties (formerly known as Hunting Towers and Hunting Terrace Apartments). The City's Planning Commission has recommended zoning amendments to the HCAP that are scheduled to be submitted to the City Council for approval at their meeting on September 20, 2005. Some of the requirements under the proposed amendments are set back limits of 80 feet from the front property line or 140 feet from the centerline of Washington Street, standby areas for three or more buses on both the east and west sides of Washington Street and stringent landscape restrictions. Adoption of these zoning amendments could have a detrimental effect on the highest and best usage of the two properties and decrease their value significantly, which could considerably impact Federal dollars that are intended to be used on the Woodrow Wilson Bridge project. The Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT) is currently negotiating the sale of these two properties. We believe the proposed actions by the City are an attempt to interfere with the legitimate negotiations with the potential buyer, the previous owner. This, in our opinion, appears to be a conflict of interest because the City could have an opportunity to purchase the property if the current negotiations with the previous owner fail. If the proposed zoning amendments are approved, we will alert the Office of Inspector General and request a full investigation into this matter.

When the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) approved the total acquisition of these properties in March 2001, it was with the understanding that VDOT would sell the portion that was not needed for the project. Our property management regulations require that acquiring agencies "shall charge current fair market value...for the disposal of real property interests...if those real property interests were obtained with Title 23 of the United States Code funding". Furthermore, in accordance with Title 23 of the USC, the Federal share of the proceeds from the disposal of surplus property shall be used for projects eligible under this title.

We are aware that both properties were appraised, with an effective valuation date of June 1, 2005. The appraised amounts represented the current market values, as stated in letters dated August 8, 2005, to the previous property owner, who, by State statute, was given first right of refusal. There is an agreement between the FHWA and VDOT that requires the proceeds from the sale of these properties to go directly back into the Woodrow Wilson Bridge project to fund the remaining construction work. Since the Federal share of the project cost is 80%, we expect, and will not accept anything less than a credit back to the project of 80% of the June 1 appraised property values.

VDOT has already offered the properties to the previous owner, and he has expressed written interest in purchasing both properties; however, recently he has raised the issue of the proposed zoning amendments, in an attempt to reduce the appraised fair market values quoted in the letters to him.

We have been advised that the City of Alexandria has been given second right of refusal by VDOT, if the previous owner does not purchase the properties. As one of the major financial stakeholders in the project, we are opposed to this action. We were not a party to this decision nor did we approve it. We are prepared to take whatever steps necessary to prevent it from occurring and we expect VDOT to do the same. These properties should be sold on the open market, if the previous owner does not purchase them. Since the decision was made to give the City second right of refusal, we have very serious concerns that the proposed amendments by the City Planning Commission, City staff, and the proposed adoption by City Council are self-serving and represent a flagrant and obvious conflict of interest. As public servants, we at FHWA have a fiduciary responsibility to be good stewards of taxpayers' dollars. It is our responsibility to protect the interest of the taxpayer and make certain that their tax dollars are spent wisely.

Please share our concerns on this matter with your Secretary and any other interested parties so that they are fully aware of our position and the potential impact of the City's proposed actions on Federal and State funding for the project.

Sincerely,



Roberto Fonseca-Martinez
Division Administrator

- cc: Malcolm T. Kerley, P.E., DOT
- Dennis Morrison, VDOT
- Ronaldo T. Nicholson, P.E., VDOT
- Bryan O'Sullivan, VDOT
- Stuart Waymack, VDOT
- Jitesh Parikh, FHWA Maryland
- Nelson Castellanos, FHWA Maryland
- Edward Kussy, FHWA (HCC-2)
- Dwight Horne, FHWA (HIPA-01)
- Harold Aikens, FHWA (HCC-30)