Docket Item # 5 & 6 BAR CASE # 2010-0006 & 2001-0007

BAR Meeting February 17, 2010

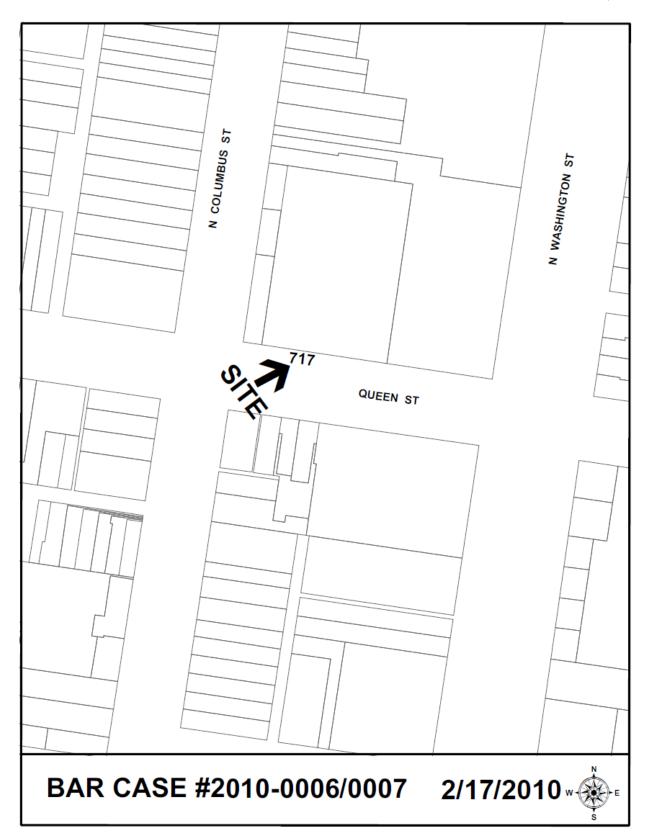
Demolition & Alterations to a brick fence
City of Alexandria, Alexandria Library
17 Queen Street, Kate Waller Barrett Library
RC
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**STAFF RECOMMENDATION:** Staff recommends approval of a Permit to Demolish only the portion of the low brick wall where it abuts the adjacent mechanical screen wall and a Certificate of Appropriateness to vertically terminate the garden wall at the north and south ends of the adjacent screen wall with the following conditions:

- 1. That the garden wall brick be carefully removed by hand down to one course above grade and that there be no ground disturbing activity; and
- 2. That the garden wall brick be salvaged for future repair of other portions of the garden wall on this site.

\*\*EXPIRATION OF APPROVALS NOTE: In accordance with Sections 10-106(B) and 10-206(B) of the Zoning Ordinance, any official Board of Architectural Review action will expire 12 months from the date of final approval if the work is not commenced and diligently and substantially pursued by the end of that 12-month period.

\*\*BUILDING PERMIT NOTE: Most projects approved by the Board of Architectural Review require the issuance of one or more construction permits by Building and Fire Code Administration (<u>including signs</u>). The applicant is responsible for obtaining all necessary construction permits after receiving Board of Architectural Review approval. Contact Code Administration, Room 4200, City Hall, 703-838-4360 for further information.



**I.** <u>**ISSUE:**</u> The applicant, the City of Alexandria, is requesting a permit to demolish a portion of the low brick wall at the north end of the east side of the Kate Waller Barrett Library, located at 717 Queen Street.

**II.** <u>**HISTORY**</u>: The one story, red brick Colonial Revival style, Kate Waller Barrett Library was constructed in 1938 by the Barrett family and presented to the City. The library was constructed, with permission, on top of the Quaker Cemetery located on this site in the 19<sup>th</sup> century. Three City funded additions were made to the 1938 structure, one in 1954, one in 1964 and the most recent in 1994, also constructed above the historic cemetery. Portions of the garden wall may date from the period of the site's use as a cemetery.

**III.** <u>ANALYSIS</u>: An approximately 20' long portion of the 3'-6" high brick garden wall which extends along the north and east sides of the library site was in immediate danger of collapse, creating an unsafe condition for the public. The City's Code Administration staff cited the City on November 25, 2009 and required immediate removal of the failed portion of the wall to eliminate this unsafe condition. The City barricaded this section of the walkway, which is used to gain access to the rear of the property, to limit pedestrian access. However, while already gated, this area has limited visual surveillance and there was evidence that this narrow walk had been used as shelter by homeless persons who would be in extreme danger if the wall collapsed. BAR and Alexandria Archaeology staff, therefore, met with General Services staff on site to evaluate the immediate alternatives. Based on prior research performed by BAR staff prior to the 1994 library addition (attached), the portion of the wall in question is believed to date from the mid 20<sup>th</sup> century and did not have historic or architectural merit.

City staff, therefore, directed that the collapsing brick be carefully salvaged by hand and stacked on site for possible reuse, if directed by the Board. Upon further investigation, it appears that the approximately 8" wide space between the library's low brick wall and the brick wall enclosing the mechanical units of serving the adjacent office building had been filled with earth and plants as a garden design feature prior to construction of the most recent addition to the library. Hydrostatic pressure and subsequent freeze/thaw cycles created a horizontal load on the garden wall which caused its collapse.

Based on the brick color, texture and bonding and the color, texture and hardness of the mortar, Staff does not believe that this specific portion of the brick garden wall is related to the original cemetery or the initial library construction. Nor does the present wall serve any useful purpose where it parallels the adjacent mechanical screen. Finally, as reconstruction of the wall would require excavation a minimum of 24" deep to install a footing, there is a high potential for encountering human remains as part of this work. For all these reasons, staff recommends that the wall be carefully removed down to the first brick course above grade and that the garden wall ends be terminated vertically at each end of the adjacent mechanical screen wall. The salvaged brick will be saved for reuse patching other deteriorated portions of the library perimeter wall.

**IV.** <u>STAFF RECOMMENDATION</u>: Staff recommends approval of a permit to demolish only the portion of the low brick wall where it abuts the adjacent mechanical screen wall and recommends approval of a Certificate of Appropriateness to vertically terminate the garden wall at the north and south ends of the adjacent screen wall with the following conditions:

- 1. That the garden wall brick be carefully removed by hand down to one course above grade and capped and that there be no ground disturbing activity; and
- 2. That the garden wall brick be salvaged for future repair of other portions of the garden wall on this site.

## V. <u>CITY DEPARTMENT COMMENTS</u>

Legend: C - code requirement R - recommendation S - suggestion F- finding

Code Administration: No comments received

Historic Alexandria: No comments received

Alexandria Archaeology: No comments received

Transportation and Environmental Services: No comments received

## VI. <u>IMAGES</u>



Figure 1: Corner of Queen Street and Columbus Street looking North

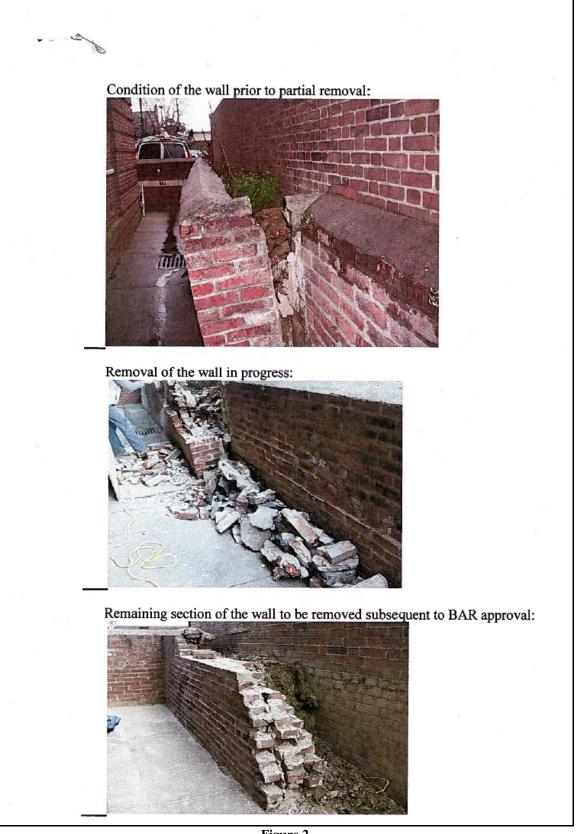


Figure 2

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ţ.	indicate w were remove	en the stone p d.	pillars and iron gate fo	r the cemetery	
		ditions are two	ne library building in 1 present rear portion of flanking brick wings on		
	Photographs sive amount indefinitel	supplied with of failure of y at the request	s filed with the Board of irs to the north and easi the application clearly s the wall. The applicatio st of the library and no The requested repairs,	t brick walls. how the exten- n was deferred	
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	The 2 1/4" x tional cours	3 7/8" wide he	pit dug adjacent to thi shoulder 6c below grad ader sat above at least s. The soil in the tea red sandy clay with unifo	e (12 1/2"). three addi-	
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ALEX ARCHAEOLOGY

PAGE 07

diameter) washed river gravel approximately 22" below existing grade. Mixed throughout the soil were numerous fragments of pottery, glass and coal dating ca. 1880 to ca. 1920 indicating extensive disturbance. No evidence of oyster shells was found in the test pit. It appears that the site in this area was excavat-ed during construction of the 1950s library addition, backfilled with gravel against the base of the wall and filled with clay loam to drain to the south. The south and west walls appear to have been demolished down to grade and rebuilt with 16" wide  $x \neq -5'$  long x 3 1/2" thick gray slate coping. The brick and the coarse gray cement mortar visu-ally match that used on the 1937 library. One exception is the area at the base of the wall to the west of the entry steps. There is a 2  $3/16" \times 3 3/8"$  rowlock course which does not course with the rest of the wall and which has a darker, more worn surface. This may be the remains of an older wall. 3